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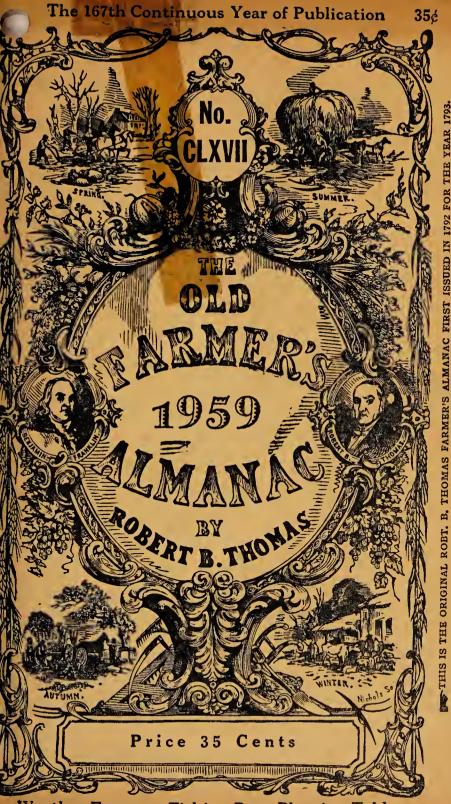


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Weather Forecast, Fishing Days, Planting Tables.

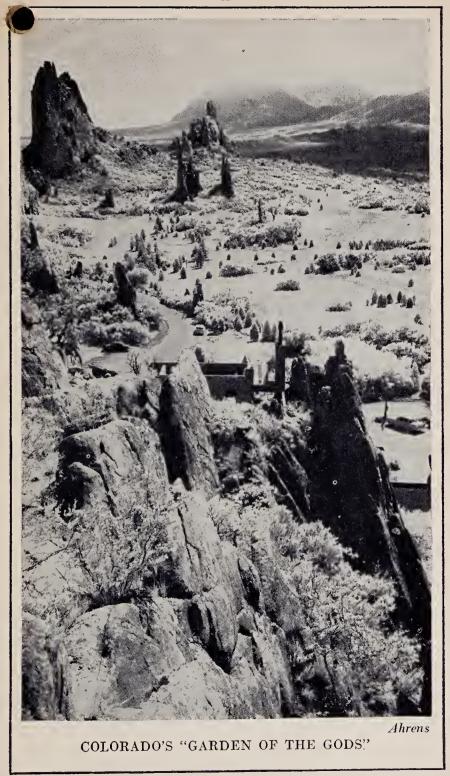


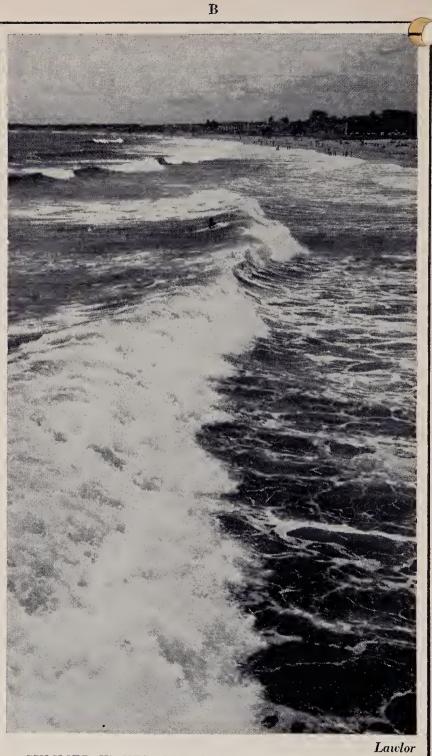
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SUMMER WAVES, OLD ORCHARD BEACH, MAINE





Number One Hundred and Sixty-seven.

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Being 3rd after BISSEXTILE or LEAP YEAR, and (until July 4) 183rd year of American Independence

FITTED FOR BOSTON, AND THE NEW ENGLAND STATES, WITH SPECIAL CORREC-TIONS AND CALCULATIONS TO ANSWER FOR ALL THE UNITED STATES.

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NEW, USEFUL, AND ENTERTAINING MATTER.

ESTABLISHED IN 1792 BY ROBERT B. THOMAS.



Now unto Heav'n direct thy curious Eyes, And view the wonderous Glory of the Skies: And send thy Mind to walk the highest Sphere, And know the Heav'ns as if thou hadst been there. Each Star above doth in a silent Story, Declare the Greatness of their Maker's Glory. Anon. 1726

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### Index

Agricultural Extension Stations	
Anecdotes	76
Anecdotes	111
Angels. Aphellon, earth in	
Aspects	17-39
Auto Laws. Calendar, 1958.	
Calendar, 1958	1 10 20
$19591^{4}$	4, 10-39
1960	
Corrections, use anywhere	.98-102
Cycles, Chronological	
Reproductive Cypher Contest	02
Dates historical	17-30
Dates, historical Days, Length of	16-38
Dogs know best	108
Eclipses, Moon and Sun. Explanations	
Explanations 2. 3. 7. 15. 91	98-102
Fast and Feast Days	5, 17-39
Fishing, best days	Z. 14
Fishing, Calendar Laws	14,78
Frosts	
Game Laws.	
Gestation Periods	
Glossary	
Heat, animals in	82
end weather	5 17-30
Holy Days	17-30
Inventions, Early	88
Latitudes, Longitudes,	100
Measures, table of.	104
Measures, table of	
Place, Age Full at horizon 1959–62	16-38
Full at horizon 1959-62	108
Man in	48
Souths Out of Doors, Sports	7, 99
Out of Doors, Sports	
Patrons, Note to	•••••
Perinenon, earth III	A_H
Planting table	2 49
Pleasantries	
Poetry.	1, 17-39
Planting table. Pleasantries Poetry. Postal Rates, Air and Foreign	85. 87
Precipitation Forecast	
Puzzles.	
", Answers to	



METHOD OF TRIMMING HAIR In accordance with the Blue Laws of Connecticut.

Recipes
Doppeduative Create
Reproductive Cycle
Saints
Seasons
Signs, Man of
Stars, Morning and Evening10
Stars, Morning and Evening
Storm Warning Signals
Sun: Rise set, declination, set sun-
dials by (fast and slow) $\dots 16-38$
Temperature, Air, under Snow
Forecast
Tides, High, Low
Height of
Desiliable 1 and 1
Twilight, Length of
Weather
Woodcuts
1, 15, 17–39, 76, 77, 88, 89, 109–11
Zodlac, signs

This ALMANAC is not easily produced. There are some 400,000 calculations which must be made, and verified. Before use, therefore, a thorough study of the explanations which follow and appear on pages 3, 7-9, 15, 91, and 97-102 is recommended. Queries must be accompanied by stamped addressed reply envelope.

pages 3, 7-9, 15, 91, and 97-102 is recommended. Queries must be accompanied by stamped addressed reply envelope. The LONG RANGE FORECASTS about the weather appear in prose on page 9 and in verse, in *italics*, on pages 17 through 39. Opposite January 1 to 5, on Page 17, you will note: "Snowy contortions of blizzard proportions." which means the Almanac expects this kind of weather sometime during this period . . . in the Boston area. For adjustments to other localities see pages 9 and 97. For those interested in the INFLUENCE OF THE MOON, ZODIAC, ota fishermen will appreciate page 14 where the best Moon, Dates for

For those interested in the INFLUENCE OF THE MOON, ZODIAC, etc. fishermen will appreciate page 14 where the best Moon Dates for fishing are given; also when the Moon is in CNC, SCO, or PSC (pages 16-38) is most favorable. The new columns (pages 16-38) on Moon Rise and Set should be especially valuable. This is information carried only by this Almanac. Planters should consult Page 42 and the signs CNC, LIB, and SCO; brush cutters the full and last quarters of the Moon; post setters and women wanting permanent waves, TAU, LEO, and AQR. For tooth extraction, G'N, VIR, SGR, CAP, and PSC seem best. Such superstitions of course have no sensible value, but these are all here for those who believe they have.

## To Patrons

This is the 167th consecutive annual edition of The (Old) Farmer's Almanac(k) . . . the oldest continuously published, in the same name and format, periodical in America. This edition is for the year 1959, or Atomic Year 15. Over 1,250,000 copies have been made available for sale.

Since the press date, July 1957, of our last edition two major comets — the first since 1910 (Arend-Roland and Cherbak-Mkros) as well as several man-made satellites have brought about renewed interest in outer space. Such diversions, contributing as these have to man's spirit of adventure and the broadening of his imagination, serve to remind us of the marvels of the Creation and the Universe. On the other hand, the continuance of thermo-nuclear H Bomb explosions and experiments with intercontinental ballistic missiles reveal the Evil One is with us yet.

If we may believe students of cyclical trends, especially The Foundation for the Study of Cycles, 1959 is to be a year of lull before a storm of international warfare which will begin in 1960. In this, as we urged here a year ago, it seems vital the national budget be brought into balance and the dangerous rivers of private as well as public debt be dammed. Surely, as is not now the case, any strong defense must be consonant with an unassailable economy.

The Calendar Page poetry this year is taken from a 1783 Almanac author unknown. The Farm Calendars have been prepared as usual by Benjamin M. Rice — the Astronomy, etc.. by Loring Andrews. You will not find a "Moon Souths" column this year on the left hand calendar pages inasmuch as an extra column has been introduced which enables readers to determine the times of both rising and setting of the moon, day or night, throughout the year anywhere in the U.S.A. However as the Moon's Place in the Zodiac is given as of the time of the Moon's Southing those readers who desire this information may, by consulting Page Seven herewith arrive at these desired times. The apparent error in not advancing (page 15) the Chronological Cycles last year for 1958 one year over 1957. The new Fish & Game Tables, devised last year, have met with favorable comment, especially among the State Commissioners.

It seems regrettable that the simian imitation of this Almanac through such devices as similarity of title, appearance, content, and publicity releases continues to deceive the unwary. Legally, the theft of goodwill seems punishable only to the extent of proven damages a difficult task when increasing sales everywhere of this Almanac seem to be the rule.

A. C., Wichita, Kans.: Your request for a page giving marital requirements in the various states duly noted. If we may judge from observation, in most we would say these consist only in being able to boast of one good eye, a Social Security check, and the ability to stand up during the ceremony. F. F. P., Wildwood, N. J., and H. A. Bergen, N. J. States Trees. Birthstones, Flowers, and Birds have long been contemplated as useful information here, or were until the New Hampshire legislature got to arguing for some months at taxpayers' expense as to whether a chickadee, chicken, or dodo become this state's hird. C. A. H., Chicago, III.: Pluto may be an escaped moon from Neptune but like some taxpayers its new residence is not yet established and so must still be considered a planet. B. B. B., Cohasset, Mass.: Just to please you, the weather in this Almanac is given both in verse and prose.

As in other years, we are unable to find words or ways to express fully the gratitude this Almanac owes to the many without whose aid and interest it could not exist. We trust our own efforts in its behalf may continue to warrant your approbation. Mau, however, in these things can only propose. God is the true disposer. In this then it is by our works and not our words we would be judged. These we hope will sustain us in the humble, though proud, station we have so long held, in the name of

Your ob'd servant,

Art. B. Promos.

June 30, 1958



What could be more nostalgic, and more fun too, than riding a real old time steam train on a  $5\frac{1}{2}$  mile trip through the heart of Cape Cod's Cranberryland. With steam locomotives now virtually extinct on American Railroads, EDA-VILLE is one of the few remaining places in this country where you can turn back the pages of time and relive the golden years of railroading. There is fun for the entire family — Don't miss it! In addition to the fabulous train ride, there is a very complete railroad museum, a fire equipment museum, steam locomotives of many types and gauges, a horse car ride, free picnic groves and playground. It is a paradise for camera enthusiasts.

THE EDAVILLE RAILROAD IS LOCATED IN THE HEART OF CAPE COD'S CRANBERRYLAND NEAR HISTORIC PLYMOUTH, MASS.

Route 58, South Carver, Massachusetts

Holidays

WEATHER

† Are recommended as "with pay" holidays-regardless of regular All dates are also included in abbreviated form in the Farm Calen-dars, pages 17-39. (\*\*) State holidays only. (\*\*\*) Observed some places though probably not holidays.

Jan. 1 (\*†) New Year's, Thurs., Stormy and cold.

Jan. 8 (\*\*) Battle of New Orleans 19 (\*\*) Robert E. Lee's Jan. Birthday (South)

Jan. 26 (\*\*) MacArthur (Ark.)

Jan. 30 (\*\*) F. D. R's Day (Ky.) Feb. 10 (\*\*) Mardi Gras (Ala., Fla., La.)

- Feb. 12 (\*) Lincoln's Birthday. (13 States), Thurs., Stormy, warm.
- (\*\*) Feb. 14 Admission Day (Ariz.)
- Feb. 14 (\*\*\*) Valentine's Day

Feb. 15 (\*\*\*) Susan B. Anthony Feb. 22 (\*†) George Washington's

Birthday, Sun., Sleet. Mar. 1 (\*\*) State Day (Nebraska)

Mar. 2 (\*\*) Texas Ind. Day

Mar. 7 (\*\*) Burbank Day (Cal.)

Mar. 15 (\*\*) Jackson Day (Tenn.)

Mar. 17 (\*\*) St. Patrick's or Evacuation Day (Boston)

Mar. 25 (\*\*) Maryland Day

Mar. 27 (\*\*) Good Friday (Ark., Cal., Conn., Del., Fla., Ill., Ind., La., Md., Minn., N. J., N. D., Penn. & Tenn.) Rainy wind.

Mar. 30 (N. C.) (\*\*) Easter Monday

Apr. 12 (\*\*) Halifax Day (N. C.)

Apr. 13 (\*\*) Jefferson Day (Ala., Mo., Neb., Okla.)

Apr. 14 (\*\*\*) Pan American Day

Apr. 19 (\*\*) Patriots' Day (Me., Mass.), Sun., Cold, snow.

Apr. 21 (\*\*) San Jacinto (Tex.) Apr. 22 (\*\*) Okla. Day

Apr. 24 (\*\*\*) Nat'l Arbor Day

Apr. 26 (\*\*) Memorial Day (Ala., Fla., Ga., Miss.)

Apr. 27 (\*\*) Fast Day (N. H.), Mon., Storms

May 4 (\*\*) R. I. Indep. Day

May 10 (\*\*) Mem. Day (N. & S. C.)

May 10 (\*\*\*) Mother's Day

May 16 (\*\*) Armed Forces Day

May 20 (\*\*) Mecklenburg (N. C.) May 30 (\*†) Decoration or Memo-rial Day, Sat., Showers

June 3 (\*\*) Jefferson Davis Day (Ala., Ark., Fla., Ga., Ky., La., Miss., S. C., Tenn., Tex. & Va.) June 14 (\*\*) Flag (Mo. & Pa.) June 15 (\*\*) Pioneer Day (Idaho) June 17 (\*\*) Bunker Hill (Suf-folk Co., Mass.) Wed., Misty.

June 20 (\*\*) West Virginia Day

June 21 (\*\*\*) Father's Day

July-4 (\*†) Indep., Sat., Hot.

July 13 (\*\*) Forrest's (Tcnn.)

July 24 (\*\*) Pioneer Day (Utah)

Aug. 1 (\*\*) Colorado Day

Aug. 14 (\*\*) Victory (Ark., R. I.)

Aug. 16 (\*\*) Bennington, Vt. Bat.

Aug. 30 (\*\*) Huey Long (La.)

Sept. 7 (\*†) Labor Day, Mon., Rain.

Sept. 9 (\*\*) Admission Day (Cal.)

Sept. 12 (\*\*) Defender's (Md.)

Sept. 16 (\*\*) Cherokee (Okla.)

Sept. 17 (\*\*\*) Citizenship Day

Sept. 25 (\*\*\*) Am. Indian Day

Oct. 5 (\*\*) Missouri Day

Oct. 10 (\*\*) Okla. Hist. Day

Oct. 11 (\*\*) Pulaski Day (Neb.)

Oct. 12 (\*†) Columbus (All states except 10) Mon., Fine

Oct. 24 (\*\*\*) United Nations Day Oct. 31 (\*\*) Nevada Day

Nov. 1 (\*\*) All Saints' Day (La.)

Nov. 4 (\*\*) Will Rogers (Okla.)

Nov. 11 (\*†) Veterans' (All states except 4) Wed., Storms

Nov. 14 (\*\*\*) Sadie Hawkins Day

Nov. 23 (\*\*) Repudiation (Md.)

Nov. 26 (\*†) Thanksgiving Day, Thurs., Rain

Dec. 7 (\*\*) Delaware Day

Dec. 10 (\*\*) Wyoming Day Dec. 21 (\*\*\*) Forefather's Day

Dec. 25 (\*†) Christmas Day, Fri., Green

### LONG HOLIDAY WEEKENDS, 1959

The year 1959 promises at least five long holiday weekends: Feb. 22nd (Sun. celebrated Mon.), Labor Day (Mon.), Columbus Day (Mon.), Thanksgiving (Thursday) and Christmas (Friday). For those whose plans may be said to be variable, one can also count four more: New Year's Day (Thurs.), Lincoln's (Thurs.), Good Friday (some states), Fast Day (Mon. N. H. only). If this Almanac was purchased Nov. 1, 1958 or before Thanksgiving, one should also remember the latter, and that Christmas, 1958 falls on a Thursday.

"Space-Age" GIFTS

### WHICH KEEP GIVING FOR YEARS TO COME

### WEATHER INSTRUMENTS

Now you can become your own weatherman and check the forecasts of "Abe Weatherwise" in the Almanac. Weather is a wonderful hobby. You can become the weatherman in your own community. Weather instruments make a wonderful gift at any season.

Plastic Rain Gage	\$ 3.9
Dwyer Hand Wind Meter	4.9
Indoor Outdoor Thermometer	3.9
Imported English Barometer	4.9
The most accurate White Wind Speed Indicator	47.5

44 Other Instruments to Choose From.



### **ECLIPSES FOR THE YEAR 1959**

There will be three eclipses in 1959, two of the Sun and one of the Moon. Only the eclipse of the Sun on October 2 will be visible from points within the United States and even then under unfavorable circumstances.

I. A Partial Eclipse of the Moon, March 24, 1959. The beginning of this eclipse will be visible generally in Australia, the extreme western part of the Pacific Ocean, Asia except the extreme northeastern part, the Indian Ocean, Europe, Africa, the east part of the South Atlantic Ocean, and Antarctica. Its ending will be visible generally in Asia except the northeastern part, western Australia, the Indian Ocean, Africa, Europe, the Atlantic Ocean except the northwestern part, the eastern tip of South America and Antarctica.

II. An Annular Eclipse of the Sun, April 8, 1959. The path of visibility of the annular phase starts at sunrise in the South Indian Ocean and ends at sunset northeast of the Samoas. Midway the eclipse will be visible from Australia, from points within the 140 mile wide path from Perth in the southwest straight across the desert to Cape Melville in the northeast. Further northeast some islands in the Solomon, Marshall and Society Islands also lie within the path. As a partial eclipse it will be visible generally in the South Indian and South Pacific Oceans from near the Cape of Good Hope on the west to the longitude of Hawaii on the east.

III. A Total Eclipse of the Sun, October 2, 1959. The path of totality of this eclipse begins in New England at sunrise, swinging eastward from north-central Massachusetts across Boston and the Massachusetts coastline north of Boston into the Atlantic. It next touches land at the Gold Coast in Africa and cuts a southeast course across the continent to Italian Somaliland on the east, ending at sunset in the Indian Ocean. As a partial eclipse it will be visible generally throughout the northern hemisphere, from points east of the line from Tallahassee, Florida to Hudson Bay in North America, the Atlantic Ocean, Europe, the Middle East, and all of Africa but its southernmost part.

### EARTH IN PERIHELION AND APHELION, 1959

The Earth will be in Perihelion on January 1, 8 P.M., distant from the Sun 91,318,000 miles. The Earth will be in Aphelion on July 5, 2 A.M., distant from the Sun 94,427,000 miles.

### TO FIND TIMES OF MOON SOUTHS

The time the Moon souths at Boston on any date in approximately midway between the time of moonrise on that date and the time of the *next following* moonset. The time so found is usually sufficiently accurate for most purposes.

When moonrise occurs late in the afternoon of the date, the moonset next following will usually be that of the following day. The average of these times may be a time early in the morning of that next day. When this happens, repeat the procedure starting with moonrise of the day preceding that for which the time the moon souths is desired.

If greater accuracy is needed, apply the additional correction in minutes from this table:

No. of days from		0	1	2	3	4	5 to 8	9	10	11	12	13
<b>D</b> —runs high <b>D</b> —rides low	Add Subtract	$\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 0 \end{array}$	$\frac{2}{1}$	$\frac{3}{2}$	$\frac{4}{3}$	$\frac{4}{3}$	$\frac{4}{4}$	3 3	$\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 1 \end{array}$

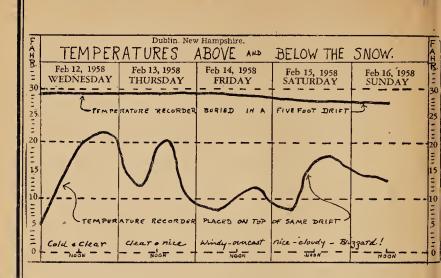
*Examples:* On April 10 moonrise (see page 22) at Boston is at 6.36 A.M., moonset at 8.50 P.M. The approximate time the moon souths at Boston (average of these times) is 1.43 P.M. April 10 is eleven days after the previous date the moon (see page 20) rode low (March 30). Subtracting the correction of 3 minutes, shown in the table above, gives the more accurate time of 1.40 P.M.

page 20) Fole low (March 30). Subtracting the correction of a minutes, shown in the table above, gives the more accurate time of 1.40 P.M. On April 26 moonrise at Boston is at 10.43 P.M. The next following moonset is on April 27 at 8.46 A.M. The average of these times is 3.44 A.M., April 27, the following day. Repeating the computation starting with moonrise of April 25 gives the time the moon souths as 2.43 A.M., April 26, Since April 26 is a day on which the moon rides low, no further correction is needed for greater accuracy.

The time the moon souths at Boston is converted to the time it is due south in a locality other than Boston by applying the appropriate corrections from Columns I and  $\mathfrak{D}$  on pages 100-1.

BC	STON	PITTSBURGH						
Moon souths April 10	1.40 P.M.E.S.T.	Moon souths (Boston) Correction	1.40 P.M.					
		(Column I, page 101) Correction	+:36					
See above		(Column ), page 101)	+:01					
		Moon souths (Pittsburgh)	2.17 P.M.E.S.T.					

FOR FULL MOON DAYS (1959-1962) SEE PAGE 108



### LAST WINTER'S WEATHER

The above chart leads off our summary of how the weather was between November 1957 and March 1958 because of the unusual lasting qualities of the snows from January on. Although in some places like Montana and Nova Scotia the season was almost exceptionally mild—and started off to be so during November and December in New England—practically all the snow which fell elsewhere on elevations of 500 feet or more stayed right there until nearly the end of April. Thus, even though the apparent total snowfall was not as great as it has been in some other years, these spots had accumulations by mid-March rarely, if ever, seen during this century. Many people had snow up to the second story—and the average man soon had to abandon all hope of keeping the front entrance cleared to more than passage room—and even that had to be on a one or two foot base.

Using the Blue Hill Observatory record of what actually happened against the forecasts of Abe Weatherwise which appeared on Page 9 of last year's Almanac, we find that of the 31 forecasts made for the period (Nov.-Mar.), 67% were correct. Of the total, only 2 were completely incorrect, and 15 were completely correct. The balance were partially right. He foresaw Florida's cold wave—the severe storms of Jan. 7, 14, Feb. 9, Mar. 9 and 15, but was only half right on those of Feb 16 and Mar. 20.

As we go to press, the woods seem damper than usual at this time of year—giving rise to the belief there are many more insects about than in other years. Also, the birds are returning from two to three weeks late. But the apple blossoms seem to be out right on their normal average date of bloom (May 20).

While Illinois and Texas were experiencing their wettest Novembers ever, New England enjoyed its second warmest December on record. The 12-20" snowstorm of January 7 and 8 set the wintry pattern of many so-called "Ben Franklin's storms"—so called because of his discovery that New England's northeasters really begin in Virginia. Jan. 14-15 saw 2.64" rain in 24 hours: the 25-29th anywhere from 6" to 20" snow. Feb. 7-9 brought snow and rain and on the 16th Blue Hill experienced its greatest 24-hour snowfall (22.2") on record. The month left with a 1.86" deposit of rain, snow and sleet. On March 3, Greenville, Maine, was seen with 54" of snow cover and ice 26" thick. On top of this, March delivered three near blizzards—on the 9th, 15th and 20-22—creating emergencies in such places as New Haven, Conn. All told, March presented only 3 clear days.

## Meather Forecast

(Applies to Boston but will work for other places by subtracting one day for each Time Zone west, by reading five deg. lower temperature for every 100 miles north of 42 Lat. N. or 5 deg. higher for every 100 mi. South of 42 Lat. N. and by considering every 1000 feet of altitude is five degrees cooler.)

This is May 28, 1958 and Abe Weatherwise, our traditional forecaster has jnst handed us his views on the weather for the period beginning November 1, 1958 through and including December 31st, 1959. Summary and full details follow herewith and in verse on pages 17 through 39.

#### "MILDER THAN USUAL"

The seasonal snowfall (Nov. '58-Mar. '59) will amount to between 30 and 61 inches as against 90.5 inches last season. Annual rainfall for the 12 months of 1959 will be from 50 to 80 inches compared with the 46.8 seventy-three year average — one third of

same falling in June and July. Average temperature for the 12 months of 1959 will fall to between 48 and 49 degrees, a degree or so above average. In general expect a cold Dec. ('58), a mild February, ('59) an early Spring, a hot, wet June and July, and an early cool Fall.

- November, 1958. Temp. 35-40 (1 to 5 above normal), 2" snow, 6-8" rain. 1-3, Windy, cold; 4-10, Moderates then storm; 11-15, Snow; 16-20, Clears then storms; 21-25, Blastery with snow squalls; 26-30, Rain or snow.
- December, 1958, Temp. 25-28 (slightly below normal), 5-7" snow, 3-4" rain, 1-2, Cold rain; 3-10, Wind brings snow; 11-15, Snow storm; 16-23, Mild then bitter; 24-25, Lowery; 26-31, Cold then storms.
- January, 1959. Temp. 21-26 (3 to 6 above normal), 7-20" snow, 2-6" rain. 1-7, Near blizzard; 8-15, Mild bnt not clear; 16-23, Clear, cold, then mild; 24-31, Thaw, stays mild.
- February. Temp. 25-28 (2½ to 5½ above normal), 12-15" snow, 3-4" rain. 1-6, Northeast storm with snow; 7-14, Southeast storm with rain; 15-22, Storm with rain and wind; 23-28, Snows.
- March. Temp. 33-36 (1 to 4 above normal). 0-12" snow, 2½-6" rain. 1-7, Milder occasional rain; 8-16, Cold, snow, then clear and mild; 17-23, Windy and cool; 24-31, Clear and snnny.
- April. Temp. 45-47 (1 to 3 above normal), 1-4" snow, 3" rain. 1-6, Coastal fog, clear inland; 7-15 Cool, windy; 16-23, Rain and snow; 24-30, Intermittent showers.
- May. Temp. 53-59 (Normal). 4½-6" rain. 1-6, Hail and tornadoes; 7-15, Cooler; 16-22, Rain; 23-28, Windy, warmer with showers; 20-31, Hot.
- June. Temp. 63-66 (1/2 deg. above normal). 9-11" rain. 1-5, Occasional showers; 6-14, Heavy rains; 14-20, Mnrky and hot; 21-26, Never quite clears or cools; 27-30, Cool and fine.
- July. Temp. 66-68 (1 to 3 below normal). 4-12" rain. 1-4, Fair; 5-12, Cool between showers; 12-18 Hot and much rain; 19-25, Clears off hot; 26-31, Changeable with rain.
- August. Temp. 67-72 (0 to 5 above normal). 3-6" rain. 1-3, Hnmid; 4-10, Tornado or two; 10-16, Storm from East; 17-25, Cool and windy; 26-31, Cool and nice.
- September. Temp. 59-63 (1 above normal). 5-7" rain. 1-8, Pleasant and mild; 9-15, Cooler; 16-23, Clear, signs of frost; 24-30, Rain.
- October. Temp. 51-53 (11/2 to 31/2 above normal). 2-3" rain. 1-7, Clear; 8-15. Much colder, some rain; 16-22, Stormy with high winds; 23-31, Changeable.
- November. Temp. 38-42 (3 to 7 above normal). Trace of snow. 1-4" rain. 1-6, Clears off windy; 8-14, Rain, snow flurries in places; 15-22, Rain, wind, and snow; 23-30, Clears off cold.
- December. Temp. 25-32 (Normal). 2-4" snow, 2-3" rain. 1-5, North-easter with sleet; 6-12, Fair bnt chilly; 13-20, Milder with rain; 21-27, Clears then snow flurries; 28-31, Fair and colder.
- For verification, compare the above with the monthly and annual summaries issued by the Blue Hill Meteorological Observatory, N. B. Milton, Massachusetts.

### VENUS, MARS, JUPITER AND SATURN, 1959.

Below are given the times of the rising or setting of the Planets named, on the first, eleventh and twenty-first of each month. The time of the rising or setting of any one of said Planets between the days named may be found with sufficient accuracy by interpolation. For explanation of keys (used in adjusting times given to your town) see pages 98-100.

to your town, boo pages to 100.											
1959	V	/ENUS h m	Key		MARS h m	Key	JUPITER h m	Key	S.	ATURN h m	Key
			_	·						п ш	_
JANUARY Ist	sets	517 р.м.	C	sets	3 15 а.м.	M	rises 3 32 A.M	M	rises	622 А.М.	N
" 11th		541 p.m.	D	66	245 л.м.	N	" З 01 л.м		66	547 д.м.	N
" 21st	66	607 р.м.	Ē	**	2 21 л.м.	N	" 2 30 А.М		66	513 д.м.	N
	sets	635 р.м.	F	sets	1 58 A.M.	N	rises 1 54 A.M		rises		N
" 11th		7 01 P.M.	G	11	1 40 A.M.	N	" 1 21 A.M	N	rises	2 50	Ň
" 21st		7 25 P.M.	H	66		$\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{n} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$			66	3 59 A.M.	N
	1			1 .	124 л.м.	-	" 12 46 А.М			3 24 л.м.	
	sets	745 р.м.	I	sets	112 м.м.	0	rises 12 17 A.M		rises		N
1100		809 р.м.	K		12 58 а.м.	0	11 40 P.M			218 а.м.	N
ZISt		834 р.м.	L		1244 а.м.	0	', 1101 р.м		66	140 а.м.	Ν
	sets	901 р.м.	M	sets	12 28 A.M.	P	rises 10 16 p.m	N	rises	12 59 а.м.	N
" 11th	**	926 р.м.	N	66	1213 A.M.	P	" 934 р.м	$ \mathbf{N} $	66	12 20 а.м.	N
" 21st		949 р.м.	0	66	11 58 р.м.	P	" 850 р.м		66	11 41 P.M.	N
MAY 1st	sets	10 09 р.м.	P	sets	11 40 р.м.	0	rises 806 P.M		rises		N
" 11th		10 24 P.M.	P	66	11 23 р.м.	ŏ	rises 721 P.M	$ \mathbf{\tilde{M}} $	11808	19 20 р.м.	Ñ
" 21st		10 32 Р.М.	P	66	11 05 р.м.	ŏ	sets 423 A.M	$ _{\mathrm{E}}^{\mathrm{M}} $	66	9 39 <b>Р.</b> м.	Ň
						-	SCUS 120A.M	1 4			
	sets	10 33 P.M.	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$	sets	10 43 р.м.	N	sets 336A.M	. E	rises	8 53 р.м.	N
11th		10 26 р.м.	N	66	10 22 р.м.	N	2 00 A.M	. E	"	811 р.м.	Ν
2180	1	10 13 р.м.	M		10 00 р.м.	M	2 II A.M	. E	rises	729 р.м.	Ν
	sets	953 р.м.	L	sets	937 р.м.	M	sets 1 29 A.M	. E	sets	3 59 л.м.	D
" 11th		929 р.м.	K	66	913 р.м.	L	" 1248 а.м	. E	66	317 л.м.	D
" 21st	**	8 58 р.м.	J	66	849 p.m.	L	" 1208 А.М	E	66	235 a.m.	D
AUGUST 1st	sets	818 р.м.	J	sets	822 р.м.	K	sets 11 25 P.M		sets	149 л.м.	C
" 11th	66	731 р.м.	Ĭ	66	756 р.м.	K	" 1047 р.м		44	107 л.м.	č
** 21st	66	636 р.м.	Î	66	7 31 р.м.	Ĵ	" 10 12 Р.м		44	12 26 A.M.	č
SEPTEMBER 1st	gote	532 р.м.	Î	sets	704 р.м.	I	sets 9 30 P.M		Last.		č
	rises	4 19 A.M.	H.	Sets	6 20 P.M.				sets	11 42 Р.М.	
	11565			66	639 р.м.	I	0.04 P.M	. E	**	11 03 р.м.	C
21st		3 23 A.M.	J		611 р.м.	H	0 20 P.M	. E		10 24 р.м.	C
	rises	243 а.м.	J	sets	545 р.м.	H	sets 7 42 P.M	.  D	sets	942 р.м.	C
1111		223 а.м.	J	**	521 р.м.	G	" 708 р.м	. D	66	905 p.m.	C
" 21st	1	216 а.м.	J	sets	4 57 р.м.	F	" 636 р.м	.   D	**	829 р.м.	C
NOVEMBER 1st	rises	218 а.м.	J	rises	6 09 A.M.	L	sets 600 P.M	D	sets	749 р.м.	C
" 11th	66	226 а.м.	I	66	606 A.M.	M	" 528 р.м		66	713 р.м.	Č
" 21st	46	2 38 A.M.	H	66	603 а.м.	M	" 4 56 Р.М		66	6 39 P.M.	č
DECEMBER 1st	rises	254 а.м.	G	rises	600 A.M.	N	sets 4 22 P.M		sets	604 P.M.	c
11th		3 12 A.M.	Ğ	66	5 57 A.M.	N	" 6 32 A.M		sets		
" 21st		3 31 A.M.	F	66	5 53 A.M.	N	" 608 A.M	N N	66	520 р.м.	C
	rises	3 50 A.M.	Ê	rises	549 A.M.	0	" 608 A.M sets 539 A.M	· IN		4 56 р.м.	C
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### **MORNING AND EVENING STARS, 1959**

(A Planet is called Morning Star when it is above the horizon at sunrise, and Evening Star when it is above the horizon at sunset. More precisely, it is a Morning Star when it is less than  $180^{\circ}$  west of the Sun in right ascension and Evening Star when it is less than  $180^{\circ}$  east. When the planet is near conjunction or opposition, the distinction is unimportant.)

Mercury will be favorably situated for being seen as an Evening Star when near its greatest eastern elongations about March 12, July 8 and November 3. On these dates it will set 1 h. 45 m., 1 hr. 22 m., and 54 m., respectively, after sunset. It will be seen as a Morning Star when near its greatest western elongations, about April 26, August 23 and December 12, on which dates it will rise 50 m., 1 hr. 31 m., and 1 h. 52 m., respectively, before sunrise.

Venus will be an Evening Star from the year's beginning until September 1, when it comes to conjunction. For the balance of the year it will be seen in the eastern sky before sunrise as a Morning Star. It will reach its greatest brilliancy, while an Evening Star, on July 26, and, while a Morning Star, on October 8.

Mars is also an Evening Star during most of the year, until October 30 when it reaches conjunction. For the balance of the year it is a Morning Star.

Jupiter is a Morning Star from January 1 until May 18, when it comes to opposition. From May 18 until it reaches conjunction on December 6 it will be an Evening Star, then again a Morning Star for the balance of the year.

Saturn is a Morning Star for the first half of the year, from January 1 to June 26, and an Evening Star for the second half of the year, from June 26 onward.



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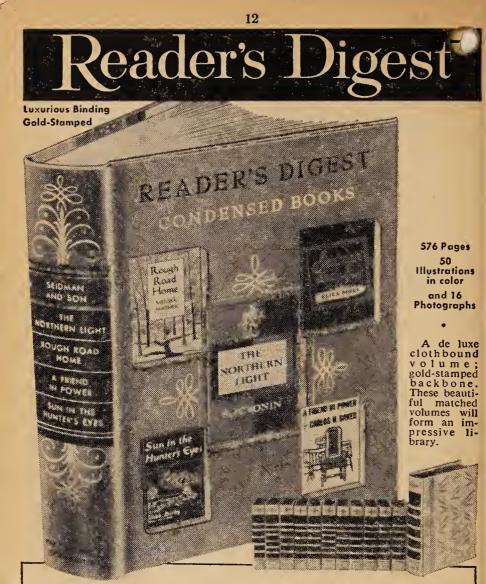
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### Introduction

#### STANDARD TIME IS USED THROUGHOUT THIS ALMANAC

Add 1 hr April 26, (deduct it Oct. 25) for Daylight Saving Time For States which retain September D.S.T. Closing Date, Deduct it Sept. 27.

#### Chronological Cycles for 1959.

Golden Number	 3 Solar (	Öycle	 8 Roman Indiction	. 12
Epact	 21 Domin	ical Letter*	 D Year of Julian Period	6672

\*The Dominical Letter is used instead of the usual "S" for "Sunday" by almanac makers for determining at a glance (a) the year of the almanac, (b) on what day of the week any day of the month will fall.

#### Movable Feasts and Fasts for 1959.

Septuagesima Sun.	Jan.	25	Good Friday		Whitsunday	May 17
Shrove Sunday	Feb.	8	Easter Sunday	Mar. 29	Trinity Sunday	May 24
Ash Wednesday	Feb.	11	Low Sunday	Apr. $5$	Corpus Christi	May 28
1st Sun. in Lent			Rogation Sun.	May 3	1st Sunday in	
Palm Sunday	Mar.	22	Ascension Day	May 7	Advent	Nov. 29

#### THE SEASONS OF 1959

Winter (1958)		3.40 A.M. (Sun enters Capricornus)	
Spring (1959)	March 21	3.55 A.M. (Sun enters Aries)	
Summer	June 21	10.50 P.M. (Sun enters Cancer)	
Fall	September 23	2.09 P.M. (Sun enters Libra)	
Winter	December 22	9.35 A.M. (Sun enters Capricornus)	

#### Names and Characters of the Principal Planets.

<ul> <li>O @ ⊕ ↑ The Sun.</li> <li>● ↑ ○ € The Moon.</li> </ul>	Q Venus.	24 Jupiter.	Ψ Neptun
• 3 O & The Moon.	$\oplus$ The Earth.	h Saturn.	È Pluto.
of Mercury.	d' Mars.	🕂 or 👌 Uranus.	

#### Names and Characters of the Aspects.

Conjunction, or in the same degree. Quadrature, 90 degrees. Dragon's Head, or Ascending Node.

ptune.

#### CALENDAR PAGE EXPLANATIONS AND SIGNS

On the right hand pages you will find every now and again the symbols given above conjoined in groups of three to give you what is happening in the heavens. See Glossary, Page 91. Example: dh(g) on page 17 opposite Jan. 7 means Saturn and the Moon are on that day in conjunction, or nearest to each other. See also pages 98-102 which explain how you may correct these pages 17-39 for use any-where in the U.S.A. See also pages 7, 9, 10, 15, 42, 97, 103 and Glossary, 91.

Names, Abbreviations and Characters of the Signs of the Zodiac.

P Aries, head. AR1 Mar. 21-Apr. 19

🖸 Quadrature, 90 degrees. 8 Opposition, or 180 degrees.

- 8 Taurus, neck. TAU Apr. 20-May 20 🗖 Gemini, arms. G'м
- Mεy 21-June 20 Cancer, breast. cNC June 21-July 22
- R Leo, heart. LEO July 23-Aug. 22
- M Virgo, belly. VIR Aug. 23-Sept. 22
- 🗠 Libra, reins. LIB Sept. 23-Oct. 22
- M Scorpio, secrets. sco Oct. 23-Nov. 21
- 1 Sagittarius, thighs. SGR Nov. 22-Dec. 21
- V Capricornus, knees. CAP Dec. 22-Jan. 19
- I Aquarius, legs. AQR Jan. 20-Feb. 18
- ★ Pisces, feet. PSC Feb. 19-Mar. 20

These signs abbreviated appear for each day pages 16-38.

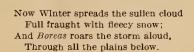


Man of the Signs used by Abe Weatherwise, 1784.

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19	1959] JANUARY, FIRST MONTH.																
							AI C		,	CUJ	LATIO			1			
ion.	Days.		<u>/</u>	$\frac{\text{Days}}{7}$		$\frac{0}{2}$	/	Day		/	Days.	0	/	-1	ays		<u>/</u>
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Ô	6		$\frac{3}{2}$	$11 \\ 12$				18	20		24	10		1	30	17	44
	€ Last Quarter, 2nd day, 5 h. 50 m., morning, W.																
	• New Moon, 9th day, 12 h. 34 m., morning, E.																
	▶ First Quarter, 16th day, 4 h. 26 m., evening, E. ▶ Full Moon 24th day, 2 h, 22 m, evening, F.																
	O Full Moon, 24th day, 2 h. 32 m., evening, E.																
KE	<b>C</b> Last Quarter, 31st day, 2 h. 06 m., evening, W. KEY LETTERS REFER TO CORRECTIONS TABLE, PAGES 98-102, FOR ALL POINTS OUTSIDE NEW ENGLAND															ND	
y of ar	Day of Month Day of	() j	ey	$\odot$	ey	Lei	igth i	${\mathop{\rm Sun}\limits_{{\mathop{\rm Fast}}}}$	Full Bost		D	ey	D		ey	D	$\square$
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### JANUARY hath 31 days.

17



Þ ₿ Aspects, Holidays, Heights of High Water, Weather, etc. A Th. Circumcision.  $\mathbb{C}_{Eq.}^{on} \oplus_{Peri.}^{ln}$  Snowy 1 **Q** inStuffed birds the<br/>ladies style 18821st U.S. Religious10.0<br/>Journal publ. 18169.4 2Fr. contortions 3 Sa. with 2nda. Ch. 340 {10.2 4 D real12th Take down C in 640 { 10.5 night Xmas greens Peri. 640 { 9.4 Epíp. { 9.6 blizzard proportions. 5Μ. Tu. 6 C<sup>rides</sup> 6♀C Dr. C. F. Brooks d. 1958 Tides  $\begin{bmatrix} 11.2 \\ 9.8 \end{bmatrix} A$ W. sğ€ sh€ Hol. 11.4 8  $\mathbf{Th}.$ windy 10.0 La. First American Balloon  $\{ {}^{11.4}_{10.1} \}$ 9 Fr. storm Ascent 1793 690 6英九 Tides [11.3 Sa. 10that's not 1st S. a. Ep. Tides {10.0 11 D warm. Plough M. Zin 8 If sunny look 9.9 for much wind  $\begin{cases} 9.7 \\ 10.0 \end{cases}$  This wa 12Μ. 10.5 Star In Flag for { 9 each state 1794 { 10 SI. Hil. Coldest in Democratic Donkey horn 1870 Tu. This wintry 13Con {9.5 fog'd 14 W. Tides  $\begin{cases} 9.2\\ 8.8 \end{cases}$  freeze 15Th. born 1870 Famous winter of 1816 began Tides (9.0 16|Fr. a dog. Shanghai - N.Y. (a) Tides 8.8 Cold Clipper rec. 1859 (a) Tides 8.7 and 2 and 2 and 2 and 2 Tides 7.5 and 17 Sa. Lowest W. Feb. 17 p.m. Hol.  $\{\overset{8.8}{7.9} and$ High Tide So.  $\{\overset{9.0}{7.7} bold,$ The U.S. prayed Tides  $\{\overset{9.0}{7.9} then mild$ Gruns All business Tides  $\{\overset{9.0}{7.9} then mild$  $\begin{bmatrix} \mathsf{Tuns} All business \\ 1n 1 st Am. novel \\ Aph. publ. 1789 \\ Marriage Day of \\ Joseph and Mary \\ Wolf'' Gr. Hel. Tides <math>\{\overset{9.9}{8.8} first a \\ \overset{10}{7} und \\ \overset{10}{8} Lat S \end{bmatrix}$ 18 D  $19 | \mathrm{M}.$ Tu 2021W 22Th. 23Fr. QGr. Hel. Lat. S. Tides  $\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 10.2 \\ 9.9 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$ 24Sa. "Wolf" Gr. Hel. Full Moon Lat. S. Stp. S. Conversion of St. Paul "Stand secure midst this falling world" 1662-3 □ ₩ O Very cold 1839, warm 1939 Con City of Boston (Eq. disappeared 1870 Heavy rain Portland, 110 10.4 33€ 25D Hol. 10.6 26 $|\mathbf{M}|$ Ark. 9.8 Tu. 27good 10.7  ${10.1 \\ 10.5 }$ 28w. thaw 29 Th. Heavy an Portland,  $\begin{cases} 10.2 \\ 10.3 \end{cases}$  the second se then more {<sup>10.3</sup> 9.9

Farmer's Calendar.

[1959]

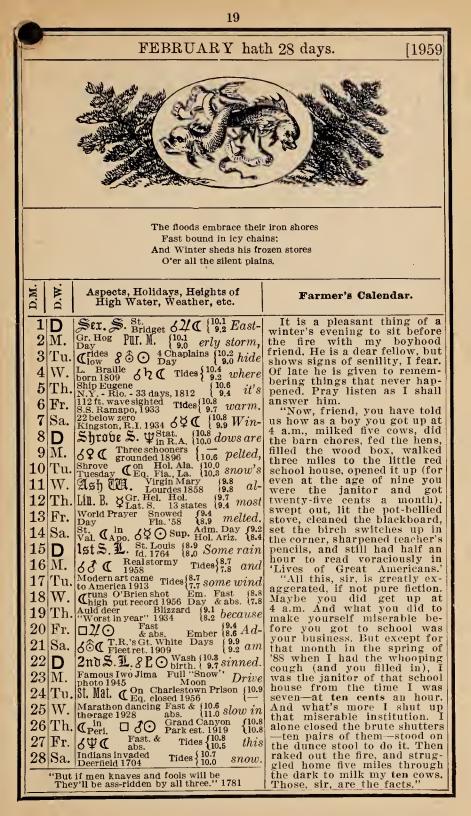
There were a half a dozen of us and we were in the last few hours of a week's vaca-tion we had especially enjoyed. All of us except Jim were feeling depressed at the thought of going back to the grind again so soon. "How grind again so soon. "How come, Jim," I finally asked him, "that you are as cheer-"How ful as if you were just start-ing off on your vacation instead of ending it? How

"Simple," said Jim, "I say to myself this is a night I have just gotten off and how darned lucky I am to get it. And I say that right to the last hour and the last minute. A sight better philosophy, I thought, than living each moment as if it were your last.

And then there's the other, which really gives me a lift into the New Year. It has to do with Arthur, a three year old of whom I am very fond. As I entered his father's house, without knocking, I saw the youngster standing with his back to me at the living room door—standing very still, I thought, and not like him at all, and then I noticed his right hand clenched around his toy hammer, while his left was held stiffly in front of him, as if he would cast it from himand blood dripped from the thumb. His face was white and puckered, but there were no tears—and he did not no tears—and he are said know I was there as he said over and over to himself, brave, Arthur, be brave, Arthur, be brave." Well, Happy New Year-and don't forget-"Be Brave.

snow, paw.

1959] FEBRUARY, SECOND MONTH.											
1959] FEBRUARY, SECOND MONTH.											
ASTRONOMICAL CALCULATIONS.											
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• New Moon, 7th day, 2 h. 22 m., evening,	W.										
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O Full Moon, 23rd day, 3 h. 54 m., morning KEY LETTERS REFER TO CORRECTIONS TABLE, PAGES 98-102, FOR ALL POINTS OUTSIL		INGLAND									
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[1959] MARCH, THIRD MONTH.																	
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	𝕊 Last Quarter, 31st day, 6 h. 06 m., morning, W.																
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76	17		5 53	I			11	60	7	$4\frac{1}{2}$	5	10 42		$12^{\text{A}}_{\text{M}}4$		CNC	8
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90	16	1 u.	5 29	H	6 09	1	12	40	11	$4\frac{1}{4}$	43	12 <sup>A</sup> 51	M	$10^{\Lambda}_{M}5$	6 E	CAP	21



HARK! the hoarse goose to Northern climes, Directs his tow'ring wing:And frogs their croaking musick join, To hail the welcome spring.

Aspects, Holidays, Heights of High Water, Weather, etc. ₿  $\frown$ **3td S. L. 6**  $\mathcal{U}$  C. Swan {10.5 Not Cardinal Stritch appointed Chief [10.2 Roman Catholic Missions 1958] {10.2 as 1 D  $\mathbf{2}$ M Clow \$in & 6hC {8.7 rough, 3 Tu. Submarine Skate ocean Fast & [9.8 crossing 8 days 11 hrs. 1958 abs. [8.7 The Ides begin (15th) {9.8 beware of Old Collind [8.9] but rains Detroit saw its Fost W. 4 5 Th. Detroit saw its Fast first autos 1896 & abs. { 9.3 make it 6 Fr. 4th S. I. Foil Sunday leaves tough. Sa. 8 D 9 M10Tu. W. New Haven 1888 abs.  $\{9,9\}$  is brac-W. New Haven 1888 abs.  $\{9,9\}$  is brac-Th. St. GICG.  $\forall Gr. EL$  U.S. Girl  $\{9,9\}$ Th. St. GICG.  $\forall Gr. EL$  U.S. Girl  $\{9,9\}$ Fr. The Bible first Fast &  $\{9,8\}$  ing while Sa.  $(\Box_{Apo}^{in} \text{ Tides} \{9,7\} \text{ nows are racing.}$ D  $\exists as. S. Jackson D. \{9,4\} Some sun,$ M.  $\mathcal{CC} (\Box_{night tomorrow} \{8,1\} honeybun.$ Tu. St. Pat.  $(\Box_{Not only the moon} \{8,9\}$ W.  $\forall Gr. Hel. 24 \text{ Stat. Fast} \{8,7\} We$ W.  $\forall Lat N. 24 \text{ in R.A. cabs.} \{7,9\}$ 1213 Fr. 14 Sa.  $15|\mathbf{D}$  $16 \mathrm{M}.$ 17 18 W. & Gr. Hel. 2 Stat. Fast [8.7] We 19 Th. St. JOS. Swallows arr. & Stat. [8.8] We 20 Fr. Seven Fast [9.1] fear Spring Seven Fast {9.1 fear Spring sorrows & abs. {8.5 fear Spring Spring begins Oters  $\mathcal{O} \in \mathcal{O} \subset \{9,1\}$  is 20 Fr. 21 Sa. Jalm S. Qin & Tides (9.9 nowhere 22D Heating, and a states for the second states for the 23 $\mathbf{M}$ 2425W. 26276210 Fast & abs. {11.4 10.5 sun, air, 28Sa. Easter 600 Inf. Tides 11.1 wind 29 $\begin{array}{c|c} \label{eq:constraint} \textbf{C}_{low}^{rides} & \textbf{Hol.} & \textbf{Tides} \\ \textbf{N.C.} & \textbf{Tides} \\ \textbf{S} \ \textbf{M} \ \textbf{C} & \textbf{Eiffel Tower} \\ \textbf{finished 1889} & \textbf{Tides} \\ \begin{array}{c} \textbf{Tides} \\ \textbf{9.6} \\ \textbf{hinshed 1889} \end{array} \end{array}$ 30 М. all are Tu.

Farmer's Calendar.

**F1959** 

Just after sun-up. The kind of day that will keep the sap running in our maples. Frost drifts down the lane hard and sparkling yet before the sun gets working on them. Herb's ahead plodding beside his two white oxen yoked together. Down in the sugar orchard we can see steam rising from the sap house.

As we come down through the orchard the sap is already starting to drop in the buckets, some the old-time woodcn ones, some the new metal ones.

How quickly on the sunny side of the trees the sap drips —almost at the first touch of the sun—and not a drop yet in the shaded buckets. Chickadees are chickadeeing and a woodpecker tapping away somewhere in this magic wood.

And here is the sap house, steam pouring out the open doors and dimming the sun. The air, heavy with smoke and steam, is almost a thing to be tasted—rich and sweet as the bubbling syrup within.

bubbling syrup within. Now cach of us has a cup full of syrup and pours it a little at a time, piping hot, onto the snow—then scoops it up and eats it—snow and syrup, not quite soft, not quite hard—nectar and ambrosia.

Herb has the oxen hitched to the sap sled with its big barrels. We follow after him and look for snow fleas and find them coming up through the sunny drifts. Sap time and spring are herc.

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	ASTRONOMICAL CALCULATIONS.																				
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• New Moon, 7th day, 10 h. 29 m., evening, W.																					
▶ First Quarter, 16th day, 2 h. 32 m., morning, W.																					
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KEY	LETT 동료	1 44	REF	ER T	1		REC	1		BLE		ES 98-10		ALL	POIN	1			T		
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107	17	Fr.	5	01			28		13	27	16	$5\frac{3}{4}$	$6\frac{1}{4}$		<sup>р</sup> 18	$\mathbf{F}$	1	33	L	LEO	10
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117		Μ.					<u>39</u>			54		$\frac{1}{2}$	$\begin{vmatrix} 1_{4} \\ 2_{\frac{1}{2}} \end{vmatrix}$		чо м37	M		46	E		19
118	28	Tu	.4	44	F	6	40	L	13	56	18	3	31/2			-	9	49	E	1	20
119		W.					42			59	18	4	$4\frac{1}{2}$		▲22 ▲22		IL I	52		AQR	1
120	30	Th	.[4	41	$\mathbf{F}$	0	43	$\Box$	14	02	19	5	$5\frac{3}{4}$	$ 1\rangle$	<u>м</u> 01		[11]	<u><u>▲</u>55</u>	G	AQR	22

### APRIL hath 30 days.



The earth made soft with falling flow'rs, Invites the plowman's share, And Spring with kind prolifick pow'rs, Calls forth the lovely year.

### Aspects, Holidays, Heights of High Water, Weather, Etc.

₿

Farmer's Calendar.

A All Fool'S Try before 'Tides 8.8 W. Days Geese flying Tides { 9.5 8.8  $\mathbf{2}$  $\mathbf{Th}$ are hazy, north now 1st U.S. Cremation Society 1874 Tides {9.4 3 Fr. you'll Steinman wreck 1884 The peepers  $\{ {}^{9.5}_{9.3} \ be \ lazy. \}$ 4 Sa. are peeping (9.3 00 1st at, Rolfe married  $\mathbf{5}$ Low S. 1st at. Rolfe married {9.6 Easter Pocahontas 1614 {9.6 D Cain born ( Con Ge ( Star ) ) = 0Abelslain ( Con Ge ( Star ) ) = 0 O Annular White bellied swal-  $\{ 9.6 \ 9.6 \ 9.6 \ 9.6 \ 0.9 \ 0.$ 6 M. Cain born 640 (9.6 Storms Tu. 7 vermont refused admission to Union 1777 {9.6 March 8 |W|March 9 Th. {<del>9.5</del> adverse comment into Egypt (<sup>In</sup><sub>Apo</sub>, <sup>In</sup><sub>A</sub>) <sup>In</sup><sub>A</sub> <sup>In</sup><sub>A</sub>, Fr. in َ¥in 🗞  $\bigvee_{in R,A}^{Stat.}$ {10.0 9.3 10Sa. 11 12D C runs Jefferson Day Hol. [9.5] C high Ala., Mo., Neb., Okla. [8.5] C God is still" 1521 Day [8.8] 13 $\mathbf{M}$ 14Tu. Abraham Lincoln died 1865 b Stat. Maple sapt in R.A. about over  $Tides \begin{cases} 9.1 \\ 8.2 \end{cases}$ 15W cent. Maple sap run {9.0 (8.3 Th. Watch 16Sardines 6 C Tides 8.6 out below, |Fr|17running Gale of [19 Hol. Me.] Tides  $\begin{cases} 9.2\\ 9.1 \end{cases}$  here 1851 [th Mass.] Patriots'  $\begin{cases} 9.6\\ 9.1 \end{cases}$  come 18 Sa. {9.6 9.7 3rd S. a. E. 19|**D** come Day  $20|\mathrm{M}$ . 21Γu. 22W. 23 $\mathrm{Th}.$  $\mathbf{24}$ Fr. St. Mark, EV. D. S. T. begins tomorrow {11.9 10.8 Take 25Sa. 4th S.a. E.  $C_{low}^{rides} \nabla G^{r. El.}_{lo.4}$  (10.4 it  $2h C [^{26}_{th} S \Psi \bigcirc M^{em. Day-Ala.}_{Fla., Ga., Miss.}]^{11.2}$ 26D 27M 28Tu. W.  $\mathbf{29}$ 30 Th. last day DAYLIGHT SAVING. 9 becomes 10 PM -25th for 26th.

What shall I do with my land? the farmer asks. In this hill New England country fifty years ago, the answer would have been quite different than it is to-day. We need far less cleared land for hay grains and far less for and grazing now. Our cows do most of their eating in the barn. They are like chickens in a battery, robots of pro-duction in a limited space. duction in a limited space. Grain crops are not locally grown and very little hay. Canadian hay is common here, and more economical.

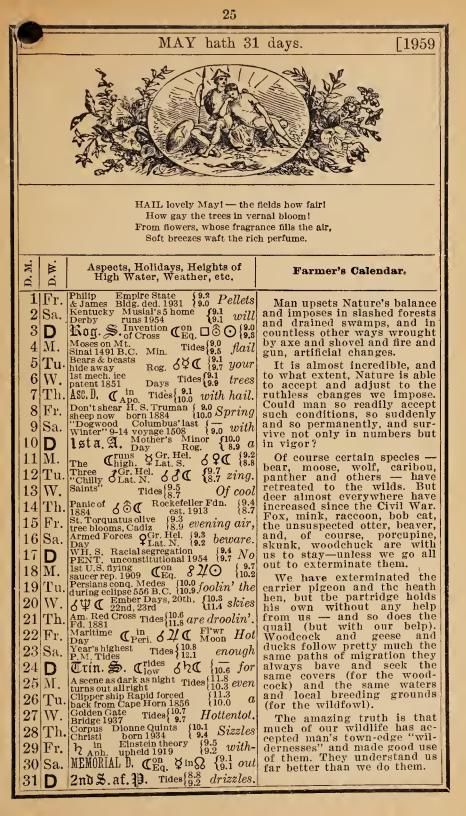
So the hundred acres of hay and pasture on this farm fifty years ago could well be cut to limited pasturage to-day and at most a few acres for corn, alfalfa, etc. In truth the farm could have its barn full of cows and not an acre of pasture.

Why not sheep? Before the turn of the century there were by sheep around here the thousands. But now it is gen-erally felt they cannot be be raised commercially in competition with the great sheep sections of the West. But that may not be quite true, and if it isn't, and we do go back somewhat to sheep, much grazing land would be used again.

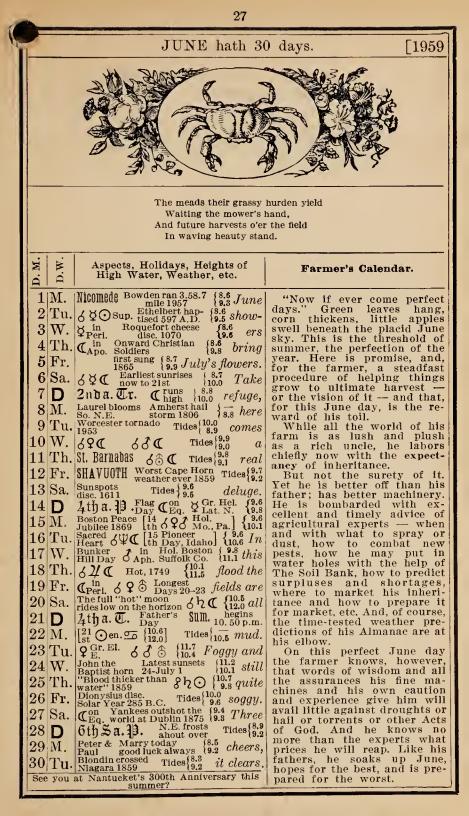
Orchards? A specialized business now, where if money is to be made it must be from thousands of trees to make economical the special equipment and storages and packing houses needed.

Our advice: put your pas-tures into pines — and a few balsam for the Christmas tree trade. These plantations are little care once they are in.

				-	138 -	2	4			100			.A.	_
[1959] MAY, FIFTH MONTH.												H		
ASTRONOMICAL CALCULATIONS.														
a	Days.	0 /	Days.	0	1	Day	s.  0	1	Days.	0	/	Days	s.  0	1
Declination	1	14  n. 59		16	44	13	18	19	19	19	42	25	$\frac{1}{20}$	54
ins	2	15 17		17	01	14	18		20	19		26	21	05
ecl	3	15 33		17	$\frac{17}{22}$	15	18		$\begin{vmatrix} 21\\22 \end{vmatrix}$	$20 \\ 30$	00	27	$  21 \\ 21 $	15
	$  \frac{4}{5}$	$egin{array}{cccc} 15 & 53 \ 16 & 10 \end{array}$		17   17	$\frac{33}{48}$	$\begin{array}{c} 16 \\ 17 \end{array}$	$19 \\ 19$		$\frac{22}{23}$	$\frac{20}{20}$		28 29	$\frac{21}{21}$	$\begin{vmatrix} 25 \\ 34 \end{vmatrix}$
O's	$ $ $\ddot{6}$	16 27		18	04	18	19	$\overline{29}$	$\overline{24}$	20		30	21	43
• New Moon, 7th day, 3 h. 11 m., evening, W.														
▶ First Quarter, 15th day, 3 h. 09 m., evening, E.														
O Full Moon, 22nd day, 7 h. 56 m., morning, W.														
C Last Quarter, 29th day, 3 h. 13 m., morning, E.														ſ
KEY LETTERS REFER TO CORRECTIONS TABLE, PAGES 98-102, FOR ALL POINTS OUTSIDE NEW ENGLAND														AND
Day of Year	Day of Month Day of	A Contraction of the second se	A Sets		ength of Days	Sun Fast	Bos	sea, ston. h Eve	D Rises	Kev	Set	1 (1)	$\square$	D
			<u>n. m.</u>	<u> </u>	. <u>m</u> .	<u>m.</u>	<u>h.</u>	<u>h.</u>	[h. m	· 1	<u>   h.</u>	<u>m.  </u>	Place	
121			F 6 44	1	4 04	1	6	$  6\frac{3}{4}$	1 <sub>M</sub> 37		1		PSC	23
122			F 6 45	1.	4 07		7	$7\frac{1}{2}$	2 08			57 н	PSC	24
123			Е 646		4 09	19	8	$8\frac{1}{2}$	2 37		1	56 I	PSC	25
124	1 1		E 6 47	M 1		19	$8\frac{3}{4}$	$9\frac{1}{4}$		H	N I	54 J	ARI	26
125		u.434	E 6 48	M 1		19	$9\frac{1}{2}$	10	3 35	1		51 к	ARI	27
126			E 6 49	M1			$10\frac{1}{4}$	$ 10\frac{1}{2}$	4 05				TAU	291
127	1 1		E 6 50	M 1		19	11	$11\frac{1}{4}$	4 37	F	N .		TAU	30
-			E 6 51 E 6 52	м1 м1		19 19	$11\frac{1}{2}$	$11\frac{3}{4}$	5 13	F			TAU	1
129			E = 653	H.		$19 \\ 19$	01	$\begin{bmatrix} 0\frac{1}{4}\\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 51 \\ 6 & 34 \end{bmatrix}$	E		31 M	G'M	$\frac{2}{3}$
130	11 M		E 6 55			$19 \\ 19$	$0\frac{1}{2}$ 1	$  1 \\ 1^{1}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 54 \\ 7 & 21 \end{bmatrix}$	E		22 м 08 м	G'M	
131 132		1.426	E 6 56	м1 м1	-	$19 \\ 19$	$1 \frac{1}{1\frac{3}{4}}$	$1\frac{1}{2}$ $2\frac{1}{4}$					CNC	4
132	$ \frac{12}{13} $ W	1 1	E 6 57	M 1		$19 \\ 19$	$1\frac{1}{4}$ $2\frac{1}{2}$	$\begin{vmatrix} 2\overline{4}\\ 3\end{vmatrix}$	908	E	Par Do		CNC	5
133 134			E 6 58	M1		$19 \\ 19$	$\frac{2}{3\frac{1}{4}}$	$\frac{3}{3\frac{3}{4}}$	10 06	E F	1 L Me		CNC	7
135	15 Fr		E 6 59	M 1		19	$\frac{0_4}{4}$	$4\frac{3}{4}$	$10^{-00}$ $11_{M}^{A}09$		12 <u>^</u> (		LEO	8
136			E 7 00	N 1		$10 \\ 19$	5	$5\frac{1}{4}$	$12_{M}^{P}13$			13  K	LEO VIR	9
137	17 D		D 7 01	N 1		19	6	$6\frac{1}{2}$	$12_{M}10$ 1 20	I	•	7 J	VIR	10
138	18 M	4	D 7 02	N 1		19	7	$7\frac{1}{2}$	$   \begin{array}{c}     1 & 20 \\     2 & 28   \end{array} $	J		50 I	LIB	11
139			D 7 03		4 44	19	8	$8\frac{1}{2}$	$   \frac{2}{3} \frac{20}{41} $	K	-	26 H	LIB	12
			D7 04				9	$9\frac{1}{4}$	4 55				sco	
			D 7 05				$9\frac{3}{4}$	$10\frac{1}{4}$	6 08				sco	14
			D 7 06				$10\frac{3}{4}$	11	7 20	M	4 3	34 E	_	_
			D7 07				$11\frac{1}{2}$	_	8 26				SGR	15
144			D 7 08				0	$0^{\frac{1}{2}}$	9 25				SGR	16
			D7 09			19	$0\frac{3}{4}$	$1\frac{1}{2}^{2}$	10 16				CAP	17
			d 7 10			19	$1\frac{3}{4}$	$2\frac{1}{4}$	11 00				CAP	19
147	$27 \mathrm{W}$	. 413	D 7 10	N 14	4 57	19	$2\frac{1}{2}$	$3\frac{1}{4}$	11 <mark>в</mark> 37				AQR	20
148	28 TI	n. <b>4</b> 12	D 7 11	N 14	4 59	19	$3\frac{\tilde{1}}{2}$	$4\frac{1}{4}$		_	10 4		AQR	21
			D 7 12			18	$4\frac{\tilde{1}}{2}$	$5\frac{1}{4}$	12 <u>⊾</u> 10	K	11 <sup>A</sup> <sub>M</sub> 4		PSC	22
			d 7 13			18	$5\frac{\tilde{1}}{2}$		12.41	J	12 <sup>P</sup> <sub>M</sub> 4	9 I	PSC	23
151	31 <b>D</b>	4 10	D 7 14	N 1.	5 04	18	$6\frac{1}{2}$	7	$1_{M}^{A}10$	I	$1_{\rm M}^{\rm P}4$	8 J	ARI	



	20												
1959] JUNE, SIXTH MONTH.													
ASTRONOMICAL CALCULATIONS.													
d Days. 0 / Days.	0 / Days. 0	/ Days.	0 / Days.	0 /									
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	22 43 13 23		$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	23 24									
a     2     22     09     8       iii     3     22     17     9	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		<b>23</b> 26   26 <b>23</b> 26   27	$   \begin{array}{c cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$									
<b>A 4 22 24 10</b>	22 59 16 23	20   22	23 26 28	23 18									
	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{vmatrix} 23 & 15 \\ 23 & 10 \end{vmatrix}$									
<u></u>	3th day, 6 h. 5			1-0 10									
	, 14th day, 12	•	0,	W.									
		-	—·.										
KEY LETTERS REFER TO CORRECT	<b>C</b> Last Quarter, 27th day, 5 h. 12 m., evening, W. KEY LETTERS REFER TO CORRECTIONS TABLE, PAGES 98-102, FOR ALL POINTS OUTSIDE NEW ENGLAND												
Day of Year Day of Month Bay of Week Wey Key	B of Bos	Sea, D	A D A Sets A B A B A B A B A B A B A B A B A B A	DD									
ab     ab     Rises     M     Sets       Ab     Ab     Ab     Ab     Ab     Ab       Ab     Ab     Ab     Ab     Ab     Ab       Ab     Ab     Ab     Ab     Ab     Ab	h. m. m. h.	Eve. Rises h. h. m.	0, 1 0	lace Age									
152 1 M. 410 D7 15	N 15 05 18 $7\frac{1}{2}$	8 1 <sup>A</sup> <sub>M</sub> 39		ARI 25									
I 53 2 Tu.4 09 D 7 15	N 15 06 18 $8\frac{1}{4}$	$\begin{vmatrix} 8\frac{3}{4} \\ 01 \end{vmatrix} = 2 08$		ARI 26									
I 54 3 W. 4 09 c 7 16 I 55 4 Th. 4 08 c 7 17	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c ccc} 9\frac{1}{4} & 2 & 40 \\ 10 & 3 & 13 \end{array}$		AU 27 AU 28									
156 5 Fr. 408 c 7 18	$015 00 18 9_{4}$ $015 10 17 10_{2}$	$10 \ 3 \ 13 \ 10^{\frac{3}{4}} \ 3 \ 50$		ац 28 З'м 29									
157 6 Sa. 407 c 7 18	$015\ 11\ 17\ 11\frac{1}{4}$	$11\frac{1}{4}$ 4 32		з'м 0									
158 7 <b>D</b> 407 c 719	$0$ 15 12 17 $11\frac{3}{4}$	- 5 18		"м 1									
159 8 M. 407 c7 20	0 15 13 17 0	$0\frac{1}{2}$ 6 08		NC 2									
160 9 Tu.4 07 c 7 20 161 10 W. 4 06 c 7 21	$015 13 17 0\frac{1}{2}$			NC 3									
161 10 W. 406 c721 162 11 Th.406 c721	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccc} 1\frac{3}{4} & 8 & 00 \\ 2\frac{1}{2} & 9 & 00 \end{array}$		EO 4 EO 5									
163 12 Fr. 4 06 c 7 22	$0 15 16 16 2^{3}$ $0 15 16 16 2^{3}_{4}$		1 1 10 11 1	$\begin{array}{c c} EO & 5 \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\$									
164 13 Sa. 406 c 7 22	$015\ 16\ 16\ 3\frac{3}{4}$		It a Pro										
165 14 <b>D</b> 4 06 c 7 23	$015\ 17\ 16\ 4\frac{1}{2}$	$5\frac{1}{4}12_{M}^{P}14$		JIB 8									
166 15 M. 4 06 c 7 23	$015\ 17\ 15\ 5\frac{1}{2}$	6   1   22	J 12м25 н 1	лв 10									
167 16 Tu. 4 06 c 7 24 168 17 W. 4 06 c 7 24	0 15 18 15 $6\frac{1}{2}$			co 11									
168 17 W. 406 c 724 169 18 Th. 406 c 724	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$									
170 19 Fr. 4 06 c 7 25	$01518159\frac{1}{2}$ $01518159\frac{1}{2}$	03 0 04	м 222 F S м 311 E S	GR 13 GR 14									
171 20 Sa. 4 06 c 7 25		103 = 001	M 4 07 E										
172 21 <b>D</b> 4 06 c 7 25	0 15 19 14 $11\frac{1}{4}$	$11\frac{1}{2}$ 8 04	м 509 ес.	AP 15									
173 22 M. 407 c7 25	0 15 18 14 -	$0\frac{1}{4}$ 8 52	м 6 16 е с.	AP 16									
174 23 Tu.4 07 c 7 25	0 15 18 14 $0\frac{1}{2}$		L 7 23 FA										
I 75 24 W. 4 07 c 7 26 I 76 25 Th. 4 08 c 7 26	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	K 8 30 G A J 9 35 G P										
177 26 Fr. 408 c 7 26		$3\frac{3}{4}$ 10 42 $3\frac{3}{4}$ 11 12		sc 19 sc 20									
	015 18 13 4			$\operatorname{sc}[20]{sc}[21]$									
179 28 <b>D</b> 4 09 c 7 26	0 15 17 13 5	$5\frac{1}{2}$ —	La Pour	RI 22									
180 29 M. 4 09 c 7 26	015 17 13 6		G 1 34 к A	RI 23									
181 30 Tu. 4 10 c 7 26	0 15 16 12 $6\frac{3}{4}$	$7\frac{1}{4}12_{M}^{P}43$	с 2 <sup>в</sup> 31 L т.	au 24									



				-			2	8	-			-			-
10	507			ITTI	r.V	ST		TTT	Mo	NUT					-4
190	1959] JULY, SEVENTH MONTH. ASTRONOMICAL CALCULATIONS.														
. 1	Days.	0		ays.		/	Day	1	1	Days.	0		Days	s.   0	
ion	1	23N.(		7	$\frac{1}{22}$	37	$\frac{Day}{13}$			19	20		$\frac{Day}{25}$		
nat			)4	8	$\frac{22}{22}$	$\frac{37}{31}$	14			$\frac{19}{20}$	20		$-\frac{20}{26}$	1	
eli	3		59	9	$\overline{22}$	$\tilde{24}$	15		~~~	21	$\overline{20}$		27	1	
Ă	4			10 -	22	16	16			22	20		28	1	
O's Declination.	5			11 12	$\begin{array}{c} 22 \\ 22 \end{array}$	09 01	$  17 \\ 18$	$\begin{vmatrix} 21\\ 2 \end{vmatrix}$		23 24	$ \frac{20}{19}$		29 30		$\begin{array}{c} 8 & 49 \\ 8 & 35 \end{array}$
						_								<u> </u>	0 30
						_				a., eve					1
ł	<b>⊅</b> F	irst (	Juar	ter	, 13	Bth	day	7, 7	h. 0	1 m.,	m	orni	ng,	Е.	
	O F	ull M	loon	1, 19	9th	da	y, 1	0 h.	33	m., e	ve	ning	, E.	•	
										2 m.,					
KEY	LETTERS						-	•		ALL POIN					ND
v of ar	r of	5 C	$  \geq   \langle$		Le	ngth of	Sun Fast	Full	Sea, ton.			D	A	D	$\mathbb{D}$
Day Ye	Day of Month Day of	Rises	Key P.	ets m.	L L h.	ays m.	ю́щ m.		Eve.	Rises h. m.	Key	Sets h. m	Ke	Place	Age
182	1 W				01			$7\frac{3}{4}$	8	1 <sup>A</sup> <sub>M</sub> 15	H	3 <sup>P</sup> <sub>M</sub> 2		TAU	25
183	2 T	h. 411			015			$8\frac{1}{2}$	$8\frac{3}{4}$	1 51	Е	4 2			26
184	3 F1	. 411	c 7	25	015	5 14	12	- 91	$9\frac{1}{2}$	2 30	1 11				27
185	' 4 Sa	. <mark>4</mark> 12	с7	25	0 15	5 13	12	10	$10\frac{1}{4}$	3 15	E	60	4 M	G'M	28
186	5 D	4 12	с7	25	015	5 13	11	$10\frac{3}{4}$	$10\frac{3}{4}$	4 03	Е	6 5	0 м	CNC	29
187	6 M	. 4 13	с7	24	015	5 11	11	$11\frac{1}{4}$	111	4 56	Е	7 3	3 м		1
188	7 T	<b>1.</b> 4 14	c7	24	015	5 10	11	_	0	5 54	E	8 13	3 г	LEO	2
189	8 W	. 4 14	с7	24	015	5 10	11	$0^{1}_{4}$	$0\frac{3}{4}$	6 54	F	8 49	9 к	LEO	3
190	9 T	n. <mark>4</mark> 15			0 15	5 <b>0</b> 8	11	$0\frac{3}{4}$	11/2	7 57	G	9 23	3 к	VIR	4
191		$: 4\ 16$			0 15	6 07	11	$1\frac{1}{2}$	2	9 00	н	9 50	3 ј	VIR	5
192	11 Sa	$. 4\ 16$			N 15		10	$2\frac{1}{2}$	3	$10 \ 05$	I	10 28	3 т	VIR	6
193	12 D				n 15		10	$3\frac{1}{4}$	$3\frac{3}{4}$	$11_{\rm M}^{\rm A}11$	J	11 02	2 н	LIB	7
<sup>1</sup> 94		. 4 18			N 15		10	$4\frac{1}{4}$	$4\frac{3}{4}$	$12_{\mathtt{M}}^{\mathtt{P}}19$	K	11 <sup>в</sup> 33	7 G	LIB	8
195	1	1.419			n 15		10	5	$5\frac{1}{2}$	1 29	L	-	-	SCO	9
196	1	. 4 19			n 15		10	$6\frac{1}{4}$	$6\frac{1}{2}$	$2 \ 38$	L	12 <sup>A</sup> <sub>M</sub> 17	7 ғ	sco	10
197		1. <mark>4</mark> 20			n 15		10	$7\frac{1}{4}$	$7\frac{1}{2}$	$3 \ 46$	м	1 02		SGR	11
198		. 421			n  14		10	$8\frac{1}{4}$	$8\frac{1}{2}$	4 50	М	1 53	1 1	SGR	12
199	-	. 4 22					10	$9\frac{1}{4}$	$9\frac{1}{2}$	5 50	M	2 52		CAP	13
	19 <b>D</b>						10	$10\frac{1}{4}$	$10\frac{1}{2}$	6 41	М	3 58		CAP	14
		. 424						11	$11\frac{1}{4}$	7 26		5 02		-	-1
		1.425					9		$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0^2 \end{bmatrix}$	8 06		6 09		AQR	15
		. 426					9	$0^{1}_{4}$	$0\frac{3}{4}$	8 41	K	7 16		AQR	16
		1.426						1	$1\frac{1}{2}$	9 13	J	8 21		PSC	17
		. 4 27					9	$1\frac{3}{4}$	$2\frac{1}{4}$	9 43	I			PSC	18
		428 429					9	$2\frac{1}{2}$	3			10 25		ARI	19
		429. $430$					9	$3\frac{1}{2}$		$10 \ 43$		$1^{\text{A}}_{\text{M}}23$		ARI	20
		.  4 30 1. 4 31					9	$4\frac{1}{4}$ 51		$\frac{11}{11}$ $\frac{15}{11}$		l2 <sup>P</sup> <sub>M</sub> 20			21
		.431					9	$5\frac{1}{4}$ 61		11 <sup>в</sup> 50	F		L		22
		1432					9 9	$6\frac{1}{4}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 6\frac{1}{2} \\ 71 \end{bmatrix}$	19490			M		23
		. 4 34					91	7 8		$12^{\text{A}}_{\text{M}}28$		3 06	M		24
414	orpr	.TT 04	E I	0013	1114	02	9	0	$8\frac{1}{4}$	$1_{\rm M}^{\rm A}10$	E	З <u>м</u> 57	M	G'M	23

## JULY hath 31 days.



Now sable clouds from western skies In dusky billows roll, Swiftly the forked lightning flies. Loud thunders rock the pole.

#### Aspects, Holidays, Heights of ₽ High Water, Weather, etc. Ō. Q Amherst 73 W Baseball 1859 Williams 32 € d In Apo. ${8.2 \\ 9.3}$ 1 W. $\mathbf{2}$ ${f T}{f h}$ 3 $\mathbf{Fr.}$ 4 Sa. 56 М. 7 Tu. r. El. $\{10.2 \\ 9.2 \\ Tides \\ 9.4 \\ 9.4 \\ 9.4 \\ 9.4 \\ 9.4 \\ 10.2 \\ 9.4 \\ 9.4 \\ 10.2 \\ 9.4 \\ 10.2 \\$ δÔ€ ŸE. EL. 8 W. SĂ⊄ will9 $\operatorname{Th}$ 39€ be99 Q 9.4 Barclay walked 1000 mi. 10.2 Fr. 10 real 9.6 in 1000 hours 1809 C Eq. 2in 8 {10.1 9.8 11 frightening. Sa. Sth 5. a. 1. 6 \$ 0 {10.0 Sticky 12D Heavy Connect-Forrest Day [9.7] ieut Rains 1897 Hol. Tenn. 110.2 and ΔΨ C Rain Luzon 1911-46 in. 10.4 St. Swithin Δ2/ C [10.7] icky, events 13М. 14 Tu. 15W. World's First Nuclear Tides 9.6 may Explosion 1945 $I_{1.0}$ may $I_{-in}$ (1) Stat. X in f 9.7 h Th. 16¥Aph. 17Fr. Ψin R.A. CPeri. be 111.3 Tides {10.0 Clow 18 Sa. 6hC tricky. Stha. T. Ibbotson Mile 11.6 arcky. Stha. T. Ibbotson Mile 10.2 Look St. Marg. $\mathcal{U}_{\text{in R.A. "Buck" Moon}}$ what Dalliel $\Psi_{\text{aph.}} \oplus \text{Stat.} \{10.5 \ you've$ 1920M. Tu. 21Mary M. Clipper Sweepstakes Bom-bay-NY-74 Days-1856 Tammuz The trees will {11.0 grow no more {10.2 bot ${11.4 \\ 10.4}$ 22W. $\overline{23}$ Th. bought, Pioneer D. (10.5 LEq. Hower D. 10.5 Hol. Utah 10.0 St. James, Apo. begin 9.7 it clears Ceq. $\mathbf{24}$ $\mathbf{Fr.}$ 25Sa. 10th S. a. P. Sest brilliancy {9.3 26Tides $\begin{cases} 8.8\\ 9.2 \end{cases}$ off hot. Seven Seven □Ψ⊙ Sleepers ΔΨ⊙ Stars & Stripes over 27М. Tides {8.8 9.1 28Tu. MoreGuam again 1944 CApo. 6 Ponies penned 6 ¥ ô Tides $\begin{cases} 8.1 \\ 9.0 \end{cases}$ 29W. rainTides { 8.0 9.1 30that's Assateague, Va. Tides {8.0 C<sup>runs</sup>high Fr. plain.

#### Farmer's Calendar.

The old house was black behind us, for we had switched off the lights as we came out. Squire Brown settled down on

his back stoop. "Set, son," he invited and stuffed his pipe, scratched a match on the weather-worn steps, and went to puffing.

Squire's silence was long but he broke it finally. (I (Ĭť wasn't fitting for me to do so, knowing Squire.) "Look out there," he said. And I could see the black stem of his pipe pointing down the road to flickering lights. A wave of the pipe to a yellow twinkling across the little valley, then towards a chimney smoking against the moon and of squares bright friendly windows.

and "and "My neighbors," scratched another match, poor ones, if I want to think em so. But I don't -- mostly. Their places and mine have shared fences and walls for four generations. Great Grandfather sold 'em the land.

"I call 'em poor neighbors when they don't help me tend what's theirs and mine—and they need a heap of urging. But not to borrow. Why, they'd have my pump handle if I'd lend it. Never lent any-thing. Never will. "But, son," he added, and sighed, "maybe I'm a poor neighbor, too. They share, but to sight their lights with

like to-night, their lights with me - and that's friendship in comfort anyhow. way a Grandfather just didn't sell bought neighbors. land, he We need 'em. Let's go in and light up. too." Guess we're neighbors,

10	1959] AUGUST, EIGHTH MONTH.																
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238	26	W.	5 02		6.30	) K	13	28	$14 \\ 14$	$3\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{4}{5}$	$\begin{array}{c} 10 & 25 \\ 11 & 05 \end{array}$	E	12 <sub>м</sub> 0 12 5		TAU C'H	21   22
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243									15	9	$9\frac{1}{4}$				6 L		
				-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-		-				

31 AUGUST hath 31 days. **[1959** The Virgin lends her Bosom to aswage And pacify Sol's burning furious Rage. They embrace, and down to Thetis' Bed descend: Cool nights arise, and all the World befriend. Aspects, Holidays, Heights of High Water, Weather, etc. D.M Farmer's Calendar. Ċ Sa. 1 sections of our In many country the farmer is not only  $\mathbf{2}$ D concerned with his fields and pastures, but his many acres of scrub brush and woodland. 3 ML. Tu. 4 Nothing that he does to protect himself, though, is going to help much unless his neigh-5W. TIADS. 63 C 6 PC { as nadotrouble Name of Con & Gr. Hel. {10.5 bursts First U.S. Mall Pitat. S. {10.6 bursts Coaches 1784 Pitat. A. {10.5 the Coaches 1784 Pitat. (10.5 the  $\mathbf{6}$ Th.bor farmers do something too. Regional fire protection is just 7Fr. common sense. And that is what we are trying to achieve 8 Sa. in our region. 121  $\mathfrak{H}$   $\mathfrak{S}$ , a.  $\mathfrak{H}$ .  $\mathfrak{G} \mathfrak{O} \mathfrak{O}$   $\mathfrak{I}_{10.3}^{10.3}$  hot Fiery teared  $\mathfrak{O} \mathfrak{V} \mathfrak{O} \mathfrak{O} \mathfrak{O}$   $\mathfrak{I}_{10.3}^{10.3}$  hot st. Lawrence  $\mathfrak{O} \mathfrak{V} \mathfrak{O} \mathfrak{O} \mathfrak{O} \mathfrak{O} \mathfrak{O}$   $\mathfrak{I}_{10.4}^{10.1}$  bubble. Ursuline Convent 9 We are creating a series of D fireholes not more than 1500 yards apart. We have had the 10Μ. Ursuline Convent Disaster 1834 Ill fated Essex sailed advice of our county forester  ${9.8 \\ 10.4 }$ 11 Tu. 64a as well as an expert on the matter of dams and water from Nantucket 1819 Hay Fever Fast of Season ABH (9.3 Crides (b.C. in View) 10.5 12W. good and the ability of soils to 9.3 13Th. 10.5 line We hold or not to hold water. We had always had the notion Crides 6 2 C Paph. Hol. Ark., R.I. 10.6 14|Fr. that a good watery spot was ideal for a water hole. As Assum,  $\forall in R.A. 10.5$ Assum,  $\forall in R.A. 10.5$ 12tha. C. Bennington, vt.  $\fbox{C}$ Bennington, vt.  $\fbox{C}$ 10.1 [16 Hol. 11.2 [16 Hvl. 11.2 [16 Hvl. Assum.  $\[equation]{\]}_{in R.A.} \[equation]{\]}_{10.9} \[equations to m sure to \]$ 15|Sa. often as not it isn't, and We  $\Box \mathcal{U} \odot$ 16D have two shining examples to { 9.7 { 11.1 prove it. In these cases we had bulldozed off the top soil Cat nights 17 $\mathbf{M}$ now commence "Sturgeon" Tid Full Moon Nautilus under ice pack trip began 1958 Tides  $\begin{cases} 10.3 \\ 11.2 \end{cases}$ 18|Tu. form. that really was holding the water and got down to gravel  ${10.4 \\ 11.0}$ W. 19|Becomes and sand that just drained it out. A clay bottom is ideal. Incidentally, August, when the Something strange  $\mathbb{C}_{Eq.}^{on}$   $\{\overline{10.4} cooler$ 20Th. Tides { 10.7 21Fr. Columbus left ground is about as dry as it will be, is the best time to test soil and locate your hole. by any Spain 1492 Paris Liberated 10.222Sa. } 10.1 man's ruler. 1944  $\breve{\varphi}_{W.}^{\mathrm{Gr.~El.}}$ Tides {9.7 2314th S.a. P. Common sense again told us D that our logging roads were St. Bar. Last Com. Whaler left New Bedford 1924 (9.5 This 24 M. to be kept open enough for pumpers to get down them, and that the holes and ponds 1st U.S. Oil Tides 8.7 week it's true  $25|{
m Tu}.$  $\forall in \Omega$  Tides  $\{ \substack{8.2\\ 8.9} will be all \}$  $\mathfrak{C}_{Apo.}^{in}$ 26W. were to be made as near them as possible. And last, to be 27 $\mathrm{Th}.$ sure everyone, and not ourselves, may know w just where 281Fr. these fireholes are, bright red Tides { 8.0 John Baptist 29Sa. andarrows and the word FIREbeheaded.  ${8.3 \\ 9.4}$ HOLE tell the story. Local Long Day 14tha. C. & Peri. 30fire departments have a record in La

Fall of Otranto 1453

foretold by St. Frances

31

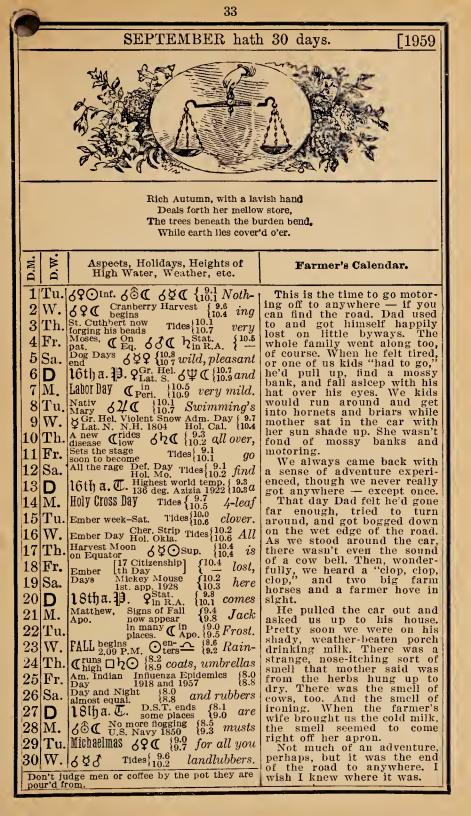
M.

 ${8.7 \\ 9.8}$ 

blue

of the locations.

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268	25 F	r. 5	33	153			200	$\frac{23}{24}$	$\frac{4}{4\frac{3}{4}}$	$\frac{44}{5}$	$10^{-}50_{-}11_{M}^{P}21_{-}$	E	12 <sup>в</sup> 29 1 16		G'M CNC	21 22
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274		$\overline{\mathbf{T}}$		40	J	5 27			<u>m.</u> 47	$\frac{111}{26}$	$9\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{1}{10\frac{1}{4}}$			I	5	<u>m.</u> M2	1	VIR	1 agi
275		Fi		41		5.26		11		26	$10\frac{1}{2}$	11	5	41	J		38		LIB	
276	5 3					$5\ 24$		11		27	$11\frac{1}{4}$	$11\frac{3}{4}$	6	52	K	6	15	G	LIB	1
277				43		$5\ 22$		11	_	27	-	0	8	04	1	H	57	F	sco	
278				44		521		11		27	$0\frac{1}{2}$	$0\frac{3}{4}$		16		7	42	E		F . †
279 280		1.1.1		$\frac{45}{47}$		$5\ 19\ 5\ 17$		11 11		27 28	$1\frac{1}{2}$	$1\frac{3}{4}$		24		8	33	E		
281		1	. 5 1.5			$\frac{517}{515}$	1	11	- 30 - 28	$\frac{28}{28}$	$\begin{array}{c c} 2\frac{1}{4} \\ 3\frac{1}{4} \end{array}$	$\begin{vmatrix} 2\frac{3}{4} \\ 3\frac{1}{2} \end{vmatrix}$		ад27 м24 м24	M M	9 10	29 29	E E	SGR	$\begin{bmatrix} 5\\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$
282	1			49		510 514		11	$\frac{20}{25}$	28	$4\frac{1}{4}$	$\begin{vmatrix} 0_2 \\ 4_{\frac{3}{4}} \end{vmatrix}$	$\begin{vmatrix} 1 2 \\ 1 \end{vmatrix}$	14 14		4 - 1		E	CAP CAP	
283				50		512		11	$\overline{22}$	$\frac{29}{29}$	$5\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{3}\frac{3}{4}$	1	58	L	- L L			AQR	8
284		D		51		$5\ 10$		11	19	29	$6\frac{\tilde{1}}{2}$	7	2	36		$12^{I}_{\rm M}$	137 1	F	5	10
285		1				509		11	17	29	$\cdot 7\frac{1}{2}$	8	3	11	к	1	41	G		11
286	1	1 .				$5\ 07$		11	14	29	$8\frac{1}{2}$	$8\frac{3}{4}$	3	42	J	2	43	н	PSC	12
287 288	1					${5\ 06\ 5\ 04}$		11	11	$\frac{30}{20}$	$9\frac{1}{4}$	$9\frac{3}{4}$	4	13	I		45	I	PSC	13
289						$\frac{504}{502}$		$\frac{11}{11}$	$\begin{array}{c} 08 \\ 05 \end{array}$	30 30	$10 \\ 10\frac{3}{4}$	$ 10\frac{1}{2} $ 11	$\begin{vmatrix} 4\\5 \end{vmatrix}$	44 15	H	$\begin{vmatrix} 4\\5 \end{vmatrix}$	46	J	ARI	14
290		Sa				502 501		11	03	30	$10\frac{1}{4}$ $11\frac{1}{4}$	$11 \\ 11\frac{3}{4}$		$\frac{15}{47}$	G G	$\begin{bmatrix} 5\\6\end{bmatrix}$	46 45	J K	ARI	15
291	18	D				459		11	00	30	0		6	21	F	7	42		- TAU	16
292			6	00	ĸ	4.58	G	11	58		$0^{\frac{1}{2}}$	$0\frac{1}{2}$	6	58			38		TAU	
293						456			54	31	1	$1\frac{1}{4}$	7	39	Е		32		G'M	
294									52	31	$1\frac{3}{4}$	2	8	24			23	м	G'M	19
295						4 53			49		$2\frac{1}{2}$	$2\frac{3}{4}$		13			10	М	CNC	20
296									47	31	$3\frac{1}{4}$	$3\frac{1}{2}$	10		Е	$11_{\rm M}^{\rm A}$	54	М	CNC	21
297 298	24	D	6	00		$\frac{4}{4}\frac{50}{40}$	F		44 41	$\begin{array}{c c} 31 \\ 32 \end{array}$	$4\frac{1}{4}$ 5	$4\frac{1}{2}$ $5\frac{1}{4}$	$11^{\text{N}}$	202	F				CNC	
299									$\frac{41}{38}$	$\frac{32}{32}$	$\frac{5}{6}$	$6\frac{1}{4}$	$12^{4}_{M}$	01	F	1 1	13 48		LEO LEO	
300									36	32	7	$7\frac{1}{4}$		04	G G	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{10}{23}$	K J		
301	28	W.	6	11	L	4 44	F		33	32	$7\frac{3}{4}$	8			н		56	J		
302									31	32	$8\frac{1}{2}$	9	3	17	I		31	H		
303	30	$\operatorname{Fr}$	6	14	L	4 42	F			32	$9\frac{1}{4}$	$9\frac{3}{4}$	4	28		4	08	G		
304	31	Sa	6	15	L	440	F	10	25	32	$10\frac{1}{4}$	$10\frac{1}{2}$	$5_{\text{N}}$	41	K	$4_{M}^{F}$	48	F	sco	29

OCTOBER hath 31 days.

Touch'd by the hand of hoary frost The groves their leafy honours shed, The hills lament their glory lost, And vallies mourn their beauty fled.

Aspects, Holidays, Heights of High Water, Weather, etc. ₿ Farmer's Calendar. à Ford intro. Model "T" 1908 Of the sun  ${10.2 \\ 10.5}$ € Eq. Th. 1 Fine  ${10.8 \\ 10.8}$  $\mathbf{2}$ Fr. 990 days Jewish New Year 6 ♥ C ♥ in 8  $\begin{cases} 11.2 \\ 10.9 \end{cases} all$ 3 Sa. 20tha. P. Cheri. 6 PC { II.4 in  $4|\mathbf{D}|$ Fast of Guedalia 62/ C Hol. {10.8 this beauti- $5|\mathbf{M}|$ Guerand Charles author first Eng. Bible author (11.4 fully (Tyndale) exec. 1536 fully  $\mathbb{C}^{\text{rides}}$   $\mathcal{O} \subseteq \mathbb{C}$  (10.9 colored Fall. 6 Tu. W.  $\overline{7}$ Q Venus again greatest brilliancy Tides  $\begin{cases} 9.6 \\ 10.4 \end{cases}$ 8 Th. OldDerned windy  $Tides \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 9.2 \\ 10.0 \end{array} \right\}$ 9 Fr. man New England 1804 Hell Gate Hol  ${9.0 \\ 9.7}$ 10|Sa. (Winter) cannot stay. opened 1885 Okla. 20th a. T. Pulaski (9.1 Day-Neb. 9.7 Col. D. Day of Atonement Hol. Exc. 10 11|**D** gets  $\begin{cases}
 9.3 \\
 9.7
 \end{cases}$ 12|M. $\begin{array}{c} & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\$ 13|Tu.the 14 W. 15 Th. 16 Fr. 17 Sa. 18 **D** Bad news will be followed by worse Pilgrims bones 19 M. storms summer in Tides  $\begin{cases} 9.1 \\ 9.9 \end{cases}$ 20 Tu. CApo. 21 | W. $\{ \substack{8.6 \\ 9.3} of us \$ 22 Th. World Created (sald Tides {8.3 gorms. Ussher) 4004 B.C. U. N. DAY Eichth Day {8.2 This 8.2 This  $23|\mathrm{Fr.}$ {8.2 8.8 24 Sa. This 22nda. T. Eighth Day 18.8 c. N. DAI Eighth Day 18.8 c. D.S.T. Rejoicing ends of the law {8.2 (8.7 25D 6 € € {<sup>8.4</sup>/<sub>8.9</sub> way, that Early winter of 1840  $26|\mathrm{M}.$  $Tides \begin{cases} 8.9\\ 9.2 \end{cases}$ 27 began Tu. way is how Simon & SQC Statue of Liberty {9.4 Jude Unveiled 1886 {9.6 28|W. $\mathbb{C}^{\mathrm{on}}_{\mathrm{Eq.}}$  6 3  $\bigcirc$  Tides  $\{ \stackrel{10.1}{_{10.1}}$  the heavens Th. 29δΨΟ {10.8 [<sup>31</sup><sub>st</sub> ሪΨ⊄ 30|Fr. SSΨI Hal. Feast of 68 C Hol. 11.3 play. 31 |Sa.

What country school boy wouldn't swap his liberty in hot July for October in the hills with his dog and gun? The ghost partridge and the Red Gods call. At night he hears the hound baying, or the fox barking up there in the fox barking up there in the frosty moonlight at the end of the orchard, and the wail of the locomotive whistle comes to him from far away and is a cry in his heart, a part of the restlessness he

[1959]

For the boy, October is an ache, a yearning, a heckoning. Truly to him the Red Gods call. Yet for us, old boys now, who long ago sat by our win-dows in the magic night, magic night, Octoher still has its spell. Raking our leaves and watching them burn smokily in the twilight, isn't just something to do, but something happening to us as we do it. The smell of tobacco smoke and wood smoke together; the wood smoke together; the glowing eye of the leaf pyre we want no more than to keep glowing; the long leaning on the rake; the reluctant raking of the last rusty leaves and the dropping of them on the red eye of the fire a few at a time; the glow of other fires in the gutters of the silent street — this is October's spell, and opiate, for us.

Octoher has been called the April of Fall. Each stands at the threshold of a season. But to the boy at his window season. there is no hot urging of April here, instead a lonesome call - a wanderlust — and to us a memory of this - and nostalgia. October philosophy.

	36																		
Î	[1959] NOVEMBER, ELEVENTH MONTH.																		
	ASTRONOMICAL CALCULATIONS.																		
	л.	Day		0	1		Days.		)		Days		/	Days.	0	4	Day		1
	Declination.		-	14s 14	$\frac{1}{4}$		7 8			$\begin{vmatrix} 2 \\ 30 \end{vmatrix}$	13 14	17	$\frac{53}{09}$	$\frac{19}{20}$	$19 \\ 19$		$\frac{25}{26}$	$\frac{20}{20}$	
	ecli	3	3	14	5	8	9	1	6 4	17	15	18	25	21	19	51	27	2	04
				$15 \\ 15$	$\frac{1}{3}$		.10 11	1		)4	$\frac{16}{17}$	18	$\frac{40}{55}$	$\begin{array}{c} 22\\ 23 \end{array}$	$\frac{20}{20}$		$28 \\ 29$	$\frac{2}{2}$	
	Image: 6         Image: 54         Image: 12         Image: 17         Image: 37         Image: 18         Image: 19         09         24         20         30         30         21         36																		
		D	Fi	rst	Q	Ju	arte	r,	7tl	n d	ay,	8 h	. 23	m., 1	nc	ornir	ng, ]	E.	
	O Full Moon, 15th day, 4 h. 42 m., morning, W.																		
								·						3 m.,					
	1000													m., m		-			
					R T )	o c				agth		Full	Sea,		1.	1 D		1	
	Day of Year	Day of Month	Day of Week	Ri h.	ses m.	Ke	Sets h. m.	Ke	D h.	n ays m.	E Sun Fast	Morr h.	$\begin{array}{c c} ton. \\ Eve \\ h. \end{array}$	h. m.	Key	Set h.	Key Key	-	
	05	1	D				4 39			23	32	11	$11\frac{1}{2}$	6 <sub>м</sub> 54				sco	
	06	- 1	$\mathbf{M}$ .	6			438		17 -	21	32	$11\frac{3}{4}$	-	8 06			22 E		
	07						$\frac{4}{4}\frac{36}{35}$		$\frac{10}{10}$	$17 \\ 15$	$\frac{32}{32}$	$0\frac{1}{4}$ $1\frac{1}{4}$	$\begin{array}{c c} 0\frac{1}{2} \\ 1\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c}9&14\\10&15\end{array}$			.8 Е .9 Е		$\begin{vmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{vmatrix}$
	09						434		10	13	32	$2^4$	$2\frac{1}{4}$	11 10	£		23 E		5
	10						433		10	10	31	3	$3\frac{1}{4}$	11 <sup>▲</sup> 57			28 F	AQR	6
	II		Sa. D				$\frac{432}{431}$			08 06	32	4	$4\frac{1}{2}$	12 <sup>P</sup> <sub>M</sub> 38		11 <sup>P</sup> 3	33   G	AQR	7
	12 13	8	D M.				$\frac{4}{4}30$			00	$\frac{32}{32}$	$5 \\ 6\frac{1}{4}$	$5\frac{1}{2}$ $6\frac{1}{2}$	$     1 14 \\     1 46 $	K	12 <sup>A</sup> 3	87   - 6	PSC PSC	8
11	14		Tu			1	428		10		32	$7\frac{1}{4}$	$7\frac{1}{2}$	2 17	I	1	39 н		10
3	15		W.				427	Е	9	58	32	8	$8\frac{1}{2}$	2 47	H		39 1	ARI	11
3	16		Th Fr.				426	E		56	$\frac{32}{31}$	· 9 01	$9\frac{1}{4}$	3 16	H		39 J		12
3	17	14					$\frac{4}{4}\frac{25}{24}$	E E		54 52	$\frac{51}{31}$	$9\frac{1}{2}$ $10\frac{1}{4}$	$10 \\ 10\frac{3}{4}$	$\begin{vmatrix} 3 & 48 \\ 4 & 21 \end{vmatrix}$	G P		8 K 5 L	TAU TAU	$\begin{array}{c} 13 \\ 14 \end{array}$
	19	15	D			- 1	424	E		50	31	11	$11\frac{1}{4}$	4 57	Ē		32 L	-	
1	20		M.				4 23	Е		48	31	$11\frac{1}{2}$	-	5 36	Е		27 м	G'М	15
	21						$422 \\ 421$	E	9 9	46	$\frac{31}{31}$	0	$\begin{bmatrix} 0\\ 0^3 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 20 \\ 7 & 07 \end{bmatrix}$	E		7 M	G'M	16
	22 23						$\frac{4}{4}\frac{21}{20}$	D D	-	44 42	$\frac{51}{31}$	$0\frac{1}{2}$ $1\frac{1}{4}$	$0\frac{3}{4}$ $1\frac{1}{2}$	$\left  \begin{array}{c} 7 & 07 \\ 7 & 58 \end{array} \right $	E E		о7 м 53 м	G'M CNC	17 18
	24						419	D	0			$2^{4}$	$2\frac{1}{4}$	8 52		10 3		CNC	
3	25						419	D	C	38	30	$2\frac{3}{4}$	3	9 50	F	11 1	2 г	LEO	20
	26						$\frac{418}{17}$			36	30	$3\frac{1}{2}$		10 49		$11_{\rm M}^{\rm A}$		LEO	D
32	27 28	1					$417\ 417$	D D	9 9	$\frac{34}{32}$	29 29	$4\frac{1}{2}$ $5\frac{1}{4}$	$4\frac{3}{4}$ $5\frac{3}{4}$	11 <sup>в</sup> 52 —		12 <sup>в</sup> 2 12 5	22 к 54 ј		
3	29						416	D	9	30	29	$6\frac{1}{4}$	$6\frac{1}{2}$	12 <sup>▲</sup> 55	I		26 I		
3	30	26	Th.	6 -	47	Ν	416	D		29	29	7	$7\frac{1}{2}$	2 03	J	2 0	н  0		26
	31						$\frac{415}{415}$	D		27	28	8	$8\frac{1}{2}$	3 13			87 G		
	32 33	- 1	5a.				$\frac{4}{4}\frac{15}{14}$	D D	9 9	26 24	28 28	$8\frac{3}{4}$ $9\frac{3}{4}$	$9\frac{1}{2}$ $10\frac{1}{4}$	$\begin{array}{c c} 4 & 25 \\ 5 & 39 \end{array}$	L L		.9 F )6 F	SCO SCO	
	33 34	30	_				414			$\frac{21}{23}$		$10\frac{1}{2}$	$10_{4}$ $11_{4}^{1}$	6 <sup>A</sup> <sub>M</sub> 51		- Po		SGR	

NOVEMBER hath 30 days.

37

The fields are sad, their verdure gone, The lowing herds to stables fly, By faithful nature warn'd to shun The stormy biasts of Winter's sky

≽ Aspects, Holidays, Heights of High Water, Weather, etc. d. A  $\begin{array}{c} 24 \text{ th a. } \mathfrak{P}. \overset{\text{Aii}}{\underset{\text{Saints}}{\text{Saints}}} \mathfrak{Pin} \overset{\text{Fast & }}{\underset{\text{Abs.}}{\text{Abs.}}} \overset{\text{H1.7}}{\underset{\text{Ins.}}{\text{Ins.}}} \\ \overset{\text{Aii}}{\underset{\text{Souis}}{\text{Souis}}} \delta \mathfrak{Q} \mathfrak{C} \delta \mathcal{U} \mathfrak{C} \left\{ \overset{\text{H1.9}}{\underset{\text{Ins.}}{\text{Ins.}}} \overset{\text{Fast & }}{\underset{\text{Ins.}}{\text{Ins.}}} \mathfrak{C} \overset{\text{Fast & }}{\underset{\text{Ins.}}{\text{Ins.}}} \right\} \end{array}$ 1  $\mathbf{2}$  $\mathbf{M}$ 3 Ľu 4 W. Fawkes Gunpowder plot {10.1 a puff 5Th. Day we han't forgot Animals are Tides  $\begin{cases} 9.7\\ 10.4 \end{cases}$ 6 Fr. Nature gets hibernating  $\overline{7}$ Sa. Tides  $\begin{cases} 9.3 \\ 9.8 \end{cases}$ 6¥4 rough. 8 24th S. a. T. Tides  $\{ \substack{9.1\\9.4} Upstairs \}$ D St. John Lateran Church consecte. 324 A.D. Tides  $\begin{cases} 9.1 \\ 9.2 \end{cases} i's$ Descartes great  $\bigcirc 0n$   $\begin{cases} 9.3 \\ 9.1 \end{cases}$  leaking, discovery 1619  $\bigcirc \text{Eq.} \end{cases}$   $\begin{cases} 9.1 \\ 9.1 \end{cases}$  leaking, Vet.'S D.  $\bigcirc \text{Gr. E1. Ali states } \\ 9.1 \\ 9$ 9 М. 10Tu. 11 W. 12Skunks now Tides  $\begin{cases} 9.7 \\ 9.1 \end{cases}$ |Th.stairs it's hibernating Indian Summer  $\square \bigcirc \bigcirc \{ \overset{9.9}{9.1} freezing. \}$ 13 Fr. 13th-20th 

 Stat.
 Sady
 Tides {10.0
 Now

 Yin R.A.
 Hawkins
 Tides {9.1
 Now

 26th a.
 J.
 Felli Moon
 {9.0
 you'll

 14|Sa.  $15|\mathbf{D}$ "Where a whale can go Tides  $\begin{cases} 10.1 \\ 9.0 \end{cases}$  get 16 | M.in Tu. 6 ¥ 4 Tides 10.0 17C Apo. took Truns Boston's chimneys [8.9 by just "These dead shall not have died in vain" 1863 [9.7 about Boserorit photos 18W. 19|Th. about Passport photos Tides 8.6 everything 20Fr. orig. 1914 Mayflower Tides 8.5 21 Sa. in the book. Compact  ${8.5 \\ 9.0}$ 223ô€ 26tha. T. D ğin Ω Hudson River Rep. Day {8.6 froze 1798 Md. {8.9 Clears 23|MTides  $\begin{cases} 8.9\\ 9.0 \end{cases}$ 24Tu. δΫ⊙Inf. Disastrous Jin & C Eq. 25W. 19.8 9.5 but Thanks, D.  $arphi_{\mathrm{Peri.}}^{\mathrm{in}}$ 26Th. 3₽€ Beards first \$10.4 shaved 1357 \$9.9 ô Stat. ⊙in R.A. 27Fr. Wash. I d. 1859 Irving 640 949  $\mathbf{28}$ Sa. Abbent 5. 690 630 (10.2 cold freeze now and snow all winter, floods in spring. What  $\mathbf{29}$ D 30 M. Abo. 640 (Peri 10.7 to endure. November, most likely. Can't say for sure."  $\mathbf{30}$ off last.

Farmer's Calendar.

[1959

This is the month when you may do nothing at all or be busy right up to the hilt. If busy right up to the hilt. you are of the first scho school, then you are content to let your machinery - your harrow, plow, manure's hay rake — stand spreader, outside where you left them. You are content to see your shovels and hoes flung into a corner of the tool shed, uncleaned and gladly forgotten. You will be irked at the thought that this is the last time this year - and the best time - to be out with your axe and saw or power saw — to fill up the wood shed, to get those dead falls out of the wood's road, take care of the broken limbs old trees out in the and orchard, put glass in the empty barn windows, mend house shutters and the broken pig house door, and be at the picking up a farm needs be-fore the snow flies. Bestir you, kitchen philoso-

bestif you, kitchen philoso-pher, and your pipe will be the sweeter and your diges-tion better come March. Ease is when you've earned it. That's the November lesson. Now a few November observa-tions from Saviro Brown ru-

tions from Squire Brown who will remove his feet from the oven and address you: "Novoff for ember's cantankerous. Maybe  $\begin{cases} 9.2 \\ 9.2 \end{cases}$  sure a spell of long black freeze and dry. That's bad. Snow now on soft ground, or lots of there'll rain, fill the wells and put your trees to bed with wet {11.1 be feet. Way it should be. Hard

38											
1959] DECEMB	1959] DECEMBER, TWELFTH MONTH.										
ASTRONOMICAL CALCULATIONS.											
i    Days.   0 / Days.   0	/ Days	. 0 /	Days.	0 / 1	Days.	0 /					
	35   13	23 08	19	23 24	25	23 24					
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$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{ c c c c } 23 & 15 \\ 23 & 18 \\ \end{array}$	$\left  \begin{array}{c} 21\\ 22 \end{array} \right $	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c c} 27\\28 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					
	59 17	23 21	23	$23 \ 26$	29	23 15					
$ \Theta  $ 6  22 28 12  23 (	03   18	23 23	24	23 25	30	23 11					
▶ First Quarter, 6tl	h day,	9 h. 11	́т., е	evening	;, W.						
O Full Moon, 14th	day, 1	1 h. 49	m., e	vening	, W.						
	• •		· · ·	0	·	Ð.					
• New Moon, 29th	-	,			0,	-					
KEY LETTERS REFER TO CORRECTIONS T			· · · · ·			IGLAND					
Per S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S	ngth at	Full Sea, Boston.				$\mathbb{D}$					
Pear of Vear o	of pä ays NL m. m.	Morn Eve h. h.	h. m.	Men	IKey	lace Age					
335 1 Tu. 6 53 N 4 14 D 9	21 27	$11\frac{1}{2}$ –	$7^{\text{A}}_{\text{M}}57$	м 6 <sup>Р</sup> м00							
336 2 W. 6 54 N 4 13 D 9	19 26	$0^{-1} 0^{1}$	8 58	м 7 03		AP 2					
337 3 Th. 6 55 N 4 13 D 9	18 26	$1 1\frac{1}{4}$	9 51	м 8 13	B E C.	AP 3					
338 4 Fr. 6 56 N 4 13 D 9	17 26	$1\frac{3}{4}$ 2	$10 \ 36$	ь 9-20		$\mathbf{QR}$ 5					
339 5 Sa 6 57 N 4 13 D 9	16 25	$2\frac{3}{4}$ 3	$11_{-}15_{-}$	к 10_27		QR 6					
340 6 <b>D</b> 658 N 4 12 D 9	14 25	$\frac{3\frac{3}{4}}{4}$ 4	$11^{\text{A}}_{\text{M}}50$	J 11 <sup>P</sup> <sub>M</sub> 31	H P	sc 7					
341 7 M. 659 N 412 D 9	14 24	$4\frac{3}{4}$ 5	$12^{P}_{M}21$	J —		sc 8					
342         8         Tu.7         00         0         4         12         c         9           343         9         W. 7         01         0         4         12         c         9	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$5\frac{3}{4}$ 6	12 51	112 <sup>P</sup> 33	1 1	RI 9					
	$12 24 \\ 10 23$	$\begin{array}{c c c} 6\frac{3}{4} & 7 \\ 7\frac{1}{2} & 8 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc}1&21\\1&51\end{array}$	н 1 33 G 2 31		RI 10					
344 10 Th. 7 02 0 4 12 c 9 345 11 Fr. 7 02 0 4 12 c 9	10 23 10 23	$\begin{vmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 8\frac{1}{2} & 9 \end{vmatrix}$	$   \frac{1}{2} \frac{31}{23} $	G 2 31 F 3 28		1					
	08 22	$\begin{array}{c c} 0_2 & 0 \\ 9_1^1 & 9_4^3 \end{array}$	$\frac{2}{2}$ $\frac{20}{58}$	F 4 25	1 11						
	09 22	$9\frac{3}{4}$ $10\frac{1}{4}$	3 35	E 5 21	MG						
	08 21	$10\frac{1}{2}$ 11	4 17	Е 6 14	6						
	08 21	$11^{-11\frac{1}{2}}$	5 03	Е 7 05							
350 16 W. 7 06 0 4 13 c 9	07 20	$11\frac{3}{4}$ -	5 53	Е 7 51	MCN	sc 16					
	07 20	$0\frac{1}{4}$ $0\frac{1}{4}$	6 46	Е 8 34	MCN	VC 17					
	06 19	$0\frac{3}{4}$ 1	7 43	F 9 14		sc 18					
	06 19	$1\frac{1}{2}$ $1\frac{3}{4}$	8 41	F 9 50							
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	in the local division in the local divisione	-		-	LA VIGE 2						

DECEMBER hath 31 days.



Now sharp December's wintry blasts, From northern regions blown, Congeal the rolling iake to giass, And turn the earth to stone.

₿ Aspects, Holidays, Heights of High Water, Weather, etc. € rides low Highest morning \$12.1 1 Tu. Allhigh tide John Brown hanged 1859 6 2 C  $\mathbf{2}$ W. Tides  $\begin{cases} 10.7 \\ 12.0 \end{cases}$ will  $\begin{array}{l} \text{ anged 1859 } \\ & \text{Stat. Eric Canal} \\ & \text{ Fin R.A. froze over 1859 } \\ & \text{fin R.A. froze over 1859 } \\ & \text{fin 0.2 } \\ & \text{snowed 13.1''} \\ & \text{ Tides } \\ & \text{fin 0.2 } I know, \\ & \text{Reston 1926 } \end{array}$ 3  $\mathrm{Th}.$ Snowed 13.1" Fr. 4 I know, Boston 1926 5 Sa. 6 DPearl Earliest sunsets Del. {9.3 6-12th Day {9.2 with  $\overline{7}$ M. 6-12th Harbor Tides  $\begin{cases} 9.2\\ 8.8 \end{cases}$  snow. 8 Tu. Immac C eq. Conc. V.M. Conc. Tid Boston's original codfish 9 W.  ${9.2 \\ 8.6}$ None burned up 1746 Within these Wyo. Tides  $\begin{cases} 9.3 \\ 8.5 \end{cases}$ 10|Th.  $\begin{cases} \text{Wyo. floot(s.)} \\ \text{Day} \\ \begin{cases} 9.4 \\ 8.5 \\ \text{foolies won't} \end{cases} \\ \begin{cases} 9.6 \\ 8.5 \\ 8.5 \\ \end{cases}$ but northern climes Come some very 11|Fr. trying times 12 Sa. ¥<sup>Gr.</sup> El. ¥W. 3rd S. A. St. Lucy fire'' 1833  ${9.8 \\ 8.6}$ 13 D pull  $\mathbb{C}_{Apo.}$   $\delta \mathfrak{P} \Psi \stackrel{\text{Ember Week}}{-\text{Sat.}}$  $\{ \substack{9.9 \\ 8.6 } on$  $14 | \mathrm{M}.$ Annie Laurie Ember Tides <sup>9.9</sup> Warm 1682 (8.7 winds with 15|Tu. 16 W.  ${8.7 \\ 9.9}$ Th. 17 winds with to pay Paul 1550 Ember  $\begin{cases} 8.8\\ 9.8 \end{cases}$  mist you 1st Giant Panda 18 Fr. arr U.S. 1936 6 C ô Days Tides  $\begin{cases} 8.8 \\ 9.7 \\ must \end{cases}$ 19 Sa. Tides  $\begin{cases} 8.9 \\ 9.5 \end{cases}$  $20|\mathsf{D}|$ 4th S.A. resist. Forefather's Thomas, {9.0 Christmas 21 M. Willter begins 9.35 a.m. Oters & Ceq. (9.1 is 22 Tu. First voyage of Sea Witch 1846 Tides  $\begin{cases} 9.3 \\ 9.1 \end{cases}$  $23 \mathrm{W}.$ green, Quaker Meeting Newport, R.I. 1684 [9.1 that's clearly 24 Th. Chris. Day Fast 648 SΨC 25 Fr. St. Stephen 69C 6\$24 {10.6 [25 10.1] 9.6 [th 9.3] 26 Sa. QGr. Hel. Lat. N.  ${11.1}$ 27John, Ev. seen. Childer- C<sup>in</sup><sub>mas</sub> 68 C 624C 6 QC  $28 | \mathrm{M}.$  $\mathbb{C}^{\text{rides}}_{\text{low}}$   $\delta \mathcal{P} \mathbb{C} \left\{ \begin{smallmatrix} 11.9\\ 10.5 \end{smallmatrix} \right\} \left[ \begin{smallmatrix} 28\\ \text{th} \\ \delta \\ \delta \\ \mathcal{S} \\ \mathcal{I} \end{smallmatrix} \right] Temp.$ 29|Tu.  $^{\{12.0}_{\{10.6}$ 30 | W.ğin 🕉 dives as New Year Year's earliest 6bo 11.9 arrives. Th. sunset

Farmer's Calendar.

1959

"What are we going to do about Christmas?" "We really can't afford Christmas this year." "Once Christmas is over we can relax."

What is Christmas then? A commercial obligation? A hurdle of custom? Do we really mean what we say? Not deeply within us, but the tired part of us does mean it. For face it. Christmas season is pressure — hectic as a bargain counter — and we are keeping it so.

That, of course, has no more to do with a Happy Christmas than the terrible bleating of carols — that we really love — from every street corner. It has no more to do with it than the great concourse of people shuffling and buying, and the great concourse drinking the spirits, and not the spirit, of Christmas. It has no more to do with it than the giving of a gift without the joy, but only the obligation, of giving. It seems to us that the

It seems to us that the sanctity, and the wonder, and the joy of Christmas is understood most fully by children in the natural way it should. The beautiful story of the Christ Child, the Three Wise Men, the giving of gifts, and the children's anticipation of their own gifts share about equally.

Our heart warms to the memory of our last Christmas eve. Two of my grandchildren were coming down the front staircase, each carrying a cosmetic jar. Tig said, "You're carrying the incense, Ned; I've got the myrrh. Don't slip now." For sore, aching muscles-

# An old New England Remedy

Nobody has ever been able to duplicate

Before the turn of the century, a native New Englander searched for a pleasant, effective way to relieve one of man's most common ailments—the searing aches and pain that overexertion inflicts on muscles.

He discovered that a special blend of oils and tinctures rubbed upon the afflicted areas brought almost unbelievable relief.



Soon, through all New England—

then across the country—men, women, and children no longer needed to fear the anguish that unaccustomed exercise exacts from legs, arms, and back muscles. For this New Englander's special formula stood ready in millions of medicine cabinets to bring them blessed relief.

Today, Americans bound to desk or machine or shop all week, get their exercise from sports and household chores on weekends only. And muscles, after occasional weekend workouts, suffer!

But in this modern day, an old New England remedy is theirs to rely upon. And its special blend has never been duplicated by newer products.

It is the undisputed fact that this time-tested liniment has been a household stand-by, bringing its unmatched relief to millions, continuously since 1894.

This famous product is called Absorbine Jr., and if you would like to see what it can do for your own muscle aches, buy a bottle today wherever drugs are sold. W. F. Young, Inc., Springfield, Mass.

## IN THE GREAT OUT OF DOORS

Shorter hours, longer vacations, and higher wages have produced the greatest mechanized recreation boom in history. And what this mechanization won't do for man really isn't worth doing. Early this Spring, long before the ice was really out of the lake in front of our camp, we sat in the sun and watched the antics of an carly bird outboard motor enthusiast. He got his boat into some open water all right and then started to try out his new outboard. Crank, crank, crank . . . nothing happened. Then, without any warning, off it went, full speed, but, alas in reverse. Without too much more ado, boat, owner, and motor were roosting on top of a fair-sized ice cake no little distance from the shore. "There is no one crazier than I am," I heard the owner say, "but it's for sure nobody likes being that way more than I do either." Craze is the right word. The outboard boom makes clock golf look like a kerchief in a river. Why there are outboards on some lakes today so large and luxurious the lakes themselves will scarcely hold them. And in other spots on this hemisphere we have scen out-board scooters skimming occan waters which even ocean liners might

board scooters skimming occan waters which even ocean liners might have found unpleasant. Lakes and rivers which haven't been navigated for centuries now get the one two punch of plane and power driven boat. Goodby to privacy and all that. It is gone forever. Any camp owner who doesn't enjoy a scum of gas and oil nearby his dock and a constant barricade of outboard motor throbbing noises might as well give up his cause as lost, go back to the city where he can enjoy the traffic

as well give up his cause as lost, go back to the city where he can enjoy the traffic. But how about the hunting and the fishing? Here's the chance, especially by plane, for the boys to get back into the hinterlands where the big ones really are. And they are doing just that. As nearly we can determine, among the younger set at least, if you haven't been on at least three African safaris by now, you just aren't socially acceptable, that's all. Never mind who pays for these. It's just part of one's necessary education. Well, we've had our share of fishing and bunting too and we must say there is something to be said for this of one's necessary education. Well, we've had our share of fishing and hunting too and we must say there is something to be said for this change of scene. Certain brook and lake trout we have gotten to know, we are sorry to say, have come to know us better. For whenever we are around they are sure to be somewhere else, quite often on the hook of some buzzard, in for the day from six states away, they've never heard of or seen before. Figuring this will work in reverse we have collected quite a bunch of "foreign" addresses by now in a resolve that these will mark where we will ply our hard earned trade. Gardening is something else again. We don't have any garden anymore, but we have the most beautiful collection of garden machines in our garage you would ever want to see. There is for example the belt drive cultivator, proud possessor of a good portion of our left thumb. And the rotary grass cutter that succeeded in cutting most of our big toes down to size. We have an automatic sprayer, harrow, scythe, leaf-chewer, and three or four other contrivances we never did exactly learn what to do with. We may have forgotten just how

did exactly learn what to do with. We may have forgotten just how many seeds go into a furrow or how deep to plant them, but brother what we can't tell you about a two cylinder engine just wouldn't be worth knowing. Each one looks, acts, and runs just like every other one made but somehow each one, too, preserves a personality of its own. The one on the scythe for example will start only for me and then each other three half three with the choice full constant.

own. The one on the scythe for example will start only for me and then only after three half turns with the choke full on, and three half turns with the choke half on. Another, unless the day is warm and sunny refuses to start at all. Photography? Now there is an outdoor sport for you — for any-one. If you like machinery, gadgets, devices — and want to collect the greatest amount of useless end result — this is it. Any child perhaps knows that if the light is good, a ten dollar Brownie will produce an excellent picture. But what does 1959 demand? American, Japanesc, German, and Swedish cameras, lenses, enlargers, papers, light meters, projectors, mounts, cabinets, dark rooms, and fourteen different kinds of fluids — each one bearing labels that the manu-facturers disclaim any responsibility for skin or other serious dis-eases. Our favorite picture, alongside the guy that landed on the ice cake with his outboard motor, is one of an amateur enthusiast who showed up at a horse race so loaded down with cameras, lenses, film, and meters, that when the horses showed, he was so entangled in all the straps of his equipment he couldn't even stand up — much less

Continued on Page 45

# OUTDOOR PLANTING TABLE

Find the latitude of your town or city. Interpolate between columns below to find your planting date. For example, if you live in Grove City, Pa. (Lat. 41°09'35') this would mean the latitude was about balfway between Boston-Phila. So your planting times would also be balfway between. N.B. Plant one week later for every 500 ft. elevation above sea level. The "Moon Most Favorable" columns give the superstitious times when the phase of moon is "Right" for planting the crop indicated during 1959. See also page 15. For flowers, use same dates as Beans, except bulbs for which use the Beets column.

	42°21′	AA!!	1 39°56′	50//	1 33°45′10″			
	Boston L		Phila. La		Atlanta L			
	Plant		Plant	1	Plant	1		
	Anytime	Moon	Anytime	Moon	Anytime	Moon		
	Between Dates	Most Favorable	Between Dates	Most Favorable	Between Dates	Most Favorable		
CROP	Below	Between	Below	Between	Below	Between		
Barley	May 15-Jun 21	May 15-21	Mar 15-Apr 7	Mar 15-23	Feb 15-Mar 7	Feb 15-22		
Beans (Early)	May 7-Jun 21	May 15-21	Apr 15-30	Apr 16-22	Mar 15-Apr 7	Mar 15-23		
(Late) Beets (Early)	Jun 15-Jul 15 May 1 15	Jun 15-19	Jun 1-21 Mar 15 Apr 20	Jun 6-19	Aug 7-30	Aug 7-17 Feb 23-28		
(Late)	May 1-15 Jul 15-Aug 15	May 1-6 Jul 19-Au 3	Mar 15-Apr 30 Jul 15-30	July 19-30	Aug 7-30	Feb 23-28 Aug 18-30		
Broccoli (E)	May 15-30	May 15-21	Mar 7-30	Mar 9-23	Feb 15-Mar 15	Feb 15-22		
(Late) Brussels Spr.	Jun 15-Jul 7 May 15-30	June 15-19 May 15-21	Aug 1-20 Mar 7-Apr 15	Aug 4-17 Mar 9-23	Sept 7-30	Sent 8-15		
Plants	May 10-50	1914y 10=21	Mat 7-Apr 15	19101 J=20	Feb 11-Mar 20	Feb 11-22		
Cabbage (E)	May 15-30	May 15-21	Mar 7-Apr 15	Mar 9-23	Feb 7-Mar 20	Feb 7-22		
Plants (L) Carrots (E)	Jun 7-Aug 7 May 15-30	Jun 7-19 May 22-30	Jun 1-Jul 7 Mar 7-31	Jun 6-19 Mar 8,	Jul 15-30 Feb 15-Mar 7	July 15-18		
Carrots (E)	111ay 10-00	-		24-31	reb 15-Mar /	Feb 23- Mar 7		
(Late)	Jun 15-Jul 21	Jun 20-Jul 4	Apr 7-May 30	Apr 23-	Aug 1-Sept 7	Aug 1-3;		
Cauliflower(E)	May 15-30	May 15-21	Mar 15-Apr 7	May 6 Mar 15-23	Feb 15-Mar 7	18-31 Feb 15-22		
Plants (L)	Juue 15-Jul 21	Jun 15-19	Jun 1-Jul 7	Jun 6-19	Aug 7-30	Aug 7-17		
Celery (Early)	May 15-Jun 30	May 22-30	Mar 7-30	Mar. 7, 24-30	Feb 15-28	Feb 23-28		
(Late)	Jul 15-Aug 15	Jul 19-Au 3	Jun 15-Jul 7	Jun 20-Jul 4	Apr 15-30	Apr 23-30		
Corn,Sweet(E)	May 10-Jun 15	May 10-21	May 1-15	May 7-15	Mar 15-29	Mar 15-23		
	Jun 15-30 May 7-Jun 20		May 7-Jun 21 Apr 7-May 15	May 7-21 Apr 7-22	Aug 7-30	Aug 7-17		
	Jun 1-30			Apr 7-22	Mar 7-Apr 15 Mar 7-Apr 15	Mar 9-23 Mar 9-23		
Plants	Man 15 20					1		
Endive (Early)	May 15-50	May 22-50	Apr 7-May 15	Apr 23- May 6	Feb 15-Mar 20	Feb 23- Mar 8		
(Late)	Jun 7-30	Jun 20-30	Jul 15-Aug 15		Aug 15-Sept 7	Aug 18-		
Kale (Early)	May 15-30	May 15-21	Mar 15-Apr 7	Mar 15-23	Feb <b>15-</b> Mar 7	Sept 1		
(Late)	Jul 1-Aug 7	Jul 5-18	Jul 15-31	Jul 15-18	Sept 7-30	Feb 15-22 Sep 7-15		
Leek Plants	May 15-30	May 22-30	Mar 7-Apr 7	Mar 8, 24-	Feb 15-Apr 15	Feb 23-		
Lettuce	May 15-Jun 30	May 15-21	Mar 1-31	Apr 6 Mar 9-23	Feb 1 <b>5-</b> Mar 7	Mar 8 Feb 15-22		
	May 15-Jun 30	May 15-21	Apr 15-May 7	Apr 15-22	Mar 15-Apr 7	Mar 15-23		
Onion Plants Parsley	May 15-Jun 7 May 15-30	May 22-30 May 15-21	Mar 1-31 Mar 1-31	Mar 1-8 Mar 9-23	Feb 1-28 Feb 20 Mar 15	Feb 1-6		
		1914y 10-21			Feb 20-Mar 15	Mar 9-15		
Parsnip	Apr 1-30	Apr 1-6	Mar 7-31	Mar 7, 8, 24-31	Jan <b>15-</b> Feb 4	Jan 24		
Peas (Early)	Apr 15-May 7	Apr 15-22	Mar 7-31	Mar 9-23	Jan 15-Feb 7	Feb 4 Jan 16-23		
(Late)	Aug 15-30	Aug 15 17	Jul 7-31	Aug 15-17	Aug 15-30	Sept 7-15		
Pepper Plants Pumpkin	May 15-Jun 30 May 15-30	May 15-22 May 15-22	Apr 1-31 Apr 23-May 15	Apr 7-22 May 7-15	Apr 1-20 Apr 7-20	Mar 9-23		
	May 1-15	May 1-6	Apr 1-15	Apr 1-6		Apr 7-20 Feb 23-		
Radish (Early)	Apr 15 20	A - 02 20	Mar 7 01	Mar 7 0		Mar 1		
Radish (Barty)	Apr 15-50	Apr 23-30	Mar 7-31	Mar 7, 8, 24-31	Jan 21-Mar 1	Jan 24- Feb 6		
(Late)	Aug 15-30	Aug. 18-30	Aug 7-31	Sept 16-30	Sept 1-21	Oct 16-30		
Spinacb (E) (Late)	May 15-30 Jul 15-Sept 7	May 15-21 Jul 15-18	Mar 15-Apr 20 Aug 1-Sept 15	Mar 15-23	Feb 7-Mar 15	Feb 7-22		
Swiss Chard	May 1-30	May 7-21	Aug 1-Sept 15 Mar 15-Apr 15	Mar 15-23	Sept 1-21 Feb 7-Mar 15	Sept 2-15 Feb 7-22		
Summer Squ	May 15-Jun 15	May 7-21	Apr 15-May 15	Apr 15-22	Mar 15-Apr 15	Mar 15-23		
Tomato Plants Turnip (Early)			Apr 7-30 Mar 15-30	Apr 7-22 Mar 24-30	Mar 7-20 Jan 20-Feb 15	Mar 7, 8 Jan 24-		
					oan 20-rep 10	Feb 6		
(Late)	Jul 1-Aug 15	Jul 1-4	Aug 1-20	Aug 1-3	Sept 1-Oct 15	Sept 16-		
Wheat (Wint.)		Sep 11-15	Sept 15-Oct 20	Sept 15	Oct 15-Dec 7	Oct 1 Oct 15		
(Spring)	Apr 7-30					Mar 15-23		

# KILLING FROSTS and GROWING SEASONS

Courtesy of U.S. Weather Bureau

City	G.S. (Days)	Last Frost Spring	First Frost Fall	City	G.S. (Days)	Last Frost Spring	First Frost Fall
Lander, Wyo	123	May 18	Sept. 18	Boston, Mass.	195	Apr. 14	Oct. 26
Bismarck, N.D.	133		Sept. 21	Wichita, Kans.	197	Apr. 9	Oct. 23
Alpena, Mich.	141	May 13		Cincinnati, Ohio	198	Apr. 8	Oct. 23
Helena, Mont.	145		Sept.29	Lewiston, Ida.	201	Apr. 6	Oct. 24
Reno, Nev	145	May 14		Harrisburg, Pa.	202	Apr. 9	Oct. 28
Marquette, Mich.	149	May 13		Evansville, Ind.	207	Apr. 5	Oct. 29
Concord. N.H.	149	May 7	Oct. 3	Cairo, Ill.	212	Mar. 31	Oct. 29
Duluth, Minn	152	May 6	Oct. 5	Richmond, Va.	216	Mar. 31	Nov. 2
Green Bay, Wisc.	157	May 5	Oct. 9	Roseburg, Ore.	217		Nov. 11
Pocatello, Ida.	160	Apr. 29	Oct. 6	Oklahoma City .	218	Mar. 30	Nov. 3
Denver, Colo	160		Oct. 10	Chattanooga	220	Mar. 29	
Pierre, S. Dak.	160	Apr. 30	Oct. 7	Raleigh, N.C.	223	Mar. 27	
Minneapolis	166		Oct. 10	Little Rock, Ark.	241		Nov. 14
Detroit, Mich.	170	Apr. 28	Oct. 15	El Paso, Tex	242	Mar. 19	Nov. 16
Des Moines, Ia	171	Apr. 21		Tucson, Ariz	243	Mar. 11	
Fort Wayne, Ind.	171		Oct. 13	Macon, Ga	245		Nov. 14
Ludington, Mich.	172	May 2	Oct. 21	Columbia, S.C.	246		Nov. 18
Albany, N.Y.	174		Oct. 15	Montgomery, Ala.	250		Nov. 13
Madison, Wise.	174		Oct. 17	Shreveport, La.	251		Nov. 12
Santa Fe, N.M.	177		Oct. 19	Portland, Ore	251		Nov. 21
Hartford, Conn	177		Oct. 13	San Bernardino .	259		Nov. 22
Toledo, Ohio	179		Oct. 18	Eureka, Calif	277		Dec. 18
Portland, Maine .	181		Oct. 17	Del Rio, Tex	277		Nov. 27
Spokane, Wash	182		Oct. 13	Sacramento	283		Nov. 29
Parkersburg	184		Oct. 18	Phoenix, Ariz	296	Feb. 10	
Omaha, Nebr.	184		Oct. 15	Yuma, Ariz	334		Dec. 20
Salt Lake City .	185	Apr. 18		San Francisco	350		Dec. 29
Chicago, Ill	186	Apr. 16		Los Angeles	*	*	*
				San Diego	*	45	T 1
Springfield, Mo	193	Apr. 12	Oct. 22	*Frosts do not occu	ir every	year.	
St. Joseph, Mo Trenton, N.J Springfield, Mo	191 191 193	Apr. 9 Apr. 16	Oct. 17, Oct. 24 Oct. 22	Miami, Fla San Diego	* * 1r every :	* * year.	*

# Harris Famous MORETON HYBRID

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- "Best taste af any I have ever had . . ." "Yaung plants bigger and sturdier than ather varieties"
- "Fine early crap and picks right thraugh the seasan"

"Fruits are large size, smaath, salid, fine calar with wonderful quality"

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If you grow flowers, you'll want to plant some of HARRIS' NEW HYBRID PETUNIAS. They bloom earlier, have larger and more beautiful flowers and the plants are compact and bloom continuously.

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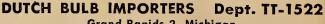
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44

### IN THE GREAT OUT OF DOORS

(Continued from Page 41)

take a picture. But there is nothing quite like this hobby, excepting bridge, which more quickly reveals just who is the family boss. Bidding three no trump and going down two, consistently, never encouraged the tirades that a series of under or over exposed prints is sure to create.

Actually, however, nothing of this outdoor craze (no matter in Actually, however, nothing of this outdoor craze (no matter in which direction it runs) could exist without mail order. It is a four way process. You read the ad. You send for the catalog. You get and admire and try out the article. Then you discard it. This makes for Christmas every day — the only difference being that Christmas has an end. The outdoor craze has none. Tents, charcoal broilers, radar howers, fish scalor swimming pools reals saws boats movers sprayan end. The outdoor craze has none. Tents, charcoal broilers, radar lamps, fish scales, swimming pools, reels, saws, boats, mowers, spray-ers, cameras, houses, shrubs, seeds, remedies, flags, balloons, butter-files. What man is there today who can resist the skilled advertising words which build up in his mind these pictures of outdoor success? Seeing these things in a store may leave you cold but that sketch on the printed page will land you in hip boots, with a hundred dollars worth of equipment hanging over your shoulder quicker than a jack rabbit can take off. And even fifteen years after the war, "Army Surplus" if we may believe the ads, is only in its infancy. Wait till Papa brings home the Pentagon and four square miles of housing!

Heard

Sterling

Symbol,

tales

strange

about mysterious look.

Silver

ing Hands? This is a gen-This is a gen-uineBoneBlack

Cat on a unique Hand, with a

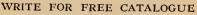
Horseshoe. Se-curely set in this curious Hand, on which

is engraved an



ine Quality ex-tra Powerfully estones. Weird look-Magnetic Drawing Lodestones. Weird look-ing a real Curio, treasured for its strange Symbolism! Here is a Golden chance to proudly own this very skillful creation! We believe it's what you want, get it in your hands fast! \$3.48 with a Lambskin Bag, Postpaid, or C. O. D. \$3.48 & Postage. Money Back Guaranteed. Copyright 758-Dorst 570 P. SHIPEALICO Roy 72 Dept. 579, P.S. BUREAU CO., Box 72, Gen. P. O., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

As featured in the Saturday Evening Post and the Book GALLERY ON THE GREEN: "Where It's Fun to Shop"





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## OUR MAN IN THE MOON

It is with only the great and good luck for which this Almanac is famous that we are able at this time to report a stupendous news beat — the FIRST REPORT FROM THE FIRST HUMAN BEING EVER TO LAND ON THE MOON. Following his report of a landing a few years ago (see Yankee Magazine, May 1954) of a flying saucer on Mt. Monadnock in Southern New Hampshire, our reporter, J. Seneca Smelk, decided — being of an inquisitive nature — to take a trip to the other side of the world (near Burma). While there he pursued a tip that several saucers would be landing on one of the mountains near there in the interior and, consequently, by elephant team, proceeded to the spot. As luck would have it, however, he was unknowingly trespassing on Soviet territory during part of this trip — captured — and carried to Moscow where he was immediately scized upon as the victim which the Soviet's first rocket to the moon would carry. Still and all, as we knew it would, his loyalty remained with America — and particularly with his former employer, this publication. He has remitted no details of his experience in flight (no doubt drugged by the Soviets during it), but he does state that this message, sent to us by him from the moon, will have arrived at the atmospheric rim by saucer express — and from there on in by special devices, including a magnetic beam

and from there on in by special devices, including a magnetic beam to the copper weathervane on our building — to which we found it hanging on the morning of August first, last. "Dear Mr. Thomas —

"You may be surprised to hear from me at my present location on the moon. I am sitting on a beach of brilliant white sand girt with green marble rocks and forest of yews and firs. The sea, as deep a blue as ours, breaks upon crystal white boulders, ere it charges upon these shores. A green plain behind me reaches to a chain of lofty obelisk-shaped slender pyramids some forty miles in length made of wine-colored amethyst and appearing in this light as the colors of

lilacs. Each pyramid is about 75 feet high. "All is barren between these obelisks but beyond them is a moun-

"All is barren between these obelisks but beyond them is a moun-tainous region with huge oaks decked with yellow flowers. Here abound many cascades vividly reminding me of Byron's 'tail of the white horse in the Revelations.' "In the plain betweeu me and the obelisks a herd of brown quad-rupeds — like our bison — is grazing. These animals have a peculiar hairy veil which, stretching between their ears, acts as a shade against the great extremes of light and darkness here. Down the beach a bit are two bluc monsters — something like antelopes with a single horn on each head which supports a similar eve shade in a single horn on each head which supports a similar eye shade in

the form of a small numbrella. "Since my arrival I have counted no less than 38 species of forest trees, nine species of mammalia, and five ovidaria. One of the mammals is a small beaver which walks on two feet and carries its young in its arms. One of the birds resembles our stork. For food, of course, there is an abundance of delicious palm melons everywhere, a variety of shellfish, and waist-high shrubs. These have branches from which are suspended small balloons of various colors. These contain various different drinks easily obtained by squeezing the balloons. Truthfully, however, as no advertising is carried on here, these drinks all taste the same.

"Of course, I am now free of the Soviets. The rocket which landed me here has disintegrated and I am naturally concerned about my Robinson Crusoe existence. The 'people' average about four feet in height, wear no clothes but are fully covered, except for their faces, with short, copper-colored hair. They are born with sets of wings which fold between the tops of their shoulders and their knees. They talk with their hands even more elegandity than do we and some of talk with their hands even more cloquently than do we, and some of their amusements appear to be far removed from any terrestrial sense of decorum. Strangely enough, they pay but little attention to me (no more than I would on earth have given to a deer or fox). I However, I am gradually picking up some of their words, and as time goes on hope to establish a more friendly relationship. It may be I even will settle down and raise a family.

"There are, of course, many other observations of interest here a flaming mountain which apparently furnishes heat and hot water



# What kind of diet are you on?

(just about everybody is!)

# Infant diet?

There used to be a bugaboo that bananas were indigestible. Now doctors prescribe ripe bananas as one of baby's first solid foods — because they are so easily digested.

## 3 TO 4 MONTHS OLD?

Time for "His Nibs" to sample a "solid" ... so MASHA-BANANA (a fully ripe one) and start each feeding with one teaspoonful. Enlarge portions gradually as baby's appetite increases.

## 6 MONTHS TO 1 YEAR?

Some babies this old — and yours may be one of them — eat HALF-A-BANANA a day! It's still fully ripe, still mashed — but sometimes varied in one of these ways:

1 to 2 tablespoons with cereal 1 to 2 tablespoons over custard 1 to 2 tablespoons mixed with other fruits

## PAST THE BIG FIRST BIRTHDAY?

Slice a whole banana... and serve it with milk and sugarany time hunger strikes! Bananas are good to grow on-full of health-building vitamins and minerals ... plus wholesome natural fruit sugars for energy.

# **Geriatric diet?**

Bananas are easy to fix, easy to chew – perfect for older folks. And they help sustain youthful vitality with a well-balanced supply of vitamins and minerals.

# Breakfast idea ... BANANA FRENCH TOAST

3 eggs, slightly beaten 1⁄4 tsp. ground nutmeg 8 slices white bread 4 ripe bananas, sliced 1 cup milk 1½ tsp. sugar 4 tbsp. butter Maple sirup

Combine eggs, milk, sugar and nutmeg. Dip each bread slice quickly in and out of mixture. Skillet-fry in butter, turning once. Serve topped with bananas and sirup. (4 servings)

# Lunch idea ... BANANA COTTAGE CHEESE SALAD

Center ½ cup skim milk cottage cheese on lettuce. Circle with 2 stewed prunes, 2 stewed apricots and 1 ripe banana, sliced. (1 serving)

## Dinner idea ... BANANA MEAT LOAF

 1 lb. ground beef
 1 tbsp. salt

 1 tbsp. chopped onion
 ½ tsp. pcppcr

 1 cup soft bread crumbs
 ½ tsp. dry mustard

 ¾ cup mashed ripe bananas

Combine meat, onion, salt, pepper and bread crumbs. Add mustard to bananas. Stir into meat mixture. Form into loaf, and bake in loaf pan, 8½ x 4½ x 3", at 350° F. for about 1 hour. (4 servings)

# Weight-losing diet?

Maybe you have heard the bugaboo that bananas are fattening. What are the facts? The U. S. Department of Agriculture states that a medium banana has only 88 calories. And bananas help you stick to a diet because they're so satisfying.



Luncheon idea ..., 203 calories per serving

## BANANA-COTTAGE CHEESE SALAD

1 ripe medium banana 2 lettuce leaves ½ cup skim-milk cottage cheese l radish Paprika

Slice banana lengthwise onto lettuce. Add cottage cheese. Garnish with radish rose, paprika. Use low-calorie mayonnaise, if desired. (1 serving)





- 1 cgg, separated 2 tbsp. lemon juice Grated rind of 1 lemon
- 1/4 cup sugar
- 1/2 tsp. ground mace
- 2 ripe medium bananas
- 3 cups whipped topping made from non-fat milk solids (see package directions)

Beat egg yolk, lemon juice and rind together. Mix in half of sugar. Cook over low heat till thick (3 to 4 min.), stirring constantly. Add mace. Cool. Beat egg white to soft peaks; add remaining sugar; beat to stiff peaks. Fold egg white, then



whipped topping into cooled mixture. Fill dessert glasses with alternate layers of mixture and sliced bananas. Garnish with banana slices and dash of mace. Chill, serve same day. (8 servings)

Dinner idea ... 192 calories per serving

#### TROPICAL PLATE

2 ripe bananas, diced 1 tbsp. prepared mustard 2 tbsp. chopped sweet pickle 1 cup canned salmon, flaked 1/2 cup diced canned pineapple, drained
1/2 cup diced celery
1 thsp. low-calorie mayonnaise

Combine ingredients. Chill. Serve on lettuce leaves. (4 servings)



# Low-fat diet?



Bananas contain almost no fat at all—less than 2/10 of 1%. They fit right into your diet plan—and add so much to your good nutrition...your eating pleasure, too.

# Breakfast idea ... BANANA MAPLE TOAST

(Total fat content per serving - 0.9 gm.)

1 slice bread 1 tsp. maple sirup 1 ripe banana ¼ tsp. ground cinnamon

Toast bread (white or whole wheat). Slice banana over it, cover with maple sirup and sprinkle with cinnamon. (1 serving)

# Lunch idea ... BANANA GELATIN SALAD

(Total fat content per serving-0.4 gm.)

1 pkg. fruit-flavored gelatin 2 ripe bananas, sliced

Prepare gelatin as directed. Chill till slightly thickened. Gently fold in

freshly sliced bananas. Chill till firm. (4 servings)

# Party idea ... JAMAICAN TIDBITS

(Total fat content per piece -2.2 gm.)

4 bananas

 $\frac{1}{2}$  cup honey

1 cup gingersnaps, finely crushed

Peel bananas and cut each banana into 5 pieces, crosswise. Cover each with honey. Roll in crushed gingersnap crumbs.



1-11

There's no cholesterol at all in bananas. So if your doctor suggests cutting down your daily cholesterol intake, bananas a-plenty are perfectly safe — and they're ever so satisfying.

Breakfast idea ... BANANA CINNAMON TOAST

(Total cholesterol content negligible)

1 banana, sliced1 tsp. sugar½ tsp. einnamon1 tsp. vcgetable margarine1 slice white or whole-wheat bread (bakery yeast loaf)

Toast bread and spread with margarine. Cover with banana slices and sprinkle with sugar and cinnamon. (1 serving)

## Dinner idea ... BAKED BANANA

(Total cholesterol content per serving -0)

#### 1 ripe banana

1 thsp. lemon juice

Peel banana. Brush with lemon juice. Bake at 425° F. for 8-10 min. Serve hot as a vegetable or as a dessert with hot orange sauce.\* (1 serving)

## \*ORANGE SAUCE

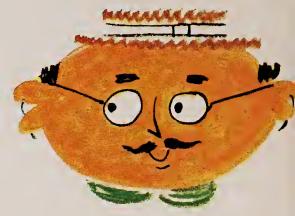
(Total cholesterol content per serving -0)

3 tbsp. sugar	dash of einnamon	l cup orange juice
1 tbsp. eornstarch	dash of salt	1 tsp. lemon juice
	l tsp. orange rind	

Mix together sugar, cornstarch, cinnamon and salt in saucepan. Add orange juice, lemon juice and orange rind. Bring to boil. Cook about 5 min., or until thickened, stirring constantly. Makes about 1 cup.

# Low-sodium diet!

Bananas are a blessing for people on lowsodium diets. Their natural flavor needs no embellishment—and you can enjoy all you want. A medium banana has well under 0.5 mg. of sodium.



FRUIT SALAD (Sodium content per serving - 7.33 mg.)

1 ripe medium banana2 lettuce leaves½ eup orange sections½ eup grapefruit sections2 tbsp. low-sodium mayonnaise

Peel banana and slice crosswise into  $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch rounds. Combine banana slices with orange and grapefruit sections on lettuce leaves. Serve with low-sodium dressing. (1 serving)





#### BANANA MERINGUE

(Sodium content -17.05 mg.)

3 ripe bananas, sliced

6 meringue shells (salt free) 1/2 eup sliced strawberries

Fill each meringue shell with banana and strawberry slices.

#### BANANA BAKED WITH MAPLE SUGAR

(Sodium content per serving -0.5 mg.)

1 ripe medium banana 2 thsp. maple

1 tbsp. lemon juice

2 tbsp. maple sugar

Peel banana; brush with lemon juice and sprinkle with maple sugar. Place on baking sheet and into  $450^{\circ}$  F. oven 8-10 min. (1 serving)

#### LOW-SODIUM MAYONNAISE

(Sodium content per tbsp.-0.32 mg.)

 1 egg yolk
 ½ tsp. dry mustard

 1 tsp. sugar
 2 tbsp. lemon juice

 1 cup salad oil

Beat together egg yolk, mustard, sugar and 1 tbsp. lemon juice. Add salad oil slowly, beating constantly. Beat in remaining tbsp. lemon juice. Chill. Makes 1 cup.



Bananas are more than just "digestible." Because of bland texture and unique composition, they actually *aid* digestion. So havabanana on days you feel a little off your stride.

# Lunch idea ... BANANA BREAD

1 ¾ cups sifted all-purpose flour2 ¾ tsp. double-action baking powder½ tsp. salt⅓ cup shortening⅔ cup sugar2 slightly beaten eggs1 eup mashed ripe bananas (3 to 4)

Sift together flour, baking powder, salt.

Place shortening in mixing bowl and beat till creamy (300 strokes by hand or 2 min. at medium speed on mixer). Gradually add sugar to shortening, beating until light and fluffy after each addition. Add eggs and beat till thick and pale lemon in color.

Add flour mixture and bananas alternately, blending thoroughly.

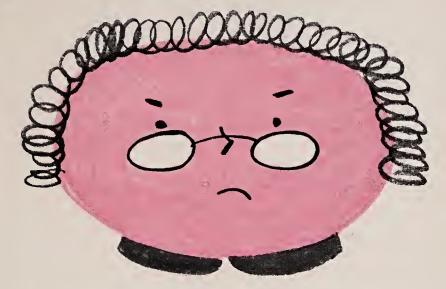
Grease bottom of loaf pan,  $4\frac{1}{2} \ge 8\frac{1}{2} \ge 3$ ". Pour in batter. Bake 60 to 70 min. at 350° F. Let cool partially in pan. (20-30 min.) Cool thoroughly on rack before wrapping.

# Dessert idea ... BANANA RUSSE

Prepare any packaged pudding according to directions. Cool. Place 3 to 4 ladyfingers around edge of sherbet glass. Fill glass with alternate layers of ripe banana slices and pudding.



**Convalescent diet?** 



Ripe bananas are smooth, mild, gentle . . . and supply essential nutrients. Sliced with milk, they provide vitamins and minerals which coddle convalescents right back to good health.

## Dinner idea... BAKED CHICKEN with Banana Dressing

6-lb. roasting chicken 1/4 cup finely chopped onions 1/4 tsp. poultry seasoning 1/4 cup m

n 1½ cups diced, ripe bananas d onions ¾ tsp. salt ning 2¼ cups soft bread crumbs, firmly packed ½ cup melted butter or margarine

Stuffing: mix onion, bread crumbs, salt, poultry seasoning, diced bananas. Add butter or margarine. Mix thoroughly. Stuff and roast chicken  $3\frac{1}{2}$  to 4 hours at  $350^{\circ}$  F.

# Dessert idea ... BANANA PUDDING

1 cup non-fat dry milk solids $\frac{1}{4}$  tsp. salt2 cups skim milk $\frac{1}{4}$  cup sugar3 tbsp. cornstarch1 tsp. lemon juice2 fully ripe bananas

Scald 1½ cups skim milk. Mix dry ingredients. Slowly stir in ½ cup cold skim milk, then scalded milk. Cook, stirring until smooth and thickened. Cool; add lemon juice. Chill till serving time; add sliced bananas. (4 servings)

# Got-no-troubles diet?

Bananas are one of the best-tasting foods you can eat any day! Such a happy way to build good nutrition into your daily diet. So help yourself. Havabanana today!



#### BANANA CREAM PIE

1 pkg. prepared vanilla pudding1 baked 8" pie shell3 ripe bananas

Prepare pudding as directed on package, then cool. Cover bottom of pie shell with small amount of cooled filling. Peel bananas and slice into pie shell. Cover with remaining filling. Top with sweetened whipped cream and slices of banana. (8 servings)





#### BANANA AND SHRIMP CURRY

l banana 1½ tsp. butter 3 oz. eleaned canned shrimp 3/4 cup cooked white rice

Peel banana. Place in baking dish. Brush well with butter or margarine. Pour half the Curry Sauce\* over banana. Bake in moderate oven  $(375^{\circ}$  F.) 15-18 min., until banana is tender. Heat shrimp in remaining Curry Sauce and serve with the banana on a bed of hot rice.

\*Easy Curry Sauce. Combine 1 can condensed cream of chicken soup with ½ cup milk and ½ tsp. curry powder (or more). Heat.

#### BANANA KEBOB

l banana	3 oz. hamburger meat	1⁄2 sweet green pepper
3 strips bacon	1⁄2 sweet red pepper	

Cut banana crosswise into three pieces. Form meat into three balls; wrap each in a strip of bacon. Cut peppers into bite-size pieces. Thread on skewer. Broil or grill, turning several times until done.

# Liquid diet?



Be sure to try a banana shake on the days your doctor advises liquids. Just mashabanana with a fork, shake with cold milk —and pour yourself an almost perfectly balanced ration.

#### BANANA FRUIT SHAKE

Peel 1 ripe banana. Mash well with a fork. Add 1 cup fruit juice. Shake until smooth and creamy. (1 serving)

Use: fresh orange juice or canned pineapple juice or cranberry juice

#### GINGER-ALE FRUIT SHAKE

Peel 1 ripe banana. Mash well with fork. Add ½ cup orange juice. Shake until smooth and creamy. Mix with 1 cup ginger ale. (1 serving)

#### BANANA MILK SHAKES

#### 1 fully ripe banana

Peel banana. Mash well with fork. Add milk and beat or shake until smooth and creamy. Serve immediately. (1 serving)

Variations:

Choconana Milk Shake: follow above recipe, adding 1 tbsp. chocolate sirup. Frosted Banana Milk Shake: follow above recipe, adding 3 tbsp. vanilla ice cream.

Banana Orange Milk Shake: to mashed banana, add ½ cup milk, ½ cup orange juice, ½ tsp. sugar. Beat and serve.

#### 1 eup cold milk

# **Growing-up diet?**



Bananas satisfy hunger — and "hidden hunger," too. They provide vitamins and minerals to help kids grow strong and healthy, plus wholesome fruit sugars for quick energy.

## OUT OF HAND

Bananas are naturally wrapped for eating out of hand. You can take them along on a picnic . . . eat them while watching TV. Bananas make good, easy eating any time you're hungry. So keep a bowlful ready—where hungry kids (and grownups, too) can help themselves to a snack that's wholesome.

## BANANA OATMEAL COOKIES

$1\frac{1}{2}$ cups sifted flour	¼ tsp. nutmeg	l cup mashed ripe banana
l cup sugar	3/4 tsp. cinnamon	1/2 cup chopped nuts
1/2 tsp. baking soda	¾ cup shortening	1¾ cups rolled
l tsp. salt	l egg, well beaten	quick oats

Sift together flour, sugar, soda, salt, nutmeg, cinnamon into mixing bowl. Cut in shortening. Add egg, bananas, nuts and rolled oats. Beat until thoroughly blended. Drop by teaspoonfuls, about 1½ inches apart, onto ungreased cookie pans. Bake at 400° F. about 15 min. Remove from pan immediately and allow to cool. (Makes 3½ dozen)

## BANANA SPLIT

Peel 1 fully ripe banana and cut lengthwise into halves. Place cut side up, side by side, in shallow dish. Top with 3 scoops of ice cream and pour on your favorite sauce. Garnish with whipped cream, chopped nuts and bright maraschino cherries. Whatever diet you're on – Help yourself – HAVABANANA

Help yourself to a slender figure!

Help yourself to new vitality!

Help yourself to better digestion!

Remember—a medium banana has only 88 calories!

# Help yourself to Chiquita's FREE RECIPE BOOK

Bright color pictures! New banana recipes! Easy-does-it ideas for breakfast, lunch, dinner! Just send your name and address to United Fruit Co., Box OFA, Pier 3, North River, New York 6, N. Y.

Free reprints: Write to the above address for reprints of this diet booklet.



# Calorie Low!\* Vitality High! Bananas belong in your daily diet!

\*CALORIE LOW! Only 88 calories in a medium banana, according to U.S. Dept. of Agriculture. Fruits as a class are low in calories, and bananas are a particularly lowcalorie food because they may be eaten straight from the peel with no high-calorie extras added,

UNITED FRUIT COMPANY PRINTED IN U.S.A

# Recipes

Sunrise one morning during the late 1600's revealed a weathered sloop riding at anchor in Boston Harbor. Shorefront observers saw that it rode low iu the water, evidently carrying a heavy cargo. They had no way of knowing that this cargo was the first of its kind ever to reach New England and was to initiate changes in New England's output or each discharge behits on reacting being of

to reach New England and was to initiate changes in New England's eating and drinking habits, as well as to play its part in bringing a country yet undreamed of to civil war. Down in the sloop's creaking hold, hogsheads of molasses crowded each other, lumbered aboard weeks before in the West Indics. Soon the sweet syrup would be on every Yankee table, poured over break-fast dishes and desserts, mixed into hasty pudding, and used as the sweetening ingredient in countless New England recipes. Shortly, men would be distilling it into rum, most of which would go to Africa to be traded for slaves, these to be traded in the South for sugar molasses, and money—to the completion of the triangle and the enrichment of the Yankee trader.

the enrichment of the Yankee trader. Not too long after the landing of that first cargo of molasses, Boston housewives and their cooks were experimenting with the new ingredient in cookies, cakes, and candies, and even adding it to baked beans.

## **BOSTON BAKED BEANS**

1 quart pea beans 1/2 lb. salt pork 1/3 cup sugar 1/3 cup molasses

Wash and pick over beans. Soak overnight in cold water. In the morning, drain, cover beans with fresh water and simmer until skins break. Put beans into bean pot. Score pork and press into beans, filling pot three-fourths full. Add sugar, molasses, salt, and mus-tard. Cover with boiling water. Cover and bake 8 hours without stirring in slow oven, 250°. Keep beans almost covered in water. Beneve cover during last half hour of baking Serves 8. Remove cover during last half hour of baking. Serves 8.

## BAKED SQUASH

winter squash salt sugar

Cut squash in bite-size portions. Remove seeds. Cook in boiling salted water several minutes. Then peel and place in baking dish. Sprinkle with salt and a light sprinkling of sugar. Pour molasses over the squash. Dot with butter. Bake in moderate oven, 350°, for about an hour, or until tender. Baste several times during cooking.

### BAKED HAM AND PINEAPPLE

Ham slice, thick cut whole cloves pineapple slices

Place ham, studded with cloves, in greased baking dish. Arrange pineapple slices on top of ham, adding a little of the pincapple juice. Pour molasses over all. Cover and bake in moderate oven, 350°, for about an hour, basting frequently.

### MOLASSES PIE

3 eggs 1 cup brown sugar 1 cup molasses ⅓ tsp. salt

Line 9-inch pan with pie crust. Beat eggs, sugar, molasses, salt and butter until sugar is dissolved and mixture has syrupy consistency. Add pecans and vanilla. Pour into pie crust. Bake in moderate oven, 350°, for 40-50 minutes.

Continued on Page 67

1 tsp. salt 1/2 tsp. dry mustard boiling water

# molasses butter

pincapple syrup molasses

4 cup melted butter 1 cup pecans 1 tsp. vanilla



# Serve that Sizzler on strong, wiltproof CHI-NET<sup>®</sup> paper plates

CHI-NET paper plates are just made to hold thick, juicy steaks with all the trimmings. Individually molded to shape, they stay rigid even when piled high with food . . . CHI-NET never gets



limp. Available in a variety of shapes, sizes and colors. Look for them in their attractive transparent packages at your favorite food or variety store.



**KEYES FIBRE COMPANY · WATERVILLE, MAINE** 

### BAKED INDIAN PUDDING

3/4

tsp. cinnamon

1/4 tsp. nutmeg

Tbs. butter

tsp. salt

67

5 cups milk 3 cup dark molasses 3 cup sugar

1/2 cup yellow cornmeal

Scald 3 cups of the milk. Add molasses, sugar, cornmeal, spices, and butter. Cook 20 minutes, or until mixture thickens. Pour iuto buttered baking dish. Add remaining 2 cups milk. Do not stir. Bake 3 hours in slow oven, 300°. Serve warm with cream. Serves 8.

## MAINE MOLASSES DOUGHNUTS

4 cups flour
$\frac{1}{4}$ tsp. cloves
$\frac{1}{4}$ tsp. ginger
1/8 tsp. salt
1 Tbs, melted lard

Beat eggs, add sugar, and beat well. Add molasses and sour milk, then add soda. Sift flour, salt, and spices, and add to mixture. Then put in the melted lard. Roll out doughnut shapes and fry in deep hot fat. Turn frequently. Drain. 3 dozen.

## GINGERBREAD

1½ cups flour 1/4 tsp. salt 1/2 cup oatmeal

cup butter 1

Mix flour, salt, and oatmeal. Cream butter. Add flour mixture and creau alternately. Stir in molasses, shredded lemon peel, and ginger. Work into a light dough, turn into a well-greased pan. Bake in moderate 350° oven for 40 minutes.

### **MOLASSES BUTTERSCOTCH**

1 cup sugar

1/4 cup molasses 1/2 cup butter

1 Tbs. vinegar

Combine all ingredients except lemon extract. Cook over low flame, stirring constantly. When mixture reaches hard ball stage, add lemon extract, pour into greased tin, and cool.

## OLD FASHINONED MOLASSES COOKIES

1/2	cup	butter	
1	eup	brown	sugar

egg

1 cup molasses

tsp. baking soda 1

cup sour milk 1

Cream butter and brown sugar. Beat egg and add to mixture. Add molasses, soda, and sour milk. Beat well. Sift flour and seasonings. Add to mixture and blend well. Drop onto greased baking tin. Bake 10-12 min. in moderate 375° oven. 3 dozen.

#### MEAD

4 lbs. brown sugar 4 ozs. ercam of tartar ½ pt. molasses 3 qts. boiling water 1 oz. checkcrberry 1 oz. sassafras

Mix brown sugar, molasses, and boiling water. Let stand. When lukewarm, add cream of tartar. When cold, add checkerberry and sassafras. Mix 2 tablespoons of this mixture in a glass of water with 1/3 tsp. soda. Add ice.

## **HAYMAKERS' SWITCHEL**

2 quarts water 1 cup sugar 1/2 cup molasses Stir ingredients together and let cool.

1/2 cup vinegar 1/2 tsp. ginger

Continued on Page 71

- 1/2 tsp. ginger 1/2 tsp. nutmeg 1 tsp. cinnamon
- 4½ cups flour
- 1 tsp. salt
- ½ tsp. lemou extract

3 Tbs. hot water pinch of salt

1½ cups molasses

1/2 cup cream

<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> cup candied lemon peel Tbs. ginger

# NEW ENGLAND INSTITUTIONS:



First National Stores is proud of its authentic New England heritage. Founded by New Englanders, and continuously operated by New Englanders, its policies have always been characterized by Yankee integrity: insistence upon finest quality, fullest service and most for the customers' money every day of every week!



68

# Jew England Baked Beans... great with Log Cabin Syrup!



Like church bells and town meetings, baked beans spell "New England." And beans baked with luscious Log Cabin Syrup have that rich sugarbush flavor all New Englanders love. That deep-down maple goodness adds magic to so many dishes. No wonder Log Cabin is such a hit with New England folks!

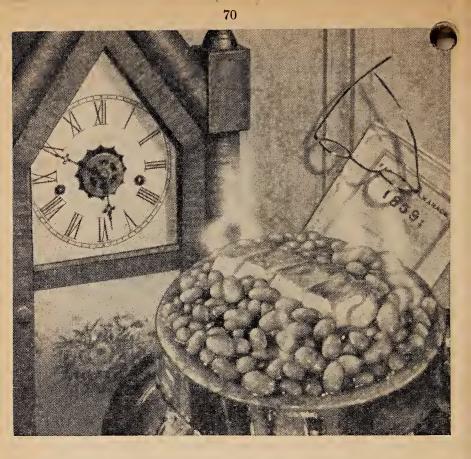
## BAKED BEAN CASSEROLE

Add <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> cup of Log Cabin instead of molasses, plus your favorite seasonings, to a two-quart casserole (approximately 3 large cans beans). Brown in the oven, topping with a trickle of Log Cabin. Get set for compliments!

LOG CABIN. The syrup with New England maple sugar blended into every drop.

Another fine product from General Foods Kitchens





These plump, tender B & M Brick Oven Baked Bean's are baked all day long in real bean pots with a luscious sauce of brown sugar and spices and big chunks of tender pork. Serve them often with B & M Brown Bread, steamed or toasted, for real "down east" good eating.

# New England brick oven BAKED BEANS

BURNHAM & MORRILL CO., Portland, Maine

### DRIED APPLE CAKE

1 lb. dates 1/2 tsp. salt 2 tsp. soda 2 tsp. allspice

2 tsp. nutmeg

1 tsp. cinnamon

3 cups dried apples

Τ.	cup	morasses
1	cup	butter
0		

cups sugar 4 cups flour

cups raisins 2 cups nutmeats

Soak dried apples overnight in water to cover. In the morning, drain, and chop apples very fine. Add molasses and simmer slowly until tender. Cool. Cream butter and sugar until light. Sift flour before measuring, sifting a little over the raisins, nut meats, and dates which have been chopped fine. Resift remainder of flour with salt, soda, and spices. Then stir the sifted ingredients into the butter mixture. Add other ingredients and when well blended stir in the apples. Bake in greased paper-lined loaf pans for about an hour at  $350^\circ$ 350°.

Delighted with their new molasses sweetening, the Colonists still remembered and yearned for the honey that they had known and enjoyed back home. They arranged to have hives of bees shipped over from England, and soon New England tables were graced with favorite honey dishes.

## HONEYED BEETS

8 beets, cooked 2 Tbs. butter

1/4 cup orange juice

1 tsp, grated orange peel 1/2 cup honey

salt and pepper

Dice beets and place in pan. Add other ingredients. Cook over moderate fiame until glaze forms on beets. Serves 4. HONEY SKEWERS

Cut into sections assorted fresh fruits, peeled: peaches, oranges, pineapple, apples, etc. Marinate for 2 hours in a mixture of 2 parts kirsch to 1 part honey. Broil fruit on skewers over coals for 10 minutes. Sprinkle lightly with lemon juice before serving.

## HONEY FRUIT COMPOTE

1 cup pears

- 1 cup peaches
- 1 cup apples
- 1 cup pineapple
- cup oranges

1 cup grapefruit

Cut up all fruit except berries. Add honey, lemon juice, orange juice, Kirsch. Mix lightly. Let fruit stand in cool place for an hour. Garnish with strawberries when served. Serves 6,

## LEG OF LAMB

1 5-lb. leg of lamb 1/2 cup prepared mustard 1/2 cup honey

for 2 hours. Blend mustard, honey, and seasoning and pour over lamb. Serves 6. Place lamb on rack in shallow roasting pan. Bake in slow oven, 300°,

## SCRIPTURE CAKE

1	cup butter Judges 5:25
31/2	cups flour I Kings 4:22
2	cuns sugar Jer. 6:20
10101	cups raisins I Sam. 30:12
1	cups figs I Sam. 30:12 cup water Gen. 24:17
1	cup almonds Gen. 43:11
ā	eggs Isa, 10:14

Tbs. honey Exod. 16:21 3 pinch of salt Lev. 2:13 spices to taste I Kings 10:10 ½ tsp. soda Matt. 13:33 1 tsp. cream of tartar Matt. 13:33 Father Solomon's advice for making good boys

Prov. 23:13

Written expressly for The Old Farmer's Almanac by Duncan MacDonald, Food Editor, YANKEE Magazine, Yankee Network broadcaster, and co-author (with Robb Sagendorph) of Rain, Hail and Baked Beans.

- 4 Tbs. honey 1 tsp. lemon juice 2 Tbs. orange juice 2 Tbs. Kirsch 1 cup strawberries

1 tsp. salt 1/4 tsp. pepper

# New England's favorite "handy ham"

INDER

Family

DEVILED HAN

Size

 $\mathbf{72}$ 

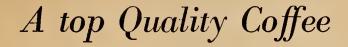
If you're an old line New Englander, you know Underwood Deviled Ham is just about as much a part of Yankee lore as the famed bean pot.

Underwood Deviled Ham was stowed aboard clippers headed around the Horn toward the California gold fields. It's one part of New England that has spread the length and breadth of the land.

There's a simple reason for this. William Underwood, the company founder was a Yankee. He made Deviled Ham from fine whole hams and a secret formula of spices — so it had flavor that couldn't be copied. You'll find this same flavor in every can of Underwood Deviled Ham — enjoy it in a sandwich, meal or snack — today!

## WM. UNDERWOOD CO., WATERTOWN 72, MASS. FINE FOODS SINCE 1821

TRY DELICIOUS UNDERWOOD LIVER SNAXSPRED • CLAM JUICE • WHOLE CLAMS • CLAM CHOWDER • SARDINES IN OIL . . . MUSTARD . . . OR TOMATO





that's easy on your pocketbook



Enjoy really good coffee, vacuum packed or in the economy package, and priced to save you money.

ask your grocer for

WHITE HOUSE COFFEEBox 1871BOSTON, (5) MASS.



# "Because I wasn't sleeping well, my doctor started me on Postum."

75

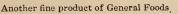
"I was tired so often, and yet, I slept poorly.

"I love coffee and I found the more tired, nervous and upset I felt, the more coffee I drank.

"Finally, I went to the doctor. He pointed out perhaps I was 'over-coffeed'—getting too much caffein. He advised me to drink Postum instead because Postum's 100% coffee-free.

"You know, Postum's really good, doubly so because I sleep and feel so much better!"

Postum is 100% coffee-free





# Anecdotes

#### Recollection

In my day on the farm we had a nice pair of horses. But many older farmers had oxen and one horse. If the going was hard they would hitch the horse before the oxen. My father used to tell about one of these hitches.

An elderly sea captain retired to the farm and went to town with a big load. The oxen got tired and turned their yoke. The

captain's report was: "The larb'd ox was on the starb'd side, the starb'd was on the larb'd and old Jane was tangled up in the riggin' and we were all goin' to hell stern fore-most."

Ernest Henry Adams

### **Insurance** Firsts

According to The Trader's Companion, London, 1722.

The first man to introduce the insurance of ships and merchan-dise was Claudius Caesar, some-time before 222 A.D. It refers to Suctonius' "Lives of the Caesars," Deck 25 Chem 18 Claudius' mide Book 25, Chap. 18. Claudius' wife (Agrippina), you will remember, poisoned him, using a mushroom as the conveyance.

Houses and lives came later (1684) with The Friendly Soci-ety, projected by Henry Spel-man. Sir Christopher Wren, famous architect was one of the trustees of the Society's funds. Another associate with Spelman was one William Hale from the County of Hertford.



### **Grace Before Victuals**

A poverty stricken Irish poet pronounced Grace before his intended meal of a small piece of beef and a few dwarfed pota-toes this way:

Thou that blest the loaves 01and fishes,

Look down upon these two poor dishes.

And though the taters are but small, Oh make them large enough for

all For

an, For if they do our bellies fill, Twill be a kind of MIRACLE.



#### **Good Shots**

Priest in his "Travels in Amer-ica" tells of a company of Vir-ginia riflemen, quartered at Lan-caster, Mass., in 1775. Two of them alternately held a

board only nine inches square be-tween his knees while his com-rade fired a ball through it from a distance of one hundred paces.

## Hibernian Catch

My Duck she eat a Snail And was not that a wonder It came out thro' her tail And split her rump asunder.

### Booknotes, 1787

## **Connecticut** Winters

Peter's History of Connecticut 1829 is held an honest book. The author relates therein that naturalists of his day attributed cold winters to New England's frozen lakes and rivers and its snowcapped mountains. With this Peters disagrees:

"I write from experience. Mountains with snow on them are not so cold as those without. But mountains covered with trees are the coldest of all places, but without trees are not so cold as are forests on plains. I am clearly of the opinion that the infinite quantity of timber whether on mountains or not is the grand cause of the coldness of Connecticut's winters.<sup>3</sup>

76

### **Figure These Out**

In one second there flies out of a burning candle ten millions of times more than the number of grains of sand in the whole earth.

The eggs of a female fish amount to 9,334,000 in number. The male to fertilize each must have 10,000 spermatic Animalculae or within him 84 times more fish than there are people in the world.

A penny placed at compound interest of five per cent at the birth of Jesus Christ would have produced by 1786, a value of \$110,000,000. At single interest, only a few dollars.

A strict old-fashioned school master in his 50 years of teaching gave 911,500 canings, 124,000 floggings, 136,000 ruler blows, 22,700 tasks to set by heart and made 700 boys stand on peas, 600 kneel on a sharp piece of wood, 5000 wear the Fool's Cap.

The difference between rising at five and seven in the morning in the space of 40 years, providing one goes to bed at the same hour every night, is the equivalent to the addition of ten years to a man's life.



## **Dutch Elm Blight**

According to a United Press dispatch of June 9, 1957, Bernard Warren of Grand Rapids, Michigan, confessed to having brought, nnknowingly, this nation's Dutch Elm Blight Disease. This happened when he imported 12 carloads of Carpathian elms from Europe for elm burl furniture veneer.

#### **Purely Physiological**

The waters beneath the Arctic ice, despite cold and darkness, teem with animal life. During the winter months egg laying and reproduction are at their height. All the organisms freeze solid when brought to the surface yet when thawed in the Laboratory show no ill effects. Within hours insects come out and act just as if Spring had appeared, and frozen plants from the tundra when thawed grew with unbellevable rapldity.

News Letter Arctic Inst. of N.A.

### **Purely Occidental**

A Chinese husband, after having been presented by his wife with eight lovely children with the color of his own race, was dismayed upon finding the ninth was pure white. He questioned his wife seriously in this regard for quite some time but received no adequate answer. Finally, pressed too hard, she told him not to worry, that such an event was "purely Occidental."

#### Nonengenarianisms

Hiram Carey, 97, Dublin, N.H., remarked recently that "some people don't know when to stop until the rope is around their neck." Also, when viewing one of the new cars . . . "There have been plenty of things in my life I've enjoyed more in the wanting than the having."

### **General Washington's Motion**

In 1817, in a debate in the House, a member related and applied an anecdote he had heard from a member of the convention which formed the Constitution. The motion had been made that Congress should restrict our standing army to 5000. General Washington, being chairman, could not amend such a motion so he whispered to a member from Maryland to do this for him this way: Namely, that the motion should be amended to read that no foreign enemy should invade the United States at any one time with more than 3000 troops.



## FISH AND GAME SUMMARY

(Format copyrighted - must not be copied.)

Based on latest (mostly 1957-58) available laws courtesy of State Fish & Game Commissioners. For the most part 1959 laws not released until after press date (June, 1958) and so no attempt is made here at accuracy; in fact, only approximations of the months which may include seasons are given. This table useful only for vacation planning considerations and to satisfy curiosity as to what the various states offer in the way of hunting and fishing.

EXACT DATES, LIMITS, ETC. MUST BE VERIFIED LOCALLY.

STATE ds	ANTELOPE	BEAR	DEER	MT. GOAT SHEEP	ELK	MINK	MUSKRAT	OPOSSUM	RABBIT	RACCOON	SQUIRREL
Alabama. Alaska. Arizona. California. Colorado. Connecticut. Delaware. Florida.	9–10 C 9	C 9-6 0 C 10-1 4-11 0	$\begin{array}{c} \hline 11-12\\ 8-11\\ 10-11\\ 11-12\\ 8-10\\ 10\\ 12-1\\ 11\\ 11-12\\ \end{array}$	* 8 12 C 9	10 C C 10	$\begin{array}{c} 11-2\\ 12-1\\ 11-1\\ 11-2\\ 11-1\\ C\\ 12-3\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 11-2 \\ 1-5 \\ 11-1 \\ 11-3 \\ 11-4 \\ C \\ 12-3 \end{array}$	10-2 0 0 0 11-1	$\begin{array}{c} 10-2\\ 9-4\\ 0\\ 9-1\\ 11-1\\ 9-2\\ 11-12\\ 11-12\\ 0\\ \end{array}$	10-2 11-1 0 11-12 11-1	$ \begin{array}{c} 11-12\\ 0\\ 11\\ 10-12\\ 11-12\\ 11-12\\ 11\\ 9-10\\ 11-1 \end{array} $
Georgia. Idaho Illinois. Indiana. Iowa. Kansas. Kentucky	8	11-1 9-11	$     \begin{array}{c}             11 \\             S \\           $	9	10	11-1	11–12 11–1 11–12 12–1	10-1 11-12 11-1 12-1	$\begin{array}{c} 11-2\\ 10-1\\ 11-1\\ 11-1\\ 9-1\\ 12-10\\ 11-1 \end{array}$	10-1 11-1 11-1 10-2 11-1	11-1 10-1 C 8-10 9-11 9-12 8-12
Louisiana. Maine. Maryland. Massachusetts. Michigan. Minnesota. Mississippi. Missouri.		C 0 C 10-12 10-11 0 C	$11-1 \\ 10-11 \\ 10-12 \\ 12 \\ 11 \\ 11 \\ 11-12 \\ 11 \\ 11 \\ 1$		С	11 11-1 11-1 11 12-1 12-1	$11 \\ 1-3 \\ 11-1 \\ 11-1 \\ 11 \\ 12-1 \\ 12-1 \\ 12-1$	10-1 11-12 0 12-1 11-1	$11-12 \\ 10-3 \\ 11-12 \\ 10-2 \\ 10-3 \\ 10-2 \\ 10-2 \\ 10-2 \\ 6-2 $	10-12 10-12	10-12 10-11 10 10-11
Montana. Nebraska. Newada. New Hampshire New Jersey. New Mexico	9-11 9 8-9 9-10	0 C 11	10-11 10,11 10 11-12 10,12 11	9–11 12 <b>2</b>	10-11 11 10	6-8 11-1 11-3 11-1 12-3	6-8 11-3 11-3 11-1 12-3	0	0 10 10–3 11–12	0 9–3	9–12 10–11
New York. Long Island North Carolina North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon	9 8		C	x	10-11	11 11 11-2 12-1	11 11 11~3 12-1		10-11 11-1 11-1 11-12 0	10-1 10-2 0 11-2 12-1	10-12 11-12 10-12 9-10 5-12 0
Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Carolina South Dakota Tennessee Texas Utah	9 C P	11 10 11-12	$12 \\ 10, 1 \\ 12-3 \\ 11 \\ 11 \\ 11 \\ 11-12 \\ 10$			12–3 11–1 10–1 12–1	12-3 11-1 12-1	11-1 10-1	12–3 11–1	10-1 12-3 10-1 12-1	$     \begin{array}{r}       10 \\       11-12 \\       12-3 \\       9-12 \\       0     \end{array} $
Vermont. Virginia. Washington West Virginia Wiseonsin. Wyoming.	9		11 11–1	9 9-10	C 11 9-12		10–4 11–1 11–1		10-2 11-1 10-3 11-1 10-12	8-2 10-1 11-1 10-12	10 11-1 10-1 10-1
SPECIALS IN CERTAIN STATES:ALLIGATOR: Ga. (6-1); Fla. (6-1)CHACHALACA: Texas (12-1)WILD BOAR: Fla. (S); N. C. (10-12); Tenn.JAVELINA: Ariz. (2), Tex. (O)(10), Tex. (10)JAVELINA: Ariz. (2), Tex. (O)BUFFALO: Alaska (C), Ariz. (11), Utah (P);MOOSE: Alaska (9), Idaho (P), Mont. (9-11);Tex. (O)BLUEGILL: Ind. (O); Mass. (X), Mich.; S.D.;CARIBOU: Alaska (S)Tenn. (O)											

## SYMBOLS USED PAGES 78 AND 79

Months: January is represented by the numeral "1"- February by the numeral "2," etc. Seasous: lu the columns under the various animals, birds, and fishes you will note these numerals

easons: In the columns under the various animals, birds, and isses you will note these numerals which represent the months in which the various seasons open and close. This, "12-3" means the season opens in December and closes in March. A number standing alone means the season opens and closes within that month. Thus "12" alone means the season is within December. A number followed by a comma denotes two seasons: thus "9, 12" would mean a season in September and then another in December. "O" means no closed season; "X" not available; "S" special seasons, "C" closed, "P" Permit only.

VERIFY EXACT OPENING & CLOSING DATES IN EVERY CASE.

PARTRIDGE GROUSE PHEASANT QUAIL TURKEY TURKEY ESPECIES BASS BASS CRAPPIE PICKEREL SALMON BROOK TROUT	TROUT WHITEFISH
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$



Courte American Au Associa	tomobil tion		uto	1 3	Lai	vs.	1958	8
	Op. Rd.	. Date new						
	Speed	license	license	-			Safety	Certifi-
	Max. R—rea-	plates	Mini-	Gaso-	Percent		respon-	cate of
State	sonable)		mum	line	sales	Period	sibility	
Alabama	60		age	tax	tax	of stay1	law	required
Arizona	$\begin{array}{c} 60\\ R\end{array}$	Oct. 1 Dec. 1	16 18a	\$.07 05	1 9	30  days	A	no
Arkansas.	60 K	Jan. 1	18a 14c	$.05 \\ .065$	$\frac{2}{3}$	7 30 days	A	yes
California	55	Jan. 1	16bj	.005	3	30 days	A A	yes
Colorado	60	Jan. 1	16	.06	3 2	Reciprocal	A	yes yes
Connecticut	R	Mar. 1	16ik	.06	3	6 mos.	Α	no
Delaware	50	3 mos.*	16	.05		90 days	Ā	yes
D. C Florida	25 65	Mar. 1 Jan. 1	16† 165+	.06	2 1	Reciprocal	A	yes ,
Georgia	60	Jan. 1 Jan. 1	$16b^+$ 16	$.07 \\ .065$	1 3	Reciprocal	A	yes
Idaho	60	Dec. 1	16b	.065	ð	30 days Recip <b>roca</b> l	A A	no
Illinois.	65	On issue	16†	.05	$2\frac{1}{2}$	Reciprocal	A	yes yes
Indiana	65	Jan. 2	16	.06		Reciprocal	Â	yes
lowa	R	Dec. 1	16b	.06	2 2	Reciprocal	A	yes
Kansas	70	Jan. 1	16b	.05	2	3	A	yes
Kentucky Louisiana	60 60	Dec. 29 Dec. 1	$16^{+}_{15}$	.07	3 2 3	Reciprocal	A	6
Maine	60	Dec. 1 Dec. 25	$\frac{15}{15+}$	.07 .07	2	90 days Reciprocal	A	yes
Maryland	50	Mar. 1	157 16hk	.07	3 2	Reciprocal 30 days	A A-D	no
Massachusetts	40	Jan. 1	16	.055	.051/2	Reciprocal	C A-D	no .
Michigan	65	On issue	16bi	.06	3	90 days	Ă	yes
Minnesota	60	Nov. 15	15†	.05		Reciprocal	Α	no <sup>2</sup>
Mississippi	60 65	Nov. 1	17d	.07	22	30 days	Α	no <sup>5</sup>
Missouri Montana	$65 \\ 65$	On issue Jan. 2	16d 15	$.03 \\ .07$		Reciprocal	A	yes
Nebraska	65 65	Jan. 2 Jan. 1	15 15½e	.07	•••	30 days Reciprocal	A A	yes
Nevada		June 1	15%20 16h	.07	$\frac{1}{2}$	Recipiocal	A A	yes yes
New Hampshire	50	Mar. 1	16d	.05	<i>2</i> •••	Reciprocal	A A-B	no
New Jersey	50	On issue	17	.04		Reciprocal	A-D	yes
New Mexico		Dec. 15	16	.06	i	90 days	в	yes
New York		Jan. 1	18a	.04		Reciprocal	C-D	no
North Carolina North Dakota		Jan. 1 Nov. 1	16† 16b	.07 .06	$\frac{1}{2}$	Reciprocal	C	yes
Ohio.		Mar. 1	166 160	.06	$\frac{2}{3}$	Reciprocal Reciprocal	A-D A	yes
Oklahoma		Dec. 11	16b	.065	2	60 days	A	yes yes
Oregon	55	On issue	16b	.06		3	Α	yes
Pennsylvania	50	Mar. 15	18†a	.05	3	Reciprocal	Α	yes
Rhode Island		Mar. 1	16k	.04	3	Reciprocal	A	no
South Carolina.		Sept. 16	$\frac{14}{15}$	.07	$\frac{3}{2}$	90 days	A	no
South Dakota		Jan. 1 Mar. 1	15 16b	$.06 \\ .07$	23	60 days 30 days	A A	yes
Texas		Feb. 1	16bi -	.07	1.1	Reciprocal	A	yes yes
Utah		Dec. 15	16	.06	2	Reciprocal	Â	yes yes
Vermont	50	Mar. 1	18a	.05		Reciprocal	Α	no <sup>5</sup>
Virginia		Mar. 15	15f	.06		60 days	A-B	yes
Washington		Jan. 1	16	.065	31/3	Reciprocal	A	yes
West Virginia.		June 1	16 16b	.06	2	90 days	A	yes
Wisconsin		On issue Dec. 1	16b 15h	.06 .05	$\frac{2}{2}$	Reciprocal 90 days	A	yes
Wyoming	00	Dec. 1	101	.00	4	90 days	<u>A</u>	yes

<sup>1</sup>Applies to nonresidents. The term "reciprocal" means that the state will extend to a nonresident the identical privileges granted by his home state to nonresident motorists. In some states visitors must register within a specified time. In most states persons who intend to reside permanently must buy new plates and secure new driving license at once, or within a limited period. Acquisition of employment or placing children in public school is often considered intention to reside permanently. "Required for initial registration of vehicle previously registered in another State. "Until expiration of home registration. "Three months before current registration expires. "Upon transfer of title, selier must file memorandum with State.

Three months before current registration expires.
<sup>4</sup>Upon transfer of title, seller must file memorandum with State.
<sup>4</sup>Bill of sale must be filed.
<sup>4</sup>Visitor's permit required after 10 days.
A. Modern "security" and "Future proof" type.
B. Uninsured Motorist Coverage
(a) Jr. p'mt 16. (b) Jr. p'mt 14. (c) 14-16 need parent lie. sig. and under 18 need par.
(ic, sig. (d) Jr. p'mt 15. (e) 15½-16 need acc. by lie. op. and permit. (f) Exc. cert.
cities. (g) Jr. p'mt 15. (h) Under 21, need par. lie. sig. (l) 16-18 applicant must have completed driver training course. (k) Minor must file proof of financial responsibility.
License issued under age 18 must be signed by parent or guardian.

81

# **GESTATION AND REPRODUCTION TABLE**

	Proper age for	Period of power of repro-	No. of females		od of gesta id incubati	
	first mating	duction in years	for one male	Shortest days	Mean days	Longest days
Mare Stallion	3 yrs.	10 to 12 12 to 15	20 to 30	325	336	<b>3</b> 52
Cow	18-24 mos.	10 to 14		235	282	300
Bull. Ewe Ram.	12-18 " 18 " 12-14 "	10 to 12 6 7	30 to 40 35 to 45	145	147	152
Sow	9 "			110	114	120
Boar	9" 18"	6 6 6	8 to 12	147	151	155
She Goat He Goat	$18 \\ 18 $ "	0 5	20 to 30	147	101	155
Ass	3 yrs.	10 to 12		356	367	<b>37</b> 8
Jack	$\frac{4}{18-24}$ mos.	12 to 15	20 to <b>3</b> 0	309	315	325
Bitch	16-18 "	8 8 8		58	63	67
Dog	12-16 " 12 mos.	86		58	60	64
She Cat He Cat	12  mos. 12	10	6 to 8	08	00	04
Doe Rabbit	6"	5 to 6		25	30	35
Buck Rabbit	6 "	5 to 6 5 to 6	30 12 to 18			
Hen	Ū	5 to 6	12 00 10	19	21	24
Turkey				24	26	30
Duck				28	30	32 33
Goose				27	30	33
Pigeon				$\frac{16}{25}$	18	20 30
Pea Hen Guinea Hen				20 20	28 2 <b>3</b>	30 25
Swan				40	42	45
Hen or Duck's				40	42	40
Eggs				<b>2</b> 2	30	34
Robin's Eggs				13	16	19

# REPRODUCTIVE CYCLE IN FARM ANIMALS

	Reoccurs if incl. He not Bred (I		ial Cycle eat Period Days)	In He	eat for	Usual Time of Ovulation	
	(Days)	Ave.	Range	Ave.	Range		
Mare	16	21	10-37	5-6 days	1-37 days	24-48 hours before end of estrus	
Sow	19	21	18-24	2-3 days	1-5 days	Usually second day of estrus	
Ewe	15	16	14-20	30 hours	20–42 hours	1 hour before end of estrus	
Goat	19	20	12-25	36-48 hours	20- <b>80</b> hours	Near end of estrus	
Cow	20	19–20	16-24	16-20 hours	8-30 hours	14 hours after end of estrus	
Bitch	180	24		21–28 days			
Cat	120			<b>3</b> -12 days			

Courtesy F. N. Andrews - Purdue University

# LOOK for Rupture Help

Try a Brooks Patented Air Cushion appliance. This marvelous invention for most forms of reducible rupture is GUAR-ANTEED to bring YOU heavenly confort and security, day and night, at work and at



play, or it costs you NOTHING! Thousands happy. Light, neat-fitting. No hard pads or springs. For men, women, and children. Durable, cheap. Sent on trial. Not sold in stores. Beware of imitations. Write for Free Book on Rupture, no-risk trial order plan, and Proof of Results.

BROOKS APPLIANCE CO. 55 State St., Marshall, Mich.

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Make Money in Full or Spare Time without Experience and without Putting Upa Penny

Just send me your name and I'll rush you PREPAID these full-size packages of famous Blair Home Products: Cosmetics. Flavorings, Foods, etc. Make money introducing to friends, neighbors. Special bargains, valuable premiums, spectacular offers put you into a successful business of your own overnight. You don't need experience, and I give you credit. Assortment of full-size products for free trial ready! Send no money. Write BLAIR. Dept. 348CA, Lynchburg, Va.

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Diaries, letters, Revolutionary War, Civil War, Literary and Western. Also Western paintings (oil or water color). Please give complete descriptions.

> Howard S. Mott — Books Sheffield, Mass.

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NOW, by courtesy of Wells, Fargo, we are privileged to offer a limited edition of exact facsimiles of the authentic original rare "REWARD POSTERS." Unique collector's items, they make picturesque decorations to display in your den and recapture the exciting adventure and raw violence of the Old West. 12 posters, all different at 50 cents each, or the entire set of 12 posters for only — while the supply lasts. PIONEER PRESS Harriman, Tennessee

# New Chemical Crystals CURLS, WAVES HAIR

Without Permanent Wave Solutions

As natural looking as if you were born with it, your hair can be radiant with beautiful curls and waves without permanent waving solutions, without sprays, lacquers or sticky gums. Just one application of safe easy new chemical crystals and your hair develops fascinating waves and curls so soft so nat-



and curls so soft, so natural to the toucb. And most important, your lovely curls and waves will look as glamourous the 7tb day as the 1st. Yet the cost is only pennies a treatment!

JUST COMB IN Simply stir a spoonful of these amazing KASACURL HAIR WAVING CRYSTALS in a glass of water. Dip in your comb and comb thru your hair and put up your hair using your regular curlers or pins. In the morning you'll thrill to gleaming curls and waves as perfect as naturally curly hair.

INTRODUCTORY OFFER Not yet in stores, enough KasaCurl

Not yet in stores, enough Rasacuri Hair Waving Crystals to curl and wave the hair of 8 women and girls is offered by mail for only \$1 plus Tax. If C.O.D. postage extra. Satisfaction guaranteed or return jar when empty for money back. Kasa-Curl is the hair waving discovery charm-conscious women have been awaiting for years so rusb you your order today.

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## "RAIN, HAIL & BAKED BEANS"

New kind of cookbook! Written by Duncan MacDonald, food expert, and Robb Sagendorph, weather authority. Tells how recipes and weather "go together." Any bookstore . . . \$3.95 or Yankee, Inc., Dublin, New Hamp., U.S.A.

83

# Is "iron-hungry blood making you only half"a woman

Are You So Run-Down You **Con't Give Your Husbond Real Companionship?** Then Discover The Wonderful **Blood-Strengthening Action** of This Special Iron Tanic for Womenl

How tragic when a woman feels so tired, so run-down, she can't be a real companion to her husband. Luckily, it's often due to "Iron-Hungry Blood" (\*simple iron de-ficiency anemia). Then it's need-less to suffer this awful weariness. Now, a wonderful iron tonic can help relieve this condition...thus renew your vitality. It's Lydia E. Pinkham's Tablets, the only blood enriching iron tonic that's made especially for women!

Rich in iron, Pinkham's Tablets start to strengthen "Iron-Hungry

Blood" in one day! Thus quickly help build rich, red blood...to restore strength and energy so you feel fine again fast! Pinkham's unique formula can also bring blessed relief from functionallycaused monthly cramps and "Hot Flashes" of change-of-life. No wonder so many women use Pinkham's Tablets all through their lives!

If "Iron-Hungry Blood" has left you weak, run-down—only "half" a woman-get Pinkham's Tablets from druggists. See if you don't soon feel "all" woman again!

# to Heal Swollen **Pile Tissues** while you shrink them!

In doctors' tests, remarkable Stainless Pazo® did more than just "shrink" pile tissues. Pazo stops pain, itching in minutes! Medically-proved formula also promotes healing of inflamed tissues -all without surgery! For real comfort, get Stainless Pazo Suppositories or Ointment at druggists. Get immedate symptomatic relief or money back!

No Surgery Needed FALSE TEETH

## **STAY TIGHT**

For months with amazing new soft plastic sheet liner. Quickly eases sore gums, giving you lasting comfort-eat anything. Easy to use-

pure-harmless. Ends daily bother with stickums that don't last. Fills out hollows, making your mouth look and feel younger. Gentle soft pink PLASTI-CUSHION will hold dentures tighter longer than anything you ever tried or your money back. Save money and time—send only \$2. for average year's supply or ask for circular.

Plasti-Cushion, Box 85 (OF-59) East Broad, Elyria, O.

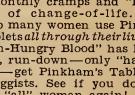
## DERMO-G... The Amazing Skin Ointment "A MUST IN EVERY HOME"

DERMO-G is an efficient, non-injurious preparation for superficial skin irri-tations. It is invisible and does not stain and is applied without bandages! DERMO-G is recommended by physicians and chiropodists and is used in many leading hospitals. DERMO-G brings blessed relief from PIMPLES, POISON IVY, DIAPER RASH, ATHLETE'S FOOT, HOUSEHOLD BURNS and PILES. Recommended for children. DERMO-G works wonders and is guaran-teed to do what it says or your money back. Sample, 25c; Trial Size, \$1.00; Economy Size, \$3.00. All prices prepaid.

DERMO-G, Inc.

NEW YORK, N. Y. 15 MIDDLE ST., MANCHESTER, N. H.





# Postal Lams

85

Including provisions, June 10, 1958 of the New Postal Rate & Pay Act.

First Class Matter may be forwarded from one Postoffice to another without additional postage but other matter must have new postage. Insufficient postage F1NE, 5 cents.

Government Postal Cards, each. Stamped 4 cent Envelopes No. 8—100—\$4,76, 500—\$23.80, 1000—\$47.60. Business Reply Cards 5 cents, Business Reply 1 oz. letters six cents. .03

NEWSPAPERS AND PERIODICALS. — SECOND CLASS. Entire Newspapers or Magazines containing notice of second class entry when mailed by public unsealed, 2 cents for 1st two ounces, 1 cent each added 1 oz. Fourth Class Rate applies when it is lower than Second Class.

Rate applies when it is lower than Second Class.
 MERCHANDISE AND MISCELLANEOUS, — THIRD CLASS. (Limit of weight 8 ounces.)
 Merchandise, incomplete copies of newspapers, printed and other mailable matter, unsealed, 2 cents for first two ounces, 1½ cents each add'l ounce-limit 16.
 Identical pleces of third-class matter may be mailed under permit in bulk lots of not less than either 20 pounds or 200 pieces, at the rate of 16 cents a pound, or fraction thereof. In case of circulars, miscellaneous printed matter, and merchandise, 10 cents a pound, or fraction thereof, in the case of books or catalogs having 24 pages or more, seeds, plants, etc., with a minimum charge of 2 cents a piece in either case. Apply to postmaster for permit. The bulk mailing fee is \$20 per calendar year.
 Minimum charge for pieces of odd size or form, 6 cents.
 Books, catalogs mailed in packages not exceeding 8 oz. in weight (must be of 24 or more pages and substantially bound, with at least 22 pages printed, seeds, cuttings, bulbs, roots, scionstand plants, 2 ounces or fraction 2 cents, actent added 2 oz. 2 cents, 2 ounces and 1½ cent for each additional 2 oz. Limit sixteen ounces.
 PARCEL POST. — FOURTH CLASS.

PARCEL POST. — FOURTH CLASS. (For Zone consult Post Office) Catalogs and Similar Printed Advertising Matter, in bound form having 24 or more pages, weighing over 8 ounces but not exceeding 10 pounds.

ZONES	Local	1st & 2nd	3rd	4 th	5th	$6  ext{th}$	7 th	8th
lst Lb.	12c	13c	14c	15c	17c	18c	19c	20c
Each Add. 1/2Lb.	(C) 0.75	1.5	2	2.5	3.25	4	5	6
Exception 1st	or 2nd zone.	where shortes	st regul	ar mail	route is	300	miles or	more.

Exception: 1st of 2nd 2one, where shortest regular main four is soo miles of more, third class rate applies.
 Books: 9 cents for the first pound or fraction thereof and 5 cents for each additional pound or fraction thereof—24 or more pages permanently bound, not to exceed 70 pounds in weight. Also includes music, recordings, author's mss.
 Library Books: 4 cents for the first pound of fraction thereof and 1 cent for each additional pound or fraction thereof—library Books: or associations not organized for profit. Also includes ptd. music, bound there is recordings and other library materials.

theses, recordings, and other library materials. Everything over 8 ounces, including books and printed matter, except First Class and newspapers and other periodicals entered as Second Class matter mailed by the

**Veight Limits:** 70 lbs. and 100 inches combined length and girth—except between 1st Class postoffices (Postmaster has list) where limits are: In zones 1 and 2, 40 lbs. with 72 inch combined length and girth, other zones 20 lbs. and 72 inch combined length and girth. Parcels over 84 but under 100 inches combined length and girth charged as 10 pounds. Weight Limits:

Weight in Pounds	LOCAL	<b>1-2</b> Up to <b>1</b> 50 miles	<b>3</b> 150 to 300 miles	$\begin{array}{c} 4\\ 300 \text{ to}\\ 600\\ \text{miles} \end{array}$	5 600 to 1000 mlles	$\begin{array}{c} 6\\ 1000 \text{ to}\\ 1400\\ \text{miles} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 7\\1400 \text{ to}\\1800\\\text{miles} \end{array}$	8 Over 1800 miles
1	\$0.18 .20	\$0.23 .27	\$0.23 .29	\$0.24 .31	\$0.26 .36	\$0.28 .40	\$0.30.46	$\$0.32 \\ .51$
$\frac{\overline{2}}{3}$	.20	.31	.34	.38	.45	.52	.61	.69
4	.23	.35	.39	.45	.54	.64	.76	.87
5	.24	.39	.44	.52	.63	.76	.91	1.05
6 7	.26	.43	.49	.59	.73	.88	1.06	1.23
7	.27	.47	.54	,66	.83	1.00	1.22	1.41
8 9	.29	.51	.60	.73	$.91 \\ 1.00$	$\substack{1.12\\1.24}$	$\substack{1.37\\1.52}$	$\begin{array}{c}1.59\\1.77\end{array}$
10 9	30 .32	$.55 \\ .59$	$.65 \\ .70$	$.80 \\ .87$	$1.00 \\ 1.10$	$1.24 \\ 1.36$	$1.52 \\ 1.67$	1.95
					1.19	1.48	1.82	2.13
$11 \\ 12$	.33 .34	$.63 \\ .67$	$.75 \\ .80$	$.93 \\ 1.00$	1.28	$1.40 \\ 1.60$	1.98	$\tilde{2.31}$
13	.36	.71	.85	1.07	1.37	1.72	$\hat{2.13}$	2.49
14	.37	.75	.90	1.14	1.47	1.84	2.28	2.67
15	.39	.79	.96	$1.21_{}$	1.56	1.96	2.43	2.85
16	.40	.83	1.01	1.28	1.65	2.08	2.58	3.03
17	.42	.87	1.06	1.35	1.74	2.20	2.74	-3.21
18	.43	.91	1.11	1.42	1.84	2.32	2.89	$\frac{3.39}{5.77}$
19	.45	.95	$\substack{1.16\\1.21}$	$^{1.49}_{1.56}$	$\substack{1.93\\2.02}$	$\substack{2.44\\2.56}$	$3.04 \\ 3.19$	$\frac{3.57}{3.75}$
20	.46	.99		1.50 ned on Pa		2.00	0.15	0.10

(Continued on Pag



# 86 Oh, what relief

# **NEW Soft Plastic Gives** Snug Fit to FALSE TEETH

# **Give Months of Comfort**

Amazing cushion-soft STIX Liners quickly relieve sore, tender gums. You can eat anything! Laugh and talk without embarrassment! Plates stay firmly in place. STIX is easy to apply, clean, remove. Molds gently to gums; never hardens. No more messy powders or pastes. No more ill-fitting plates.

# "MY FALSE TEETH NEVER FELT SO GOOD"

Prove to yourself that STIX soft plastic liners will give your mouth instant new comfort. THOU-SANDS OF DELIGHTED USERS have made this discovery. Join them! STIX liners are good for either uppers or lowers. MONEY BACK IF NOT SATISFIED. Mail \$1 for 2 STIX liners, 10c postage & handling.



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STIX PRODUCTS, INC., Dept. A59 330 S. Dearborn St., Chicago 4, Ill.

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Are you growing too old too fast? Are FRAYED NERVES, CONSTANT TIREDNESS, NEURITIS-LIKE PAIN, HEADACHES, TEN-SION and DEPRESSION robbing you of the pleasures of life? You can feel good again! The coupon below can be the answer to your problems. Send it now and get your FREE SAMPLE of a wonderful new formula that is making life worth living for thousands of folks just like yourself. No obligation. No salesman will call. Fill out coupon and mail at once. A VALUABLE FREE SAMPLE will be sent to you. Use it! And in only 3 days you'll discover what it's like to feel really good again.

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! 	Please send me FREE SAMPLE of your new formula.
	Name
i	Address
	CityState



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Special Delivery: First Class Mall: Each piece under 2 lbs.—30c; over 2 up to 10—45c; over 10 lbs.—60c. Same for air, incl. air p.p. Parcel Post: Up to 2 lbs.—45c; over 2 up to 10—55c; over 10 lbs.—70c. Special Handling: Parcel Post only: Up to 2 lbs.—20c; over 2 lbs. up to 10—35c; over

10 lbs.-50c.

10.108.—500.
(This service expedites mail but does not include special delivery.) **Registered Mail:** Up to \$10.00 indemnity—500; over \$10.00 up to \$100.00—75c; over \$100.00 up to \$200.00—\$1.00; over \$200.00 up to \$400.00—\$1.25; over \$800.00 up to \$1000.00—\$2.00. There are special surcharges when declared values exceed indemnities —see local Postmaster about these.
Insured Mail: Third and Fourth Class Only: Indemnity up to \$10.00—10c; over \$100.00 up to \$50.00—20c; over \$50.00 up to \$100.00—30c; over \$100.00 up to \$200.00

40c.

-40c.
C. O.D.: Indemnities up to \$5.00, Registered 80c; Not reg. 30c; over \$5.00 up to \$10.00-Registered 80c, Non Reg. 40c; over \$10.00 up to \$25.00-Reg. \$1.10, Non Reg. 60c; over \$25.00 up to \$50.00-Reg. \$1.10, Non Reg. 60c; over \$25.00 up to \$50.00-Reg. \$1.20, Non Reg. 80c. (These rates may have changed-query Postmaster.)
Money Orders: Limit for each is One Hundred Dollars. If amount of money order is from 1c to \$5.00 the fee is 15c; from \$5.01 to \$10.00 the fee is 20c; from \$10.01 to \$100.00 the fee is 30c.
Certified Mall: First class only having no value; add 20c to postage plus (a) 10c for ret. receipt showing to whom and when del'd; (b) 35c for whom, when, and address where del'd. Inquiry fee 25c. Obtain blank coupons from Postmaster.

## AIR MAIL: On United States Continent

Letters: Seven cents per ounce. Postals five cents each. Air Mall Parcel Post (Correspondence may be included in package). Weight limits and sizes same as Surface Mail.

		ZON	ES			
Weight 8 oz. up to 1 pound Each added pound	1, 2, 3 \$0.60 .48		5 \$0.70 .56	6 \$0.75 .64	7 \$0.75 .72	\$0.80 .80

## **POSTAL RATES:** International

Letters: Surface rate: To Canada and Mexico 3c per ounce or fraction; to all other countries

So for the first ounce and 4c each additional ounce or fraction. **Postcards**: Surface rate: To Canada and Mexico, 2c each, 4c with reply paid. To all other countries 4c each, 8c with reply paid. Maximum size 6x4¼ inches, minimum size 4x2¼ inches. Printed Matter.—2 cents for first two ounces or fraction thereof, 1½c each additional

2 oz.

Eight-ounce Merchandlse Packages .- Packages of merchandise weighing 8 ounces or

Light-ounce Merchandlse Packages.—Packages of merchandise weighing 8 ounces or less, for the countries named in the table below, 3 cents for first 2 ounces and 2c each additional 2 oz. Do not seal. Mark—''May be Opened for Inspection.''
Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Canada, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Guatemala, Halti, Honduras (Republic), Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Salvador, El; Spain and possessions; Uruguay, Venezuela.
Small Packets.—Three cents for first 2 ounces, and 2c for each additional 2 oz., with a minimum charge of 20 cents per packet. Limit of weight 2 pounds, 3 ounces. Dimensions: Same as for letters. (Inquire at main office or classified stations for list of countries which accept small packets and malling instructions.)
Parcel Post.—Basic rate 45c first pound, 22c each additional pound. For detailed information consult your local Postmaster.
Registration, Insurance, Return Recelpts—For detailed information concerning these services, consult your local Postmaster.

these services, consult your local Postmaster.

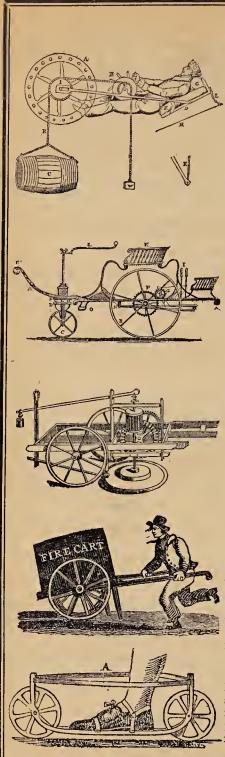
## AIR MAIL: U.S. (Outside Continent) and International

AIR MAIL: U.S. (Outside Continent) and International
(Air letter sheets, 10c each to all countries.)
(Air mail post cards (single), 10c each to all countries except Canada and Mexico, 4c, and St. Pierre and Miquelon, 8c.)
Letters and Letter Packages
A. 6 cents: (Per ounce) Canada, Mexico: APO and FPO addresses and U.S. possessions.
B. 10 cents: Central and South America. West Indies, and Bermuda, 10-½ oz.
C. 15 cents: Great Britain, Europe and other Islands in waters around it. U.S.S.R., Vatican City, Algeria, Egypt, Iceland, Libya, Morocco, Tunis, Turkey .15-½ oz.
Weight limit is 4 lbs., 6 oz. except: Canada, 60 lbs.

## OTHER INTERNATIONAL AIR SERVICE

Because of the varying rates and conditions, as well as frequent changes, applicable to other countries, it is important that a qualified postal employee handle parcel post trans-actions. Weight limits vary from 11 to 44 lbs.

1. Commercial		u Matter, etc.,	2. Parcel Po	st
Samples (Uns	ealed)	Ea. Add'l 2 oz.	First 4 oz.	Ea. Add'l 4 oz.
From U.S. to:	First 2 oz.		\$1.00	\$0.41
England	\$0.41	\$0.20	1.22	.44
France	.42	.21		.43
Belgium	.42	.21	1.98	
Italy	.45	.24	1.08	.50
Sweden	.45	.24	.85	.49
	.52	.31	1.35	.64
Egypt	.02	•••		



# Early Inventions

The Mechanic's Magazine, October 11, 1823 set forth with drawings (herewith) and descriptions many early inventions, the origins of which seem worth preserving here. Beginning with the top drawing to the left we see a proposed application of human strength to the greatest possible advantage; feet, arms, legs, and back being brought to bear against the lifting of the barrel.

Next, is the so-called "Pedomotive Carriage" which travelled the highways at 8 miles per hour propelled only by the two levers seen at the rear, carrying the operator and two other passengers. Mr. K. W., the Welsh inventor, remarks of his invention, "I found my expenses greater than my receipts and was thus forced to give it up."

Rotary mowers, all the rage today, were evidently not unknown over 150 years ago. This one, pulled by horses, has six horizontal scythes in the rotary, driven by various cogs attached to a fixed axle, left cart wheel and free moving right cart wheel placed about a foot to the rear of the left one.

The fire cart contains six "engines," each one charged with an antiphlogistic fluid. The successive discharge of these "engines" was designed to hold the fire until the regular engines arrived. Pearl ash dissolved 20 to 1 with water enabled the cart to carry the equivalent of 1½ tons of common water extinguishment value.

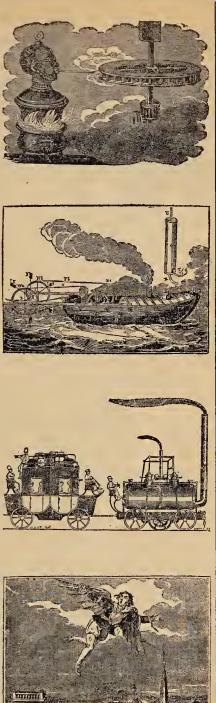
Finally, on this page, the velocipedestrian attached this instrument (wheels about six inches diameter) to one foot, and pushed with the other. "Suitable for any tolerably smooth road."

A volume by Giovanni Branca, published in Italy, carried this drawing of the first steam eugine, the invention of which the English attributed to is Marquis of Worcester as of 1663 while a prisoner in the Tower of London. This device, with safety valve, blew steam hard give enough at the wheel to motion to two mortar pestles.

The first steamboat originated Dec. 21, 1736, with one Jonathan Hulls. The latter issued a pamphlet in 1737 to the effect that it was unfortunate that anyone advancing a new and useful scheme for the benefit of the public often met with only "ridicule and contempt."

This first railway proposal (published in 1823) states that the upkeep of the 100,000 horses then needed for stage coaches was costing close to fifteeu million dollars a year. A railway would eliminate, for instance the 25 changes of the four horses (100 horses in all) to carry a coach from London to Edinburg. A cog rail was to be placed between two iron rails to "impel by steam power the caravans, and coaches." waggons, This would exclude the use of horses and thereby preserve the railroads from "the destruction and continual delapidation attendent upon the use of horses."

This engraving of John Baptist Dante (relative of the poet) by Craig and Sears reveals man's first successful "imitation of the fowls of the air." Dante fitted a pair of wings so exactly to his body he could fly. After several flights over Lake Traseminus, he took off before the assembled citizenry of Perugia — only, through the failure of one of the wings, to "fall on a church steeple and break his thigh." The date, not given, we take it was in the early 1700's.





## GLOSSARY OF ASTRONOMICAL TERMS, ETC.

Aph. — Aphelion . . . Planet revolving about Sun reaches point in its orbit farthest away from the Sun.

Apo. — Apogee . . . Moon reaches point in its orbit farthest from Earth.

Conj. — conjunction . . . moment of closest approach to each other of any two heavenly bodies.

declination (see top left hand calendar pages)... measure of angular distance any celestial object lies perpendicularly north or south of celestial equator. Exactly analogous to terrestrial latitude. OFA gives declination at time each day the Sun is due South.

El. — elongation . . . apparent angular distance of a member of the solar system from the Sun as seen from the Earth.

Inf. — Inferior . . . Inferior conjunction is when the Planet is between the Sun and the Earth.

Moon Runs High or Low . . . day of month Moon Souths highest or lowest above the horizon.

**Opposition . . .** time when Sun, and Moon or Planet appear on opposite sides of the sky (elongation 180 degrees).

Peri. - Perigee . . . Moon reaches point in its orbit closest to Earth.

Peri. — Perihelion . . . Planet revolving about the Sun reaches point in its orbit closest to Sun.

R.A. — Right Ascension . . . the measure Eastward along the celestial equator of any celestial body from the vernal equinox to the point where the circle which passes through the object perpendicular to the celestial equator intersects the latter.

Stat. — stationary . . . when the apparent movement of a Planet against the background of Stars stops — just before same comes to opposition.

Sunrise and Sunset... visible rising and setting of Sun's upper limb across the unobstructed horizon of an observer whose eyes are 15 feet above ground level.
Sun Fast... the times given in this column must be subtracted from your Sun Dial to arrive at the correct time.

Sup. — Superior . . . Superior Conjunction is when the Sun is between the Planet and the Earth.

Twilight . . . begins or ends when stars of the sixth magnitude disappear or appear at the Zenith — or the Sun is appr. 18 degrees below the horizon.

Underground Moon . . . one which changes its phases between 12 M. and 1 A.M.



NEW

**DEN-SHUR CUP** 

Unique Hygienic Den-

ture Bath. Highly en-

dorsed by leading Dentists. Unbreakable

plastic, spill-proof lid. Holds one or two den-

tures safely. Perfect for

### WELCOME THE NEW BABY

Colorful 9" stoneware plate carries Junior's full name, design, date of birth, city, hour of birth, and exact weight. (Illustrated with

a clock and a scale) — all hand-painted under glaze and fired in for permanence. A gift they'll cherish for years. Send necessary information; safe delivery guaranteed. 4 weeks delivery. \$4.25 postpaid. No C.O.D.'s.



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A preparation having many uses and recommended by doctors since 1906.

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Contains Menthol, Camphor, Eucalyptol, Methyl Salicylate, Boric Acid, and Petrolatum.

All Ingredients U.S.P.

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Nice gift for any Almanac fan the best in the OFA since 1792. 306 pages — \$5.00 Any bookstore or YANKEE, INC. Dublin, N. H., U. S. A.

(Mail orders filled same day)

HEARING BA

... then you'll be happy to know how we have improved the hearing and relieved those miserable ear noises, caused by catarrh of the head, for thousands of people (many past 70) who have used our simple Elmo Palliative Ho me Treatment. This may be the answer to your



the answer to your prayer. NOTHING TO WEAR. Here are SOME of the symptoms that may likely be causing your catarrhal deafness and ear noises: Head feels stopped up from mucus. Dropping of mucus in throat. Hawking and spitting. Mucus in nose or throat every day. Hearing worse with a cold. Hear — but don't understand words. Hear better on clear days. Worse on rainy days. Ear noises like crickets, bells, whistles, clicking, escaping steam or others. If your condition is caused by catarrh of the head. you, too, may enjoy wonderful relief such as others have reported during our past 20 years. WRITE TODAY FOR PROOF OF RELIEF AND 30 DAY TRIAL OFFER.

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Get Yourself FIXED FOR LIFE in the Big Pay Shoe Business! It's no trick at all to make big money - FULL OR SPARE TIME-with America's most comfortable shoes! Amazing new "Spring-Step" cushion invention proves it by actual demonstration. Only ORTHO-VENT has it! Orders are sure and easy with the most amazing 2-minute demonstration in the history of the shoe business. Everything, including actual cut-a-ways, furnished free! Be the big-pay ORTHO-VENT man in your territory. Write TODAY! **ORTHO-VENT SHOE CO.** 

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I GIVE PRODUCERS THEIR OWN SHOES AS BONUS!

## **OLD-FASHIONED** PUZZLES

For Answers see page 107

### **Central Syncopations and** Remainders

Each of the words described contain five letters and the syn-copated letters, placed in order here given, spell a kindly phrase. 1. Syncopate continued pains and leave units on cards or dice. 2. Syncopate a step for ascending and leave a commetion 2 Srn

and leave a commotion. 3. Syn-copate very swift and leave a sudden invasion. 4. Syncopate desires and leave instruments used by farmers. 5. Syncopate the sur-name of the author of "Home Sweet Home" and leave a sheet of glass. 6. Syncopate a weapon of warfare and leave to fasten with a string. 7. Syncopate "the staff of life" and leave a kind of nail. 8. Syncopate pledges and leave shallow dishes. 9. Syncopate the surname of an able American general, sometimes called "Mad Anthony," and leave to decrease. 10. Syncopate a pointed weapon and leave part of a ship. 11. Syn-copate the sea-shore and leave the price paid. 12. Syncopate re-strains and leave young animals of a certain kiud.

ТΙ

## Easy Cross-Word Enigma

My first is in jug, but uot in bottle; My second in valve, but not in

throttle; My third is in pine, but not in oak:

My fourth is in fun, but not in joke

My fifth in naughty, and not in good;

My sixth in breakfast, but not in food

My seventh in trays, but not in dishes.

My whole is a time to exchange good wishes.

## III

## Numerical Enigma, For Wee Puzzlers

My whole has eight letters and names a big animal. My 1-2-2 is a measure of length. Iu my 2-3-7-8 comes the day for hot cross-buns. My 4-3-8 is to fondle. My 5-6-8 is for the head is for the head.

## IV

## **Double Acrostic**

Complete the following sen-tences with words, each of which is to contain as many letters as there are stars printed in its place. These words, in the order given, form the double acrostic. The initials spell the name of a famous American philosopher; the finals, what he was called in London ou account of his temperance principles. Each of the sentences, when complete, describes one of his characteristics.

I. In argument he was hard to \*\*\*\*. 2. Few on \*\*\*\*\* have won wider fame, 3. His \*\*\*\* was uni-versally honored. 4. His conversation was not like the chatter of a \*\*\*\*\*\*\*. 5. The \*\*\*\*\* of wine never tempted him. 6. He was an inventor of much \*\*\*\*\*. 7. His \*\*\* was roused by dishonest prac-tices. 8. He \*\*\*\*\* was intoxicated. 9. In argument he sent off an opponent with "a \*\*\*\* in his ear." 10. He used no \*\*\* nor brandy. 11. He was not afraid to \*\*\*\*\* for the right. 12. He \*\*\*\*\* scorned those who were unfortunate. 13. He was as firm as a Turkish \*\*\*\*, when he took his stand. 14. He was noted for \*\*\*\*\*\*\* sentences. 15. His mind grasped and held an value. 16. His death was mourned by a \*\*\*\*\*.

### Anagrams: Famous Poems and Their Authors

In the following anagrams, the letters of the titles of the poems are not mingled with the letters which form the authors' names: thus, Ether Van, by Deau Rolla "The Peag, is an anagram on "The Raven," by Edgar Allan Poe. 1. Her India Dress, by Athan

Coburn Ashmead. 2. The Egg of Heibright Ca-thedral, by Fenton S. Darnley. 3. How The Elf Hated Forest,

by

3. How The En Hatta y Wilbur Allyn McAltine. 4. Music of Merry Poet, by Celia C. Ray

5. Stoket Children at School, by Rowland Worthney Howell.

## VΙ

## Three Numerical Diamonds

$egin{array}{ccccccc} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 5 & 5 \end{array}$	3 4 5 5
---	---------------

I. 1. In March. 2. A covered carriage. 3. A pioneer's dwelling. 4. A large wooden box. 5. In cachinnation.

II. 1. In March. 2. What Marcus Brutus was. 3. Land belonging to a nobleman. 4. A negative con-nective. 5. In March.

III. 1. In March. 2. A vehicle. 3. A measure of weight. 4. A rodent. 5. In frost.

## STATE EXTENSION DIRECTORS

Consult these n know the answer	nen about your garden and farm problems. They rs. Courtesy Lester A. Schlup, Director, Division of ums, U.S. Dept. of Agr. Washington 25, D.C.
Information Progra	
Alabama:	P. O. Davis, Ala. Polytechnic Institute, Auburn.
Alaska:	A. H. Mick, Agr. Exp. Sta., Palmer. *A. S. Buswell, A.D., Univ. of Alaska, College.
Arizona:	J. W. Pou. University of Ariz., Tucson.
Arkansas:	L. S. Ellis, College of Agriculture, University of Ark., Fayetteville.
	*C. A. Vines (A. D.), 421 W. Capitol Ave., Little Rock.
California:	G. B. Alcorn, College of Agriculture, University of Cal., Berkeley 4.
Colorado:	J. E. Morrison, Col. State University, Fort Collins.
Connecticut:	W. B. Young, University of Conn., Storrs. *H. M. Hansen (A.D.) — Same address.
Delaware:	C. M. Worrilow, University of Del., Newark.
Florida:	M. O. Watkins, Horticultural Bldg., University of Fla., Gainesville.
Georgia:	W. A. Sutton, College of Agriculture, University of Ga., Athens.
Idaho:	J. E. Kraus, College of Agriculture, University of Idaho, Moscow.
	*C. O. Youngstrom (A.D.), 317 N. 8th St., Boise.
Illinois:	L. B. Howard, College of Agriculture, University of Ill., Urbana.
Ter Alexan	*W. G. Kammlade (A.D.) - Same address.
Indiana:	L. E. Hoffman, Purdue University, Lafayette.
Iowa:	F. Andre, Iowa State College of Agriculture, Ames. *M. A. Anderson (A.D.) — Same address.
Kansas:	H. E. Jones, Kansas State College, Manhattan.
Kentucky:	<ul> <li>H. B. Price (A.D.), College of Agriculture, University of Ky., Lexington 29.</li> <li>E. J. Nesius (A.D.) — Same address.</li> </ul>
Louisiana:	H. C. Sanders, La. State University, Baton Rouge 3.
Maine:	G. E. Lord, College of Agriculture, Univ. of Me., Orono.
Maryland:	P. E. Nystrom, University of Md., College Park.
Massachusetts:	J. W. Dayton, University of Mass., Amherst.
Michigan:	P. A. Miller, Mich. State University, E. Lansing.
Minnesota:	S. Rutford, University of Minn., St. Paul 1.
Mississippi:	C. Tylo Migg Stoto University, Of Minn., St. Paul 1.
	C. Lyle, Miss. State University, State College. *M. S. Shaw (A.D.) — Same address.
Missouri:	J. W. Burch, College of Agriculture, University of Mo., Columbia.
Montana:	T. S. Aasheim, Mont. State College, Bozeman.
Nebraska:	<ul> <li>W. V. Lambert, College of Agriculture, University of Nebr., Lincoln.</li> <li>*E. W. Janike (A.D.) - Same address.</li> </ul>
Nevada:	T E Adoma University of New D
New Hampshire:	J. E. Adams, University of Nev., Reno.
New Jersey:	S. W. Hoitt, University of N. H., Durham.
New Jersey.	<ul> <li>W. H. Martin, State College of Agriculture, Rutgers University, New Brunswick.</li> <li>*J. B. Fawcett (A.D.) — Same address.</li> </ul>
New Mexico:	<ul> <li>R. H. Black, N. M. College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts, State College.</li> <li>*A. E. Trivitz (A.D.) - Same address.</li> </ul>
New York:	M. E. HIVITZ (A.D.) — Same address.
North Carolina:	<ul> <li>M. C. Bond, N.Y. State College of Agriculture, Ithaca.</li> <li>D. S. Weaver, N. Car. State College, P. O. Box 5157, Raleigh.</li> </ul>
North Dakota:	
Ohio:	E. J. Haslerud, N. Dak. Agricultural College, Fargo. W. B. Wood, College of Agriculture, Ohio State
Oklahoma :	University, columbus 10.
Oklahoma: Oregon:	L. H. Brannon, Okla. State University, Stillwater. F. E. Price, Ore. State College, Corvallis. *F. L. Ballard (A.D.) — Same address.
	r. D. Danaru (A.D.) — Same address.

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-rennsylvania: Rhode Island: South Carolina: South Dakota: Tennessee: Texas: Utah: Vermont: Virginia: Washington: West Virginia: Wisconsin: Wyoming: *All general corr Director).	<ul> <li>H. O. Stuart, Univ</li> <li>G. B. Nutt, Clemso</li> <li>G. I. Gilbertson, S</li> <li>V. W. Darter, Color of Tenn., Box</li> <li>J. E. Hutchison, T.</li> <li>C. Frischknecht, Inculture and A</li> <li>R. P. Davison, Coor of Vt., Burling</li> <li>L. B. Dietrick, Va.</li> <li>*W. H. Daugherty</li> <li>C. A. Svinth, State</li> <li>J. O. Knapp, Col. of</li> <li>H. L. Ahlgren (University of</li> <li>G. H. Starr, Colleg, Wyo., Larami</li> </ul>	Polytechnic Inst., Blacksburg. (A.D.) — Same address. Col. Wash., Box 328, Pullman. Agri., W. Va. Univ., Morgantown. A.D.), College of Agriculture, Wis., Madison 7. ge of Agriculture, University of
Such SAFE Reducible Inguinal RUPTURE: Rupture-Gard makes you more comfortable two ways — in body, because no pressure grips you — in mind, because no pressure grips you — in mind, because nupture feels so safely supported Rupture-Gard is suspend form the waist. Double of firm molded faom rul a pair of hands — move how sharply you move. W trouser-belt. 30-day tri antee. Order today = \$9.5 waist measure.	ded beer holds rupture like swith body, no matter Vashable: adjustable as al: money-back guar- b6 postpaid – just give	<b>ARTHRITIS?</b> I have been wonderfully blessed in being restored to active life after being crippled in nearly every joint in my body and with muscular soreness from head to foot. According to medical diag- nosis I had Rheumatoid Arthritis and other forms of Rheumatism. For FREE information on how 1 obtained this wonderful relief write: MRS. LELA S. WIER 2805 Arbor Hills Drive-64 P. O. Box 2695 Jackson 7, Mississippi
PETERS PE	UN JOHN JO	Cypher Contest Winners Winners of the Contest announced Page 110 1958 OFA are: First Prize—\$25.00—Mrs. A. L. Monkiewicz, Berlin, Mass.: "There's just no DROUGHT about it, With a Worthington 'rain-maker'." Second—\$15.00—Mrs. Dorothy H. Matley, Swansea, Mass.: "Increase the yield of your field, With a Worthing- ton miracle-maker." Third-\$5.00—Mrs. Lester Cilley, Bangor, Maine: "Worthington's irriga- tion system is a sure crop maker." For this year, the money goes (1st, \$25.00—2nd, \$15.00—3rd, \$5.00) for the best one line rhyme to the solution of Cypher 66—1, 2 Contest closes July I, 1959. No entries returned all become property of Yankee, Inc. Case of tie place money lumped and divided, Staff of YANKEE final judge. Winners announced 1960 OFA. Address Cypher Contest, Yankee, Inc., Dublin, N. H.



## WEATHER TABLE,

## For foretelling the Weather through all the lunations of each year, forever.

This table, and the accompanying remarks, are the result of many years' actual observation, the whole being constructed on a due consideration of the attraction of the sun and moon, in their several positions respecting the earth, and will, by simple inspection, show the observer what kind of weather will most probably follow the entrance of the moon into any of its quarters, and that so near the truth as to be seldom or never found to fail.

This weather table will answer very well for anywhere in the United States. It is taken from the 1849 issue of The Old Farmer's Almanac and was widely used before the advent of the Weather Bureau.

The weather forecasts as given on pages 8 and 9 and on the right hand pages of the Farm Calendars, 17 through 39 are strictly for Boston and East of the Hudson River. These forecasts contain elements which rise in the proximity of this region to the sea and to the paths of tropical storms. The application of these forecasts to middle western, western, and southern regions will not bring any reasonable degree of accuracy. However, for a rough rule of thumb if you insist on using the forecast on pages 8, 9, 17–39, you may subtract one day for each time zone West of the Hudson to compensate for the Easterly path of continental storms. For every hundred miles north or south of 42 degrees latitude, add a five degree temperature (colder if north, warmer if south) differential and for every 1000 feet above sea level consider your locality as five degrees cooler than the weather as given.

## WEATHER TABLE FOR ANYWHERE

Moon	Time of Change	In Summer	In Winter
	From Midnight to 2 A.M.	Fair	Hard frost, unless wind be S. or W.
ull ne.	From 2 A.M. to 4 A.M.	Cold, with frequent showers	Snow and stormy
rter, ful happens	From 4 A.M. to 6 A.M.	Rain	Rain
rte har	From 6 A.M. to 8 A.M.	Wind and Rain	Stormy
13	From 8 A.M. to 10 A.M.	Changeable	Cold Rain if wind be W.; Snow if E.
n, 1st qu quarter	From 10 A.M. to Noon	Frequent Showers	Cold & high wind.
moon, last qı	From Noon to 2 P.M.	Very rainy	Snow or rain.
	From 2 P.M. to 4 P.M.	Changeable	Fair & mild.
new or	From 4 P.M. to 6 P.M.	Fair	Fair.
If the moon,	From 6 P.M. to 8 P.M.	Fair — if wind N.W. Rain — if S. or S.W.	Fair & frosty if wind N. or N.E.: Rain or snow if wind S. or S.W.
	From 8 P.M. to 10 P.M.	Same as from 6 P	.M. to 8 P.M.
1	From 10 P.M. to Midnight	Fair	Fair & frosty.

Observations. — 1. The nearer the moon's changes, first quarter, full, and last quarter are to midnight, the fairer will it be during the next seven days. 2. The space for this calculation occupies from ten at night till two next morning. 3. The nearer to midday, or noon, the phases of the moon happen, the more foul

or wet weather may be expected during the next seven days. 4. The space for this calculation occupies from ten in the forenoon to two in the afternoon. These observations refer principally to the summer, though they affect

afternoon. These observations refer principally to the summer, though they affect spring and autumn nearly in the same ratio. 5. The moon's change, first quarter, full and last quarter, happening during six of the afternoon hours, i.e., from four to ten, may be followed by fair weather; but this is mostly dependent on the wind, as is noted in the table. 6. Though the weather, from a variety of irregular causes, is more uncertain in the latter part of autumn, the whole of winter, and the beginning of spring, yet, in the main, the above observations will apply to those periods also. 7. To prognosticate correctly, especially in those cases where the wind is con-cerned, the observer should be within sight of a good vane, where the four cardinal noints of the heavens are correctly placed.

points of the heavens are correctly placed. The above table was originally formed by Dr. Herschell, and is now published with some alterations founded on the experience of Dr. Adam Clarke.

## TO THE WEATHER-WISE

Dr. Foster, of Bruges, who is well known as a meteorologist, declares that, by jour-nals of the weather kept by his grandfather, father, and himself, ever since 1767, to the present time, whenever the new moon has fallen on a Saturday, the following twenty days have been wet and windy, in nineteen cases out of twenty.

## USE THIS ALMANAC ANYWHERE IN THE U.S.A

The times given on the left hand calendar pages (16 to 38) are calculated (every astronomer must have some starting place) exactly for the latitude (42 deg. 22 min. north) and longitude of Boston and in EASTERN STANDARD TIME which is the time of the 75th meridian West of Greenwich, England.

To overcome the difficulties of presenting one almanac which shall be useful not only for the spot where the astronomer is standing but also for other places, it has been customary to present three or four extra latitude columns — which at best give but a small measure of the desired accuracy. The Old Farmer's Almanac adopted a unique, copyrighted system of its own some years ago whereby the times as given may be corrected for wherever you happen to live by the use of the Almanac Data tables on pages 100 and 101.

Opposite the times given on the left hand calendar pages (16-38) for each day in the year for the Rising and Setting of the Sun, Moon and Planets you will find a capitalised letter of the alphabet. Turning to pages 100 and 101 you will find columns for each of these letters as well as a number of cities listed. If you live in one of those cities, simply read off the minus or plus number of minutes in the column under the alphabetical letter and correct the times given on pages 16-38.

If your city is not listed, choose two cities within the same time zone as your locality which lie on either side of your town. Interpolate between the corrections figures given for each key letter for each of these cities respectively and enter the result for your town below. The net figures resulting from this modification will be those to use in correcting the Almanac figures for Boston to get the standard times for your town.

For example, to find the corrections for Peoria, Ill., one finds that Peoria lies about halfway between Indianapolis and Des Moines. Thus the correction for the key letter "A" at Peoria would lie about halfway between those given in the table for Indianapolis and Des Moines ( $\pm 12$  and  $\pm 34$  respectively) and would be about  $\pm 23$ . Or, by way of a second illustration, Concord, N. H., lies about one-eighth of the way from Portland, Me., to Pittsburgh, Pa., and the correction for the key letter "O" would lie about one-eighth of the way from the correction for Portland ( $\pm 29$ ) and would be  $\pm 5$ .

	A m	B m	C m	D m	E m	F m	G m	H m	I m	J m	K m	L m	M m	N m	0 m	P m	Q m	Ð
YOUR TOWN Lat. Lo.																		

## HOW TIMES ARE CONVERTED FOR YOUR TOWN

Sunrise and Sunset. The times of sunrise and sunset at Boston on April 10 are read directly from columns 4 and 6 on page 22. The key letters adjacent to these times, in columns 5 and 7, are indices to the table on pages 100-1 whereby the times of sunrise and sunset at Boston are converted into those for other key cities, to wit:—

	BOSTON	PITTSBURGH, PA.
Sunrise	5.12 A.M.E.S.T.	Sunrise (Boston) 5.12 A.M.E.S.T.
Key Letter	G	Correction (Column G, page 101) +:38
		unrise (Pittsburgh) 5.50 A.M.E.S.T.
Sunset Key letter	6:20 P.M.E.S.T. K	Sunset (Boston) 6.20 P.M.E.S.T. Correction (Column
		K, page 100) +:33

Sunset (Pittsburgh) 6.53 P.M.E.S.T.

Sun Fast. The column headed "Sun Fast" is of primary use to sundial enthusiasts. The figures therein tell how fast on each day the time indicated by a property adjusted and graduated sundial will be of the time indicated by a clock. On April 11 sun time in Boston will be 15 minutes Fast of Eastern Standard Time. The time indicated by a sundial located elsewhere than in Boston is converted to clock time y applying two corrections, the "Sun Fast" correction for Boston and that for the locality given in Column I of the table on page 100 or 101.

Length of Day. The figures in the column headed "Length of Day" give directly the length of time the Sun will be above the horizon at Boston. The length of day in other localities is found by subtracting the time of sunrise from that of sunset for each locality. (See Sunrise and Sunset above.)

	S		

### Length of day 13h 11m (From calendar page 22, April 11.)

PITTSBURGH, PA. Sunset (Pittsburgh) 6.53 P.M. Sunrise (Pittsburgh) 5.50 A.M.

Length of Day

13h 2m

Moonrise and Moonset. The procedure for finding the times of moonrise and moonset follows that for finding those of sunrise and sunset except that the constant additional correction taken from Column 3 on pages 100, 101 must be applied.

	BOSTON	PITTSBURGH
Moonrise Key letter	9.42 P.M. E.S.T.	Moonrise (Boston) 9.42 P.M. Correction (Col-
April 25	*JT.	umn M, page 100) +:31 Correction (Col-
Page 22		umn <b>3</b> , page 100) +:01
Moonset Key Letter	6.49 A.M. E.S.T.	Moonrise (Pittsburgh) 10.41 P.M., E.S.T.
Log Lotter	1	Moonset (Pittsburgh) 7.30 A.M. E.S.T.

The other information concerning the Moon contained on the left hand Almanac pages applies without correction throughout the United States.

Moon Souths. It will be noted that this year this Almanac has omitted the usual "Moon Souths" column in favor of including full continuous columns (pages 16-38) on both "Moonrise" and "Moonset". The "Moon Souths" column seemed to serve but little purpose except that of an astrological nature; to wit, at what time the moon is in the astrological sign indicated in the next to last column pages 16-38. On the other hand, the extra moonrise and moonset information would seem to be in some demand—especially among fishermen. The "Moon Souths" times are easily calculated, however, from information given on page 7.

Risings and Settings of the Planets. The times of the rising and setting of the naked eye Planets with the exception of Mercury are given for Boston in the table on page 10. The procedure for converting these times to those of other localities follows that for converting the times of sunrise and sunset given on page 98.

Dawn and Dark. The approximate times dawn will break and dark descend are found by applying the length of twilight taken from the table below to the times of sunrise and sunset given on the calendar pages. The latitude of the locality determines the column of the table from which the length of twilight is to be selected.

	BOSI (Latitude 42		oril 10	PITTSBU (Latitude 4	
	Sunrise Subtract length of twilight (Column	5.12 A.M.		Sunrise (see pg 98) Subtract length of twilight (Column	
	3 of table)	1:39		3 of table)	1.39
	Dawn breaks Sunset Add length of twi-	3.33 A.M.E.S.T. 6.20 P.M.	•	Dawn breaks Sunset (see pg 98) Add length of twi-	4.11 A.M., E.S.T. 6.53 P.M.
	light	1:39		light	1:39
	Dark descends	7.59 P.M.E.S.T.	•	Dark descends	8.32 P.M., E.S.T.
1	light			light	

#### LENGTH OF TWILIGHT

Subtract	from t	ime of s	sunrise	for dawn.
Add	to time	of suns	et for	dark.

Latitude	25°N to 30°N	31°N to 36°N	37°N to 42°N	43°N to 47°N	48°N to 49°N
Jan. 1 to Apr. 11 Apr. 11 to May 3 May 3 to May 15 May 15 to May 26 May 26 to July 23 July 23 to Aug. 4 Aug. 4 to Aug. 15	$\begin{array}{c} h m \\ 1 20 \\ 1 23 \\ 1 26 \\ 1 29 \\ 1 32 \\ 1 29 \\ 1 29 \\ 1 26 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} h m \\ 1 26 \\ 1 28 \\ 1 34 \\ 1 38 \\ 1 43 \\ 1 38 \\ 1 38 \\ 1 34 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c} h m \\ 1 33 \\ 1 39 \\ 1 47 \\ 1 52 \\ 1 59 \\ 1 52 \\ 1 47 \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} h \ m \\ 1 \ 42 \\ 1 \ 51 \\ 2 \ 02 \\ 2 \ 13 \\ 2 \ 27 \\ 2 \ 13 \\ 2 \ 02 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} h & m \\ 1 & 50 \\ 2 & 04 \\ 2 & 22 \\ 2 & 42 \\ \hline \\ 2 & 42 \\ 2 & 22 \end{array}$
Aug. 15 to Sept. 6 Sept. 6 to Dec. 31	$     \begin{array}{c}       1 & 23 \\       1 & 20     \end{array}   $	$ \begin{array}{r} 1 & 28 \\ 1 & 26 \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{c}       1 & 39 \\       1 & 33     \end{array}   $	$\begin{array}{ccc}1&51\\1&42\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc}2&04\\1&50\end{array}$

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ISIN S. A. 16-38	B F	Almanac	$\begin{array}{c} +++38\\ ++13\\ ++12\\ ++28$
A. NND RISING IN U. S. A. 7, 10 ,16-38.)	B K		$\begin{array}{c} + + 5 \\ + + 5 \\ - + 5 \\$
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MANAC DATA — ALL POINTS IN U.S.A. OF SUNRISE, SUNSET, MOONRISE, MOONSET, AND RISING AND SETTING TO WITHIN 5 MIN. ACCURACY ANYWHERE IN U. S. A. preceding page 98. Column keyletters refer to pages 7, 10, 16-38.)	н	these minutes to	$\begin{array}{c} +++53\\ ++++23\\ +++23\\ +++33\\ ++16\\ -7\\ -7\\ -7\\ -7\\ -7\\ -7\\ -7\\ -7\\ -7\\ -7$
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\* Scaled from maps.

101

# TIDE CORRECTIONS

To obtain the time and height of high water at any place, apply the differences in accordance with the sign given to the daily predictions for Boston (Commonwealth Pier). Where a value in the "height difference" column is preceded by an\*, the height at Boston should be multiplied by this ratio.

neight at Doston should be multiplied	i by this rati	10.		
Time Hei	ht [	T	'ime Hei	ght
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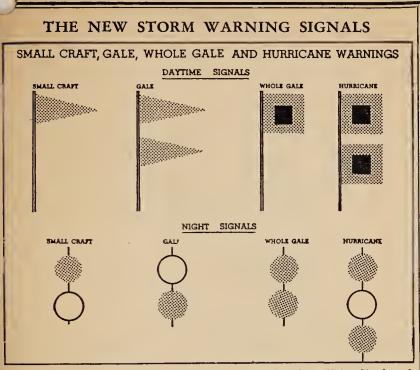
**Example:** The figures for Full Sea in Columns 11 and 12 of the left hand Almanac pages 16-38 are the times of high tide at Commonwealth Pier in Boston Harbor. The heights of these tides are given on the right hand pages 17-39. The heights are reckoned from Mean Low Water: each day has a set of figures—upper for the morning—and lower for the evening. The conversion of the times of the tides at Boston to those of Miami is given by way of illustration.

Example: Apr. 16. See page 22, column 10, for time; page 23 for height. BOSTON High Tide (from page 22) 4.45 A.M.E.S.T. April 16 High tide (Boston) Correction above -3 00

Height (from page 23) 9.0 feet

High tide (Boston) Correction above High tide (Miami) Height (Miami) (9.0 x 0.3) 4.45 A.M. <u>--3.00</u> 1.45 A.M.E.S.T. 2.7 feet

102



- EXPLANATION: The above storm warning signals will be displayed in the event of danger at most important Coast Guard Stations. Bases and Depots on all United States seacoasts during the day and at many during both day and night.
- SMALL CRAFT WARNING: One red pennant displayed by day and a red light over a white light at night to indicate winds up to 38 miles an hour (33 knots) and/or sea conditions dangerous to small craft operations are forecast for the area.
- GALE WARNING: Two red pennants displayed by day and a white light above a red light at night to indicate winds ranging from 39 to 54 miles an hour (34 to 48 knots) are forecast for the area.
- WHOLE GALE WARNING: A single square red flag with a black center displayed during daytime and two red lights at night to indicate winds ranging from 55 to 73 miles per hour (48 to 63 knots) are forecast for the area.
- HURRICANE WARNING: Two square red flags with black centers displayed by day and a white light between two red lights at night to indicate that winds 74 miles per hour (64 knots) and above are forecast for the area.

BROADCAST SCHEDU AND WARNINGS BY	LES OF MARINE	AARINE WEATHER FORECASTS RADIOTELEPHONE STATIONS
Boston, Mass. WOU		Daily 5:20 am & pm 6:20 am
,		11:20 am & pm. 2522 Daily 7:15 am & pm.

SPECIAL	AND	HURRICANE	WARNING	BROADCASTS
OL LICITOR				

Boston, Mass. Boston, Mass.	NMF WOU	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm KC} \\ 2694 \\ 2506 \\ 2450 \end{array}$	On receipt and at 11:20 am or pm. On receipt and 30 minutes past each odd hour while the warning is in effect.
New York, N. Y. New York, N. Y.	NMY WOX	$2662 \\ 2522 \\ 2590 \\ 2482 $ -	On receipt and at 11:50 am or pm. On receipt and at 15 minutes past each odd hour (winter) and even hour (summer) while the warning is in effect.

## Tables of Measures

Apothecaries

- 1 scruple=20 grains
- 1 dram=3 scruples 1 ounce=8 drams
- 1 pound=12 ounces

#### **Avoirdupois**

- 1 pound=16 ounces
- 1 hundredweight=100 pounds
- 1 ton=20 hundredweight=
- 2000 pounds
- 1 long ton=2240 pounds

#### Cubic Measure

1 cubic foot=1728 cubic inches
1 cubic yard=27 cu. feet
1 register ton (shipping measure)
=100 cubic feet
1 U. S. shipping ton=40 cu. ft.
1 cord=128 cubic feet
1 U. S. liquid gallon=4 quarts
=231 cubic inches
1 imperial gal.=1.20 U. S. gals.
=0.16 cubic feet
1 board foot=144 cubic inches

#### Dry Measure

- 2 pints .....=1 quart (qt.)
- 4 quarts .....=1 gallon (gal.) 2 gallons or 8 quarts .....}=1 peck
- 4 pecks .....=1 struck bushel

#### Household Measures

- 120 drops water=1 teaspoon
- 60 drops thick fluid=1 teaspoon
- 2 teaspoons=1 dessertspoon 3 teaspoons=1 tablespoon
- 16 tablespoons=1 cup 1 cup= $\frac{1}{2}$  pt. 1 cup water= $\frac{1}{2}$  lb. 4 tablespoons flour=1 oz.

- tablespoons butter=1 oz.
- 3 teaspoons soda=½ oz. 4 teaspoons baking powder= 1/2 OZ.
- 2 cups granulated sugar=1 lb.
- 2½ cups confectioners' sugar= 1 lb.
- 2½ cups wheat flour=1 lb. 3½ cups whole wheat flour= 1 lb.
- 2½ cups buckwheat flour=1 lb.
- $5\frac{1}{3}$  cups coffee=1 lb.  $6\frac{1}{2}$  cups tea=1 lb.
- 2 cups lard=1 lb. 2 cups butter=1 l cups butter=1 lb.
- cups corn meal=1 lb.
- 2 cups powdered sugar=1 lb. 2 cups brown sugar=1 lb. 2 cups raisins=1 lb.
- cups currants=1 lb.
- 9 eggs=1 lb.

#### Linear Measure

- 1 foot=12 inches
- yard=3 feet
- 1 rod=5½ yards=16½ feet 1 mile=320 rods=1760 yards=
  - 5280 feet
- 1 U. S. nautical mile=6076.1033
- feet
- 1 knot=1 nautical mile per hour 1 furlong=1% mile=660 feet= 220 yards
- 1 league=3 miles=24 furloars 1 fathom=2 yards=6 feet 1 chain=100 links=22 yards 1 link=7.92 inches

- 1 hand=4 inches
- 1 span=9 inches

#### Liquid Measure

- 4 gills=1 pint (O.) 2 pints=1 quart (qt.) 4 quarts=1 gallon (gal.) 63 gallons=1 hogshead (hhd.) 2 hogsheads=1 pipe or butt
- 2 pipes=1 tun

#### Square Measure

- 1 square foot=144 square 1 sq. yard=9 sq. feet 1 sq. rod=30¼ sq. yards= 272¼ sq. feet 10560 sq. ft. 1 acre=160 sq. rods=43560 sq. ft.
- 1 sq. mile=640 acres= 102400 sq. rods 1 sq. rod=625 square links 1 sq. chain=16 square rods
- 1 acre=10 square chains

#### Troy

- (Used in weighing gold, silver, jewels)
- 1 pennyweight=24 grains
- 1 ounce=20 pennyweight 1 pound=12 ounces

#### Metric

- 1 inch=2.54 centimeters
- 1 meter=39.37 inches
- 1 yard=0.914 meters 1 mile=1609 meters=
  - 1.61 kilometers
- 1 sq. inch=6.45 sq. cm.

- 1 kilogram=2.20 pounds
- 1 pound avoirdupois=



#### CLASSIFIED

#### COLLECTORS

OLD STAMPS WANTED, I will pay \$100.00 each for 1924 1c green Franklin stamps, rotary perforated eleven (up to \$1000.00 each unused). Send 20c for large lilustrated folders showing amazing prices paid for oid stamps, coins, and collections. Baker Stamps, 203-OF59, Oradell, New Jersey.

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TERRIFIC STAMP BARGAIN! Israel-Teeland-Vatican Assortment-Plus Exotic Trlangle Set-Also Fabulous British Colonlal Accumulation-Plus Large Stamp Book-All Four Offers Free-send 10c to Cover Postage. Empire Stamp Corp., Dept. OB, Toronto, Canada.

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#### MISCELLANEOUS

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#### OUR MAN IN THE MOON

#### (Continued from Page 48)

for their entire planet. There are cities here and there of weird temples, all with landing platforms at each apartment for my winged

temples, all with landing platforms at each apartment for my winged friends. These are mostly yellow metal. Aud, strangely enough, ani-mals and people live and mingle together freely. One of my newly made friends is a tall white stag with ebony antlers. He brings me every evening at sundown a great horn he picked up somewhere and won't go away until I have blown him my version on it of 'taps.' "If you could arrange to get here, Mr. Thomas, I feel certain you could establish a wonderful publication business. None of these people have apparently ever heard of the earth or satellites or H-bombs or DDT or marriage or divorce or automobiles or even of the televisiou, movies or radio. I will, of course, see if I cannot dispatch to you with my next a set of the wings these people have — or perhaps I can persuade one of the more athletic types to fly in for you. In the meanwhile, my fond regards, Yours very truly,

Yours very truly, J. SENECA SMELK"

Editor's Note: It is with no difficulty we accept the above as credible. It verges closely on the supposed findings of Dr. Herschel about the moon published in the New York Sun in 1836. However, in view of recent reports from the American satellites. Explorer I and II, that only 600 miles above the earth there exists an area of intense radiation which no outer space passenger could possibly survive unloss onclosed in heavy lead armor we have our misgings about unless enclosed in heavy lead armor, we have our misgivings about any personal visit on the moon with correspondent Smelk. It is possible, however, that Smelk's moon people have developed an immunity to this radiatiou and have means of adapting it to such as ourselves. This must remain for now purely a matter of conjecture.

#### FULL MOON DAYS - 1959, 1960, 1961, 1962 (Listed below in that order.)

Jan.	24 - 13 - 1,	31 - 20
Feb.	23-12-	- 19
Mar.	24 - 13 - 2,	-21
Apr.	23 - 11 - 1,	30-19
May	22 11	30 - 19
Jun.	20 - 9 -	28 - 18

July	20 - 8 - 27 - 17
Aug.	18 - 7 - 26 - 15
Sept.	17 - 5 - 24 - 14
Oct.	16 - 4 - 23 - 13
Nov.	15 - 3 - 22 - 11
Dec.	15 - 3 - 22 - 11





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#### DOGS KNOW BEST?

For some years now we have enjoyed the companionship of a large mongrel setter retriever called "Chippy." He has rarely been ill in his 14 years but at times has refused his supper for as mauy as 3 nights in a row. In his own way he has cured cuts. bruises, sore paws, and whatever.

During walks in the woods with him we have often noticed his predilection for a meal at rotted stumps. We have seeu him chew and swallow decaying matter in a forest floor. Finally we determined to catch him at this practise and submit the meal or decayed matter similar to it for analysis.

Skinner & Sherman, well known Boston chemists, report thus on our samples:

"These contain bacterium B subtilis and the fungus Aspergillus Flavus. Both are commonly found in all forms of decaying matter and have no unusual nutritional or medicinal properties."

# Saints & Angels

For some years now we have felt this Almanac's readers would enjoy closer association with some of the Saints so often mentioned in its pages.

So in looking over H. P. Brewster's "Saiuts and Festivals" (1904) we have collected a few for this edition. The woodcuts were taken from ancient manuscripts or books in libraries abroad.

#### St. Nicholas

Patron of sailors and schoolboys, this Saint is said to have brought to life three childreu which a mean landlord had carved up in a tub for pickling as pork. Also, he saved three daughters from a sinful course by tossing purses of gold at night into the father's room. Over 375 churches in England are dedicated to him. His day is December 6th. Sometimes he is shown with 3 gold balls, the modern pawnbroker's emblem.



St. Lucy, born with angelic beauty and riches was eventually betrothed against her wishes to a Sicilian pagan. Resistance to his advauces brought her to cut her eyes out of their sockets and send them to him. Her sight once more miraculously restored, she was sentenced to a brothel, to be executed, and to be burnt alive. But noue of these puulshments prevailed, She died a virgin—stabbed in the neck by the Governor's servant. Her day is Dec. 13th.



St. Laurence, of Spanish birth, became a Roman deacon under Sixtus 11. When the latter died, the Saint was accused of hiding church treasures. As he had given these on Sixtus' instructions to the poor, he could not produce them, and was subsequently roasted on a griddle. His famous last words: "See, I am roasted on one side, it is time to turn me over on the other." His day is August 16 . . . is honored with Peter and Paul.



#### Saint Ambrose

As a baby a swarm of bees landed on this Saint's lips, yet brought no harm. Advocate of celibacy, he was a great lover of music and introduced the Ambrosian chant. Tamer of even Emperors, blessed with the gift of prophecy, legends about him are endless. His day, April 4th.



Saint Margaret was cast into prison at an early age for refusing to marry Olybrius, a Roman Governor. Tortured and confined, she was finally tried by the devil who, appearing



as a dragon, swallowed her. She burst forth safely to become the patron of women who call upon her in childbirth. Tortured further, she finally was condemned and executed virgin and martyr. Her day is July 20th.

#### ST. MARGARET.

#### Saint Anne

Mother of the Blessed Virgin, overcame through her prayers, the "curse" of being barren — a great affliction in the view of the ancient Hebrews. Honored since earliest days with her husband, St. Joachim, her day is July 26th.



St. Cecilia, also a virgin martyr, met her death in a boiling cauldron. But not before having converted her husband and his brother to Christianity. She is generally regarded as the patroness of music, as the result of her ability to listen to the singing and music of an angel who left his abodes of bliss to visit with her and in turn hear the harmonious strains of her own music. Dryden alludes to the incident in his "Ode to St. Cecilia's Day," November 22nd.

Saint Michael, chief of the angels, an archangel, bears scriptural mention as a warrior; thrice by Daniel, once by Jude, and once by John. September 29th is the Feast of Saint Michael and All Angels, or Michaelmas Day. There are nine orders of Angels: 1. Councillors, made up of Seraphims, Cherubims, and Thrones; 2. Governors, or dominations, Virtues, and Powers, and 3. Messengers who are Princedoms, Archangels, and just Angels.

ST. CECILIA.







# YOUTHFUL BOXER AT PUNCHING BAG

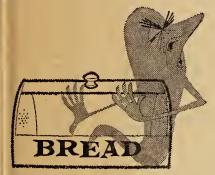
**R**. S.



GET RID OF MUSTY ODOR WITH

**BAKING SODA** 

Swish out oily, clinging film in glass coffee makers. Use 2 tbs. Soda in warm water. A clean pot brews better coffee.



Rinse out stale "food" smells in oread and lunch boxes. Use 2 tbs. Boda to quart of warm water. No uudsy residue, no grit!

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Clean battery terminals Clean film off windshield



Wipe out "icebox" odors. Just sprinkle Soda on a damp cloth and wipe away greasy film germs cling to. Can't scratch enamel!



Sweeten away "bottled-up" odors. Use 2 tbs. Soda, add warm water, shake; rinse. Sanitizes vacuum bottles, all food containers.



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